# FET INPUT HIGH SPEED VOLTAGE FOLLOWER/BUFFER AMPLIFIER 0033

4707 Dey Road Liverpool, N.Y. 13088

(315) 701-6751

## FEATURES:

- · Industry Wide LH0033/EL2005 Replacement
- · Low Input Offset 2mV
- Low Input Offset Drift 25μV/°C
- · FET Input, Low Input Current 50pA
- High Slew Rate 1500V/μS
- · Wide Bandwidth 140MHz
- High Output Current ± 100mA
- Available to DSCC SMD 5962-80014

MIL-PRF-38534 CERTIFIED

## **DESCRIPTION:**

The MSK 0033(B) is a high speed, wide bandwidth voltage follower/buffer amplifier that is pin compatible with all other 0033 designs. The FET input is cascaded to force the input characteristics to remain constant over the full input voltage range. Significantly improved performance in sample and hold circuits is achieved since the DC bias current remains constant with input voltage. The FET input also makes the MSK 0033 very accurate since it produces extremely low input bias current, input offset voltage and input offset voltage drift specifications. Transistion times in the range of 2.5 nS make the MSK 0033 fast enough for most high speed voltage follower/buffer amplifier applications.

# 

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Sample And Hold
- · Impedance Buffers For A to D's
- High Speed Line Drivers
- CRT Deflection Driver

## **PIN-OUT INFORMATION**

- 1 Positive Driver Power
- 2 Supply
- 3 N/C
- 4 N/C
- 5 N/C
- 6 Input Offset Preset

- 7 Offset Adjust
- 8 N/C
- 9 Negative Driver Power Supply
- 10 Negative Power Supply
- 11 Output
- 12 Positive Power Supply

1

## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

$\pm V_{CC}$ Supply Voltage $\pm 20V$ Ts $_{T}$ Storage Temperature Range -65°C	to +150°C
louτ Output Current ±120mA TLD Lead Temperature Range	300°C
V <sub>IN</sub> Differential Input Voltage ±20V (10 Seconds)	
Tc Case Operating Temperature TJ Junction Temperature	175°C
(MSK 0033B)55°C to +125°C RTH Thermal Resistance	65°C/W
(MSK 0033)40°C to +85°C Junction to Case	
Output Devices Only	

## **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Parameter	Test Conditions	Group A	MSK 0033B		MSK 0033				
Parameter	rest Conditions	Subgroup	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
STATIC									
Supply Voltage Range ③	Supply Voltage Range ③ ⑧		±10	±15	±18	±10	±15	±18	V
Quiescent Current	VIN = OV	1	-	±19	±22	-	±19	± 25	mA
INPUT									
Offset Voltage	Short Pin 6 to Pin 7 VIN=0V	1	-	±2.0	±10	-	±5	±15	mV
Offset Voltage Drift	Short Pin 6 to Pin 7 VIN=0V	2,3	-	± 25	±250	1	-	-	μV/°C
Offset Adjust Pin 6	$S = \text{open RPOT} = 200\Omega$ From Pin 7 to Pin 9	1,2,3	Adjust to Zero Adjust to Zero		Zero	mV			
Input Bias Current 9	VcM=0V	1	-	± 50	±100	-	±50	±500	pА
	Either Input	2,3	-	± 2	±10	-	± 2	-	nA
Input Impedance ③	F = DC	-	-	1012	-	-	1012	-	Ω
Power Supply Rejection Ratio ② ±10V≤Vs≤±20V		-	65	75	-	60	75		dB
Input Noise Density ③	F=10Hz to 1KHz	-	-	1.5	-	-	1.5	-	μVRMS
Input Noise Voltage ③	F = 1KHz	-	-	40	-	-	40	-	nV/√Hz
ОUТРUТ									
Output Voltage Swing	$VIN = \pm 14V$ $RL = 1K\Omega$	4	±12	±12.5	-	±12	±12.5	-	V
Output Current	$VIN = \pm 10.5V$ $RL = 100\Omega$	4	±90	±110	-	±90	±110	-	mA
Settling Time to 1% ② ③	2V step	-	-	25	-	-	25	-	nS
Bandwidth (-3dB) ③	$Vin = 1V\text{RMS} \ RL = 1K\Omega$	-	-	140	-	-	140	1	MHz
TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS									
Slew Rate	Vout = ± 10V	4	1000	1500	-	1000	1500	-	V/μS
Voltage Gain	$Rs = 100\Omega$ $Vin = 1Vrms$ $F = 1KHz$	4	0.97	0.99	-	0.95	0.98	-	V/V

2

## **NOTES:**

- Unless otherwise specified ±VCC = ±15 VDC.
   Measured within a high speed amplifier feedback loop.
   Devices shall be capable of meeting the parameter, but need not be tested. Typical parameters are for reference only.
   Industrial grade devices shall be tested to subgroups 1 and 4 unless otherwise specified.
   Military grade devices ('B' suffix) shall be 100% tested to subgroups 1,2,3 and 4.

