

September 1990 Revised August 2000

### 100390

## Low Power Single Supply Hex PECL-to-TTL Translator

### **General Description**

The 100390 is a hex translator for converting F100K logic levels to TTL logic levels. Unlike other level translators, the 100390 operates using only one +5V supply. Differential inputs allow each circuit to be used as an inverting, noninverting, or differential receiver. An internal reference generator provides  $V_{BB}$  for single-ended operation. The standard FAST® 3-STATE outputs are enabled by a common active low TTL compatible  $\overline{\rm OE}$  input. Partitioned  $V_{CC}$ s on chip are brought out on separate power pins, allowing the noisy TTL  $V_{CC}$  power plane to be isolated from the relatively quiet ECL  $V_{CC}$ . The 100390 is ideal for applications limited to a single +5V supply, allowing for easy ECL to TTL Interfacing.

### **Features**

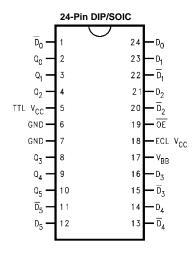
- Operates from a single +5V supply
- 3-STATE outputs
- 2000V ESD protection
- V<sub>BB</sub> supplied for single-ended operation

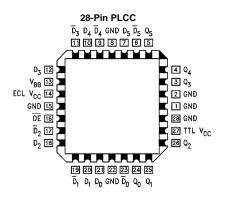
### **Ordering Code:**

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
100390SC	M24B	24-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-013, 0.300 Wide
100390PC	N24E	24-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-010, 0.400 Wide
100390QC	V28A	28-Lead Plastic Lead Chip Carrier (PLCC), JEDEC MO-047, 0.450 Square
100390QI		28-Lead Plastic Lead Chip Carrier (PLCC), JEDEC MO-047, 0.450 Square Industrial Temperature Range (–40°C to +85°C)

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending the suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

### **Connection Diagrams**

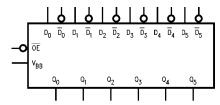




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## Logic Symbol

## **Pin Descriptions**



Pin Names	Description
D <sub>0</sub> –D <sub>5</sub>	Data Inputs (PECL)
$\overline{D}_0 - \overline{D}_5$	Inverting Data Inputs (PECL)
$Q_0 - Q_5$	Data Outputs (TTL)
ŌĒ	Output Enable (TTL)
$V_{BB}$	Reference Voltage (PECL)

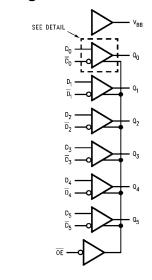
## **Truth Table**

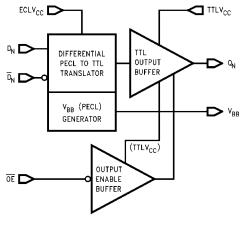
Data		Control	TTL				
Inputs		Input	Outputs				
(PECL)		(TTL)		Comments			
D <sub>n</sub>	D <sub>n</sub>	OE	Qn				
Х	Х	Н	Z	Outputs Disable			
L	Н	L	L	Differential Operation			
Н	L	L	Н	Differential Operation			
L	L	L	U	Invalid Input States			
Н	Н	L	U	Invalid Input States			
OPEN	OPEN	L	U	Invalid Input States			
L	$V_{BB}$	L	L	Single Ended Operation			
Н	$V_{BB}$	L	Н	Single Ended Operation			
$V_{BB}$	L	L	Н	Single Ended Operation			
$V_{BB}$	Н	L	L	Single Ended Operation			
$V_{BB}$	OPEN	L	Н	Single Ended Operation			
OPEN	$V_{BB}$	L	L	Single Ended Operation			

- H = HIGH Voltage Level L = LOW Voltage Level Z = HIGH Impedance U = Undefined

## **Logic Diagram**

# **Detail**





### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**(Note 1)

