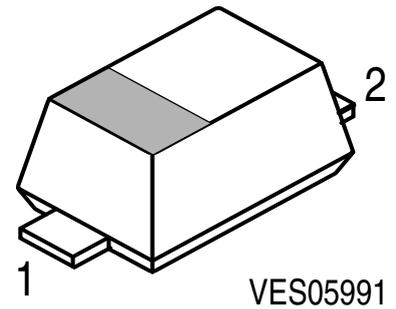


**Silicon Variable Capacitance Diode**

- For VHF/UHF-TV-tuners
- High capacitance ratio
- Low series inductance
- Low series resistance
- Extremely small plastic SMD package
- Excellent uniformity and matching due to "in-line" matching assembly procedure



VES05991

Type	Marking	Pin Configuration			Package
BB 659C-02V inline matched	HH	1 = C	2 = A	-	SC-79
BB 659C-02V unmatched	HH	1 = C	2 = A	-	SC-79

**Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Diode reverse voltage	$V_R$	30	V
Peak reverse voltage, ( $R \geq 5k\Omega$ )	$V_{RM}$	35	
Forward current	$I_F$	20	mA
Operating temperature range	$T_{op}$	-55 ... 150	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{sta}$	-55 ... 150	

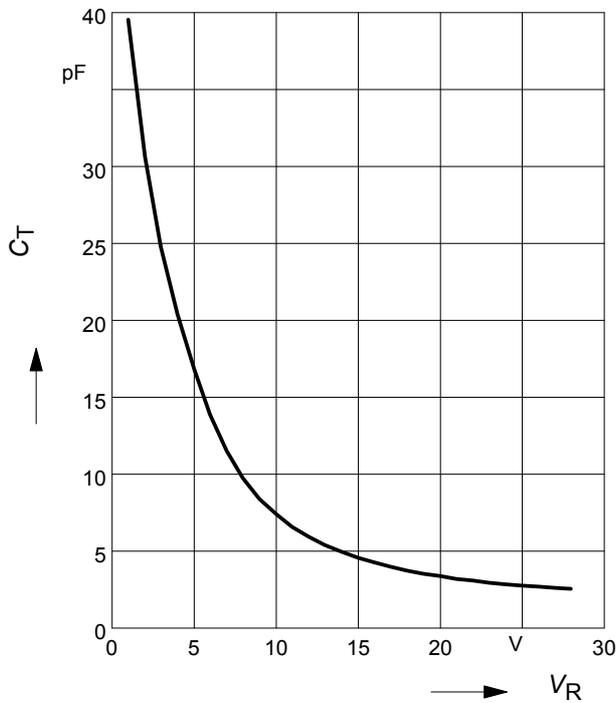
**Electrical Characteristics at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified**

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
<b>DC Characteristics</b>					
Reverse current	$I_R$				nA
$V_R = 30\text{ V}$		-	-	10	
$V_R = 30\text{ V}, T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$		-	-	200	
<b>AC Characteristics</b>					
Diode capacitance	$C_T$				pF
$V_R = 1\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$		36.5	39	42	
$V_R = 2\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$		27	30.2	33.2	
$V_R = 25\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$		2.5	2.72	3.05	
$V_R = 28\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$		2.4	2.55	2.8	
Capacitance ratio	$C_{T1}/C_{T28}$	14.2	15.3	-	-
$V_R = 1\text{ V}, V_R = 28\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$					
Capacitance ratio	$C_{T2}/C_{T25}$	9.5	11.1	-	-
$V_R = 2\text{ V}, V_R = 25\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$					
Capacitance ratio	$\Delta C_T/C_T$				%
$V_R = 1\text{ V to } 28\text{ V}, 1\text{ MHz}, 4\text{ diodes sequence}$		-	0.3	1	
$V_R = 1\text{ V to } 28\text{ V}, 1\text{ MHz}, 7\text{ diodes sequence }^1)$		-	0.5	2	
Series resistance	$r_S$	-	0.6	0.7	$\Omega$
$V_R = 5\text{ V}, f = 470\text{ MHz}$					
Series inductance	$L_S$	-	0.6	-	nH

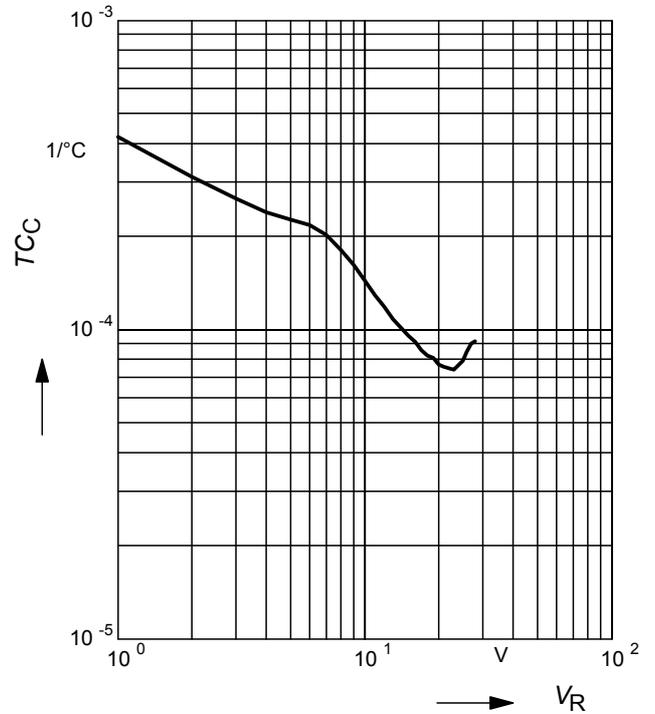
<sup>1</sup>In-line matching. For details please refer to Application Note 047.

**Diode capacitance  $C_T = f(V_R)$**

$f = 1\text{MHz}$

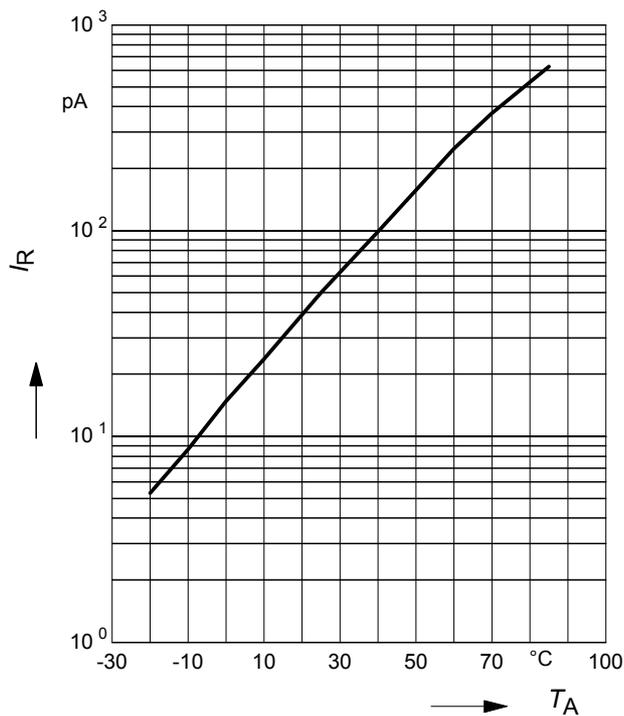


**Temperature coefficient of the diode capacitance  $TC_C = f(V_R)$**



**Reverse current  $I_R = f(T_A)$**

$V_R = \text{Parameter}$



**Reverse current  $I_R = f(V_R)$**

$T_A = \text{Parameter}$