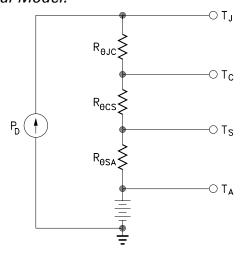
- (a) Subgroup 5 and 6 testing available upon request. (b) Subgroup 1,4 TA = Tc = +25°C TA = Tc = +25°C TA = Tc = +125°C Subgroup 2,5  $T_A = T_C = -55$  ° CSubgroup 3,6
- 8 Electrical specifications are derated for power supply voltages other than  $\pm 15 \text{VDC}$ .
- Measurement made 0.5 seconds after application of power. Actual DC continuous test limit is 2.5 nA at 25 °C

## **APPLICATION NOTES**

## **HEAT SINKING**

To determine if a heat sink is necessary for your application and if so, what type, refer to the thermal model and governing equation below.

## Thermal Model:



## Governing Equation:

$$T_J = P_D \times (R_{\theta JC} + R_{\theta CS} + R_{\theta SA}) + T_A$$

## Where

 $T_J = Junction Temperature$ 

PD = Total Power Dissipation

 $R_{\theta JC} = Junction to Case Thermal Resistance$ 

Recs = Case to Heat Sink Thermal Resistance

R<sub>0</sub>SA = Heat Sink to Ambient Thermal Resistance

Tc = Case Temperature

TA = Ambient Temperature

Ts = Sink Temperature

## Example:

This example demonstrates a worst case analysis for the buffer output stage. This occurs when the output voltage is 1/2 the power supply voltage. Under this condition, maximum power transfer occurs and the output is under maximum stress.

## Conditions:

 $Vcc = \pm 16VDC$ 

 $Vo = \pm 8Vp$  Sine Wave, Freq. = 1KHz

 $RL = 100\Omega$ 

For a worst case analysis we will treat the  $\pm 8 \text{Vp}$  sine wave as an 8 VDC output voltage.

1.) Find Driver Power Dissipation

PD = (Vcc-Vo) (Vo/RL)

 $= (16V-8V) (8V/100\Omega)$ 

= 640mW

2.) For conservative design, set  $T_J = +125\,^{\circ}C$  Max.

3.) For this example, worst case TA = +80 °C

4.) ReJC =  $65\,^{\circ}$  C/W from MSK 0033B Data Sheet

5.) Recs = 0.15 °C/W for most thermal greases

6.) Rearrange governing equation to solve for Resa

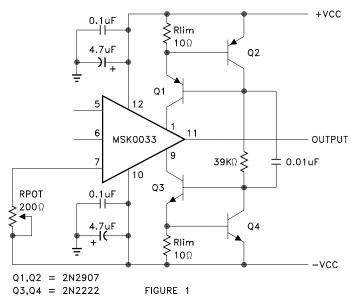
Resa =  $((T_J - T_A)/P_D) - (R_{\theta}J_C) - (R_{\theta}C_S)$ =  $((125 ^{\circ}C - 80 ^{\circ}C) / .64W) - 65 ^{\circ}C/W - .15 ^{\circ}C/W$ = 70.3 - 65.15

= 5.2°C/W

The heat sink in this example must have a thermal resistance of no more than  $5.2\,^{\circ}$  C/W to maintain a junction temperature of no more than  $+125\,^{\circ}$  C.

## OFFSET VOLTAGE ADJUST

See Figure 1. To externally null the offset voltage, connect a  $200\Omega$  potentiometer between Pins 7 and 10 and leave Pin 6 open. If offset null is not necessary, short Pin 6 to Pin 7 and remove the  $200\Omega$  potentiometer. Do not connect Pin 7 to -Vcc.



## CURRENT LIMITING

See Figure 1. If no current limit is required, short Pin 1 to Pin 12 and Pin 9 to Pin 10 and delete Q1 thru Q4 connections. Q1 through Q4 and the Rlim resistors form a current source current limit scheme and current limit resistor values can be calculated as follows:

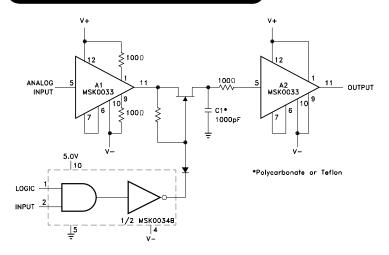
$$+ Rlim \cong Vbe \over lsc$$
  $-Rlim \cong Vbe \over lsc$ 

Since current limit is directly proportional to the base-emitter voltage drop of the 2N2222's and 2N2907's in the current limit scheme, the current limit value will change slightly with ambient temperature changes. The base-emitter voltage drop will decrease as temperature increases causing the actual current limit point to decrease.

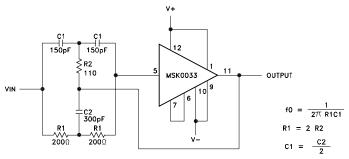
## POWER SUPPLY BYPASSING

Both the negative and the positive power supplies must be effectively decoupled with a high and low frequency bypass circuit to avoid power supply induced oscillation. An effective decoupling scheme consists of a 0.1 microfarad ceramic capacitor in parallel with a 4.7 microfarad tantalum capacitor from each power supply pin to ground.