# Recommended Operating Conditions

 Storage Temperature
 -65°C to +150°C

 Maximum Junction Temperature
 +150°C

 V<sub>CC</sub> Pin Potential to Ground Pin
 -0.5V to +7.0V

 TTL Input Voltage (Note 2)
 -0.5V to +7.0V

 TTL Input Current (Note 2)
 -30 mA to +5.0 mA

TTL Input Current (Note 2) -30 mA to +5.0 mA V<sub>BB</sub> Output Current -5.0 mA to +1.0 mA ECL Input Potential GND to ECL V<sub>CC</sub> +0.5V

 $V_{\mbox{\footnotesize CC}}$  Differential

ECL  $V_{CC}$  to TTL  $V_{CC}$  -1.0V to +1.0V

Voltage Applied to Output in High State (with  $V_{CC} = 0V$ )

3-STATE Output -0.5V to +5.5V

Current Applied to Output

  $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Case Temperature} & 0 \mbox{°C to } +85 \mbox{°C} \\ \mbox{Supply Voltage} & +4.75 \mbox{V to } +5.25 \mbox{V} \\ \end{array}$ 

Note 1: The "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the absolute maximum rating. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

Note 2: Either voltage limit or current limit is sufficient to protect inputs.

### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

ECL  $V_{CC} = +5.0V \pm 5\%$ , TTL  $V_{CC} = +5.0V \pm 5\%$ , GND = 0V

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Max	Units	Conditions	
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Voltage		ECL V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.165	ECL V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.870	V	Guaranteed HIGH Signal for ALL Inputs (with One Input Tied to V <sub>BB</sub> )	
		OE	2.0		V	Guaranteed HIGH Signal (TTL)	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Voltage	Data	ECL V <sub>CC</sub> – 1.830	ECL V <sub>CC</sub> – 1.475	٧	Guaranteed LOW Signal for ALL Inputs (with One Input Tied to V <sub>BB</sub> )	
		ŌE		0.8	V	Guaranteed LOW Signal (TTL)	
$V_{BB}$	Output Reference Voltage	•	ECL V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.38	ECL V <sub>CC</sub> - 1.26	V	I <sub>BB</sub> = 0.0 mA or -1.0 mA	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH Voltage (TTL)		2.7		V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -3 mA	
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW Voltage (TTL)			0.5	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH Current			50	μА	$\begin{split} &V_{IN} = V_{IH}(Max), \ D_0 - D_5 = V_{BB}, \\ &\overline{D}_0 - \overline{D}_5 = V_{IL}(Min) \end{split}$	
		ŌE		20	μΑ	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V (TTL)	
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW Current	ŌE		-200	μΑ	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.5V (TTL)	
I <sub>BVI</sub>	Input Breakdown Current	ŌE		10	μΑ	V <sub>IN</sub> = 7.0V (TTL)	
I <sub>CBO</sub>	Input Leakage Current		-10		μА	$\frac{V_{IN} = GND, D_0 - D_5 = V_{BB}}{\overline{D}_0 - \overline{D}_5 = V_{IL}(Min)}$	
I <sub>OZH</sub>	3-STATE Current Output HIGH			50	μА	V <sub>OUT</sub> = +2.7V	
I <sub>OZL</sub>	3-STATE Current Output LOW			-50	μА	V <sub>OUT</sub> = +0.5V	
Icc	ECL Supply Current		13	30	mA		
I <sub>CCZ</sub>	TTL Supply Current		10	20	mA	3-STATE	
I <sub>CCL</sub>	TTL Supply Current		8	17	mA	Low State	
I <sub>CCH</sub>	TTL Supply Current HIGH		0.4	2.0	mA	HIGH State	
los	Output Short-Circuit Current		-150	-60	mA	$V_{OUT} = 0.0V, V_{CC} = +5.25$	
$V_{Diff}$	Differential Input Voltage		150		mV	Required for Full Output Swing	
V <sub>CM</sub>	Common Mode Voltage		ECL V <sub>CC</sub> - 2.0	ECL V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.5	V		
V <sub>CD</sub>	Clamp Diode Voltage			-1.2	V	I <sub>IN</sub> = -18 mA	

## **DIP AC Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{CC} = 5.0V \pm 5\%$ ;  $T_{C} = 0^{\circ}C$  to +85°C

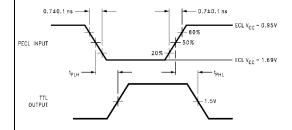
Symbol	Parameter	$T_C = 0^{\circ}C$		$T_C = +25^{\circ}C$		T <sub>C</sub> = +85°C		Units	Figure
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units	Number
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Clock Frequency	100		100		100		MHz	
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Data to Output	3.5	7.2	3.5	6.8	3.5	6.7	ns	Figure 1
t <sub>PZH</sub> t <sub>PZL</sub>	Output Enable Time	2.7 2.4	4.8 4.0	2.7 2.4	4.8 4.0	3.0 2.6	5.1 4.2	ns	Figure 2
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Output Disable Time	2.9 2.3	5.8 3.9	2.9 2.2	5.4 3.9	2.7 2.2	5.1 3.9	ns	Figure 2

## **SOIC and PLCC Package AC Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{CC} = 5.0V \pm 5\%; T_C = 0^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$ 

Symbol	Parameter	$T_C = 0$ °C		$T_C = +25^{\circ}C$		T <sub>C</sub> = +85°C		Units	Figure
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units	Number
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Clock Frequency	100		100		100		MHz	
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Data to Output	3.5	7.0	3.5	6.6	3.5	6.5	ns	Figure 1
t <sub>PZH</sub>	Output Enable Time	2.7	4.6	2.7	4.6	3.0	4.9	ns	Figure 2
$t_{PZL}$		2.4	3.8	2.4	3.8	2.6	4.0		
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Output Disable Time	2.9	5.6	2.9	5.2	2.7	4.9	ns	Figure 2
$t_{PLZ}$		2.3	3.7	2.2	3.7	2.2	3.7	115	r igule 2

## **Switching Waveforms**



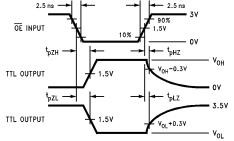
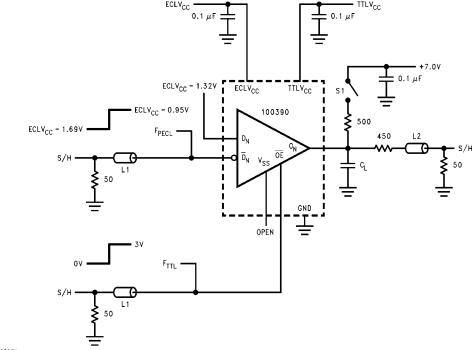


FIGURE 1. Data to Output Propagation Delay

FIGURE 2. Enable/Disable Propagation Delay

### **Test Circuit**



#### Notes

GND = 0V, ECL  $V_{CC}$  = +5V, TTL  $V_{CC}$  = +5V

L1 and L2 = equal length  $50\Omega$  impedance lines

 $50\Omega$  terminators are internal to S/H measurement unit

Decoupling 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  from GND to ECL  $\text{V}_{\text{CC}}$  and TTL  $\text{V}_{\text{CC}}$ 

All unused outputs are loaded with  $500\Omega$  to GND

 $C_L$  = Fixture and stray capacitance = 50 pF

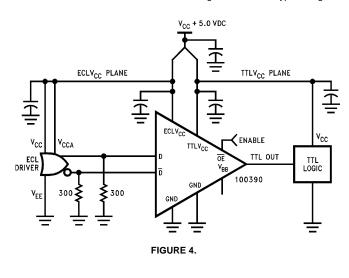
Switch S1 is open for  $t_{PLH},\,t_{PHL},\,t_{PHZ}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  tests