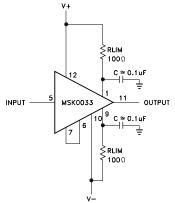
## **TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**



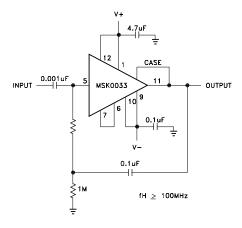
HIGH SPEED SAMPLE AND HOLD



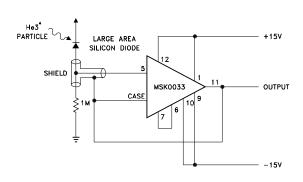
4.5MHz NOTCH FILTER



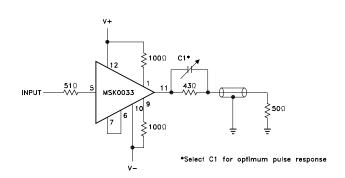
MSK0033 USING RESISTOR CURRENT LIMITING



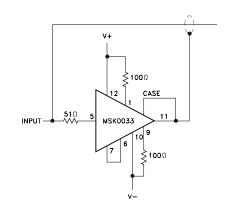
HIGH INPUT IMPEDANCE AC COUPLED AMPLIFIER



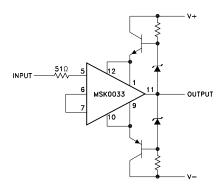
NUCLEAR PARTICLE DETECTOR



COAXIAL CABLE DRIVER

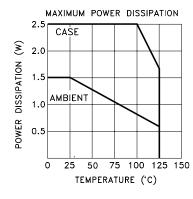


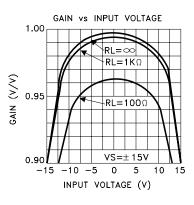
INSTRUMENTATION SHIELD/LINE DRIVER

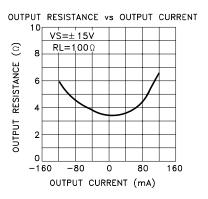


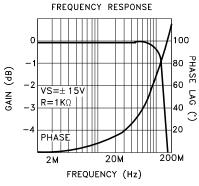
BOOTSTRAPPED SUPPLIES FOR HIGH VOLTAGE APPLICATIONS

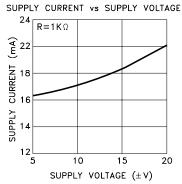
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

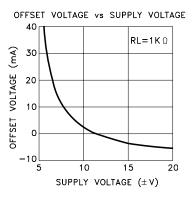


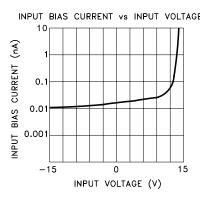


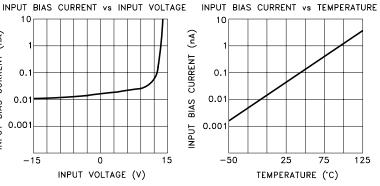


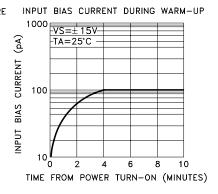


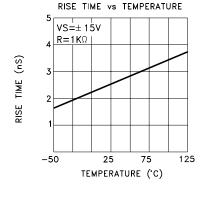


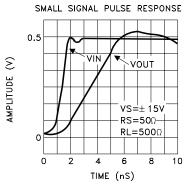


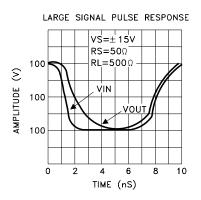


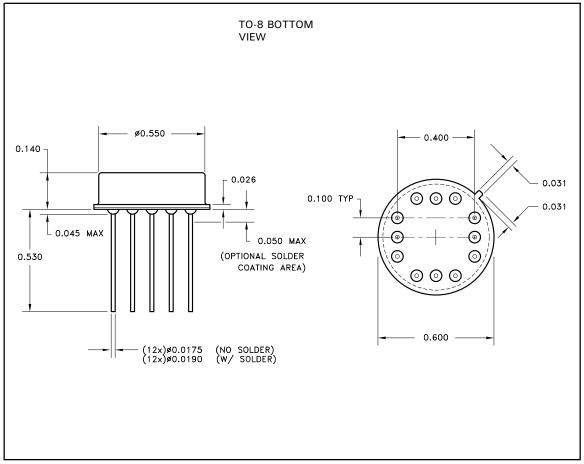












ALL DIMENSIONS ARE  $\pm 0.010$  INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE LABELED

# ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Screening Level			
MSK0033	Industrial			
MSK0033B	Military-Mil-PRF-38534			
8001401ZX	DSCC - SMD			

M.S. Kennedy Corp.
4707 Dey Road, Liverpool, New York 13088
Phone (315) 701-6751
FAX (315) 701-6752
www.mskennedy.com

The information contained herein is believed to be accurate at the time of printing. MSK reserves the right to make changes to its products or specifications without notice, however, and assumes no liability for the use of its products.