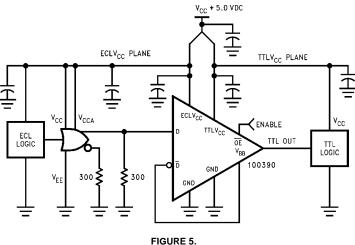
Switch S1 is closed only for  $t_{\text{PLZ}}$  and  $t_{\text{PZL}}$  tests

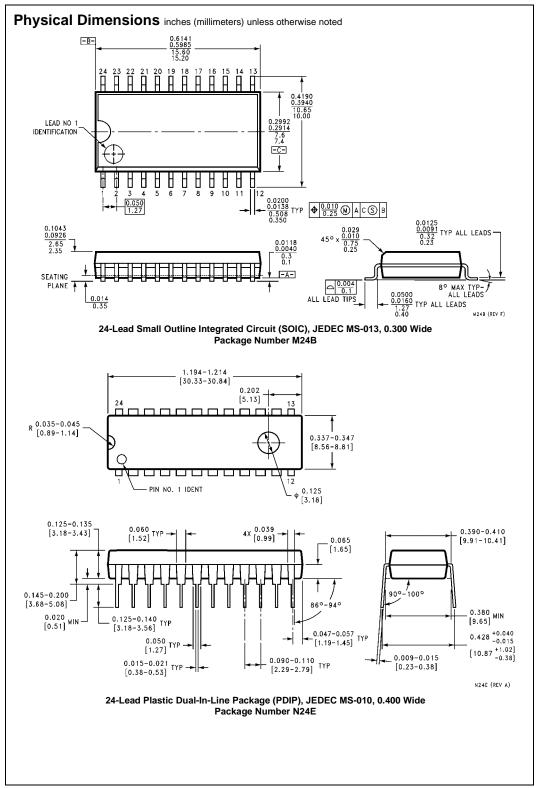
FIGURE 3. AC Test Circuit

## **Application Notes**

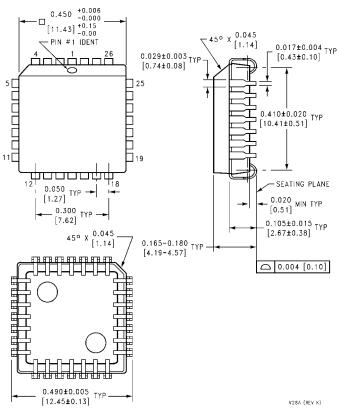
- 1. Device performance will be enhanced by the use of dual  $V_{CC}$  power planes as illustrated in the Application Figures 4, 5. This will minimize the coupling of TTL switching noise into the primary reference to the ECL circuitry and take full advantage of the 100390's on chip  $V_{CC}$  partitioning.
- The device's partitioned V<sub>CC</sub> may be operated from two 5V, 5% tolerance, supplies provided that they are ramped up/down together so that the max differential is 1V. This is to prevent overstress to internal ESD diodes. If the ECL driver to the F390 is powered from a separate supply, it must obey this sequence rule also.
- Glitch-free power up, independent of Data input levels, is achieved if TTL logic HIGH is held on the Output Enable pin during ramping up/down of the V<sub>CC</sub> supply.
- 4. Undefined output states can occur for some invalid combinations. See Truth Table. This should be avoided to prevent possible oscillation or increased power consumption due to TTL outputs biased into a quasi state with both pullup and pulldown stages partially on. 3-STATEing the outputs will counteract the effects of invalid input states.
- 5. Pins 8, 15, and 22 on the 28-pin PLCC package are tied to the chip's substrate and are named GNDs. These pins are electrically common to the ground pins 1, 2, and 28. For best thermal performance, tie the GND pins to the circuit ground plane. They may be tied to an electrically isolated thermal dissipation plane or may float.
- 6. Figure 4 illustrates typical differential input operation.
- 7. Figure 5 illustrates typical single-ended input operation.







### Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



28-Lead Plastic Lead Chip Carrier (PLCC), JEDEC MO-047, 0.450 Square Package Number V28A

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