

TSC 75T2089/2090/2091 DTMF Transceivers

September 1996

DESCRIPTION

TDK Semiconductor's TSC 75T2089/2090/2091 are complete Dual-Tone Multifrequency (DTMF) Transceivers that can both generate and detect all 16 DTMF tone-pairs. These ICs integrate the performance-proven TSC 75T202 DTMF receiver with a DTMF generator circuit.

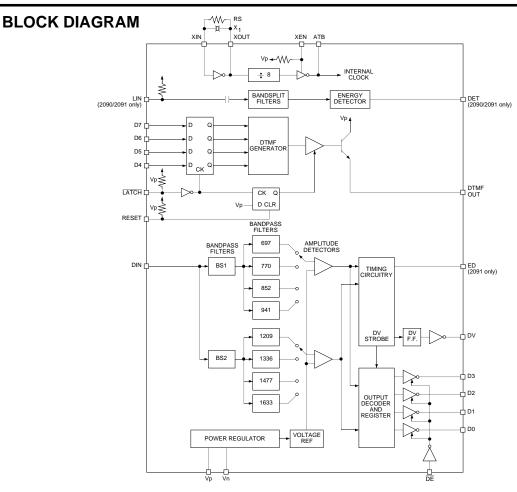
The DTMF receiver electrical characteristics are identical to the standard TSC 75T202 device characteristics. The DTMF generator provides performance similar to the Mostek MK5380, but with an improved (tighter) output amplitude range specification and with the addition of independent latch and reset controls.

An additional feature of the TSC 75T2090/2091 is "imprecise" call progress detector. The detector detects the presence of signals in the 305-640 Hz band.

(Continued)

FEATURES

- DTMF Generator and Receiver on one-chip
- Call progress detection (2090/2091 only)
- Early detect output (2091 only)
- DTMF Receiver exhibits excellent speech immunity
- Analog input range from -32 to -2 dBm (ref 600Ω)
- Three-state outputs (4-bit hexadecimal) from DTMF Receiver
- AC coupled, internally biased analog input
- Latched DTMF Generator inputs
- DTMF output typ. –8 dBm (Low Band) and –5.5 dBm (High Band)
- Easy interface for microprocessor dialing
- Uses inexpensive 3.579545 MHz crystal for reference
- Low-power 5 volt CMOS



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DESCRIPTION (Continued)

The TSC 75T2091 also incorporates an early detect function which is useful in multi-channel radio scanning applications. The only external components necessary for the TSC 75T2089/2090/2091 are a 3.58 MHz "colorburst" crystal with a parallel 1 M Ω resistor. This provides the time base for digital functions and switched-capacitor filters in the device. No external filtering is required.

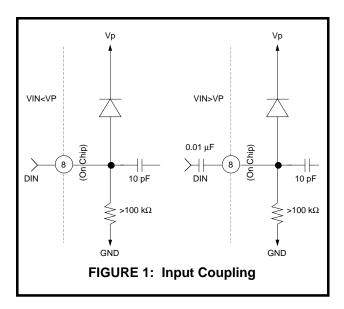
CIRCUIT OPERATION

RECEIVER

The DTMF Receiver in the TSC 75T2089/2090/2091 detects the presence of a valid tone pair (indicating a single dialed digit) on a telephone line or other transmission medium. The analog input is pre-processed by 60 Hz reject and band-splitting filters, then hard-limited to provide Automatic Gain Control. Eight bandpass filters detect the individual tones. The digital post-processor times the tone durations and provides the correctly coded digital outputs. The outputs will drive standard CMOS circuitry, and are three-state enabled to facilitate bus-oriented architectures.

DIN

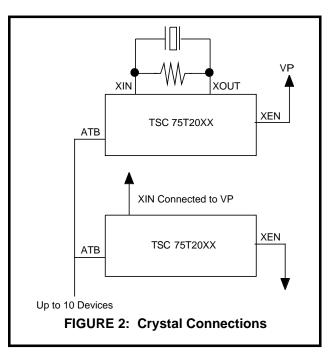
This pin accepts the analog input. It is internally biased so that the input signal may be AC coupled. The input may be DC coupled as long as it does not exceed the positive supply. Proper input coupling is illustrated in Figure 1.



The IC is designed to accept sinusoidal input waveforms but will operate satisfactorily with any input that has the correct fundamental frequency with harmonics greater than -20 dB below the fundamental.

CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR

The IC contains an onboard inverter with sufficient gain to provide oscillation when connected to a low-cost television "color-burst" crystal. The crystal is placed between XIN and XOUT in parallel with a 1Mz resistor, while XEN is tied high. Since the switched-capacitorfilter time base is derived from the crystal oscillator, the frequency accuracy of all portions of the IC depends on the time base tolerance. The TSC DTMF Receiver frequency response and timing is specified for a time base accuracy of at least =0.005%. ATB is a clock output with the frequency of 1/8 of crystal. Other devices may use the same frequency reference by tying their ATB pins to the ATB of a crystal connected device. XIN and XEN of the auxiliary devices must then be tied high and low respectively, XOUT is left floating. XOUT is designed to drive a resonant circuit only and is not intended to drive additional devices. Ten devices may run off a single crystal-connected transceiver as shown in Figure 2.



RECEIVER OUTPUTS AND THE DE PIN

Outputs D0, D1, D2, D3 are CMOS push-pull when enabled (\overline{DE} low) and open-circuited (high impedance) when disabled (\overline{DE} high). These digital outputs provide the hexadecimal code corresponding to the detected digit. Figure 3 shows that code.

The digital outputs become valid and DV signals a detection after a valid tone pair has been sensed. The outputs and DV are cleared when a valid pause has been timed.

	Hexadecimal Code						
Digit In	D7	D6	D5	D4			
Out	D3	D2	D1	D0			
1	0	0	0	1			
2	0	0	1	0			
3	0	0	1	1			
4	0	1	0	0			
5	0	1	0	1			
6	0	1	1	0			
7	0	1	1	1			
8	1	0	0	0			
9	1	0	0	1			
0	1	0	1	0			
*	1	0	1	1			
#	1	1	0	0			
Α	1	1	0	1			
В	1	1	1	0			
С	1	1	1	1			
D	0	0	0	0			
FIGURE 3							

ED OUTPUT (75T2091 only)

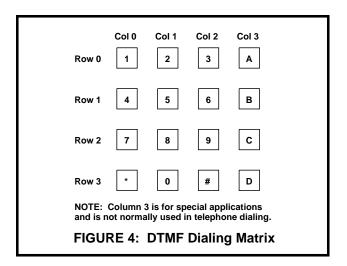
The ED output goes high as soon as the TSC 75T2091 begins to detect a DTMF tone pair and falls when the TSC 75T2091 begins to detect a pause. The D1, D2, D4, and D8 outputs are guaranteed to be valid when DV is high, but are not necessarily valid when ED is high.

GENERATOR

The DTMF generator responds to a hexadecimal code input with a valid tone pair. Pins D4-D7 are the data inputs for the generator. A high to low transition on LATCH causes the hexadecimal code to be latched internally and generation of the appropriate DTMF tone pair to begin. The DTMF output is disabled by a high on RESET and will not resume until new data is latched in.

DIGITAL INPUTS

The D4, D5, D6, D7, LATCH, RESET inputs to the DTMF generator may be interfaced to open-collector TTL with a pull-up resistor or standard CMOS. These inputs follow the same hexadecimal code format as the DTMF receiver output. Figure 4 shows the code for each digit. The dialing matrix and detection frequency table below list the frequencies of the digits.



DETECTION FREQUENCY

Low Group f ₀	High Group f₀
Row 0 = 697Hz	Column 0 = 1209Hz
Row 1 = 770Hz	Column 1 = 1336Hz
Row 2 = 852Hz	Column 2 = 1477Hz
Row 3 = 941Hz	Column 3 = 1633Hz

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DTMF OUT

The output amplitude characteristics listed in the specifications are given for a supply voltage of 5.0V. However, the output level is directly proportional to the supply, so variations in it will affect the DTMF output. A recommended line interface for this output is shown in Figure 5.

CALL PROGRESS DETECTION (TSC 75T2090/2091)

The TSC 75T2090/2091 have a Call Progress Detector that consists of a bandpass filter and an energy detector for turning the on/off cadences into a microprocessor compatible signal.

DET OUTPUT (TSC 75T2090/2091)

The output is TTL compatible and will be of a frequency corresponding to the various candences of Call Progress signals such as: on 0.5 sec/off 0.5 sec for a busy tone, on 0.25 sec/off 0.25 sec for a reorder tone and on 0.8-1.2 sec/off 2.7-3.3 sec for an audible ring tone.

LIN INPUT (TSC 75T2090/2091)

This analog input accepts the call progress signal and should be used in the same manner as the receiver input DIN.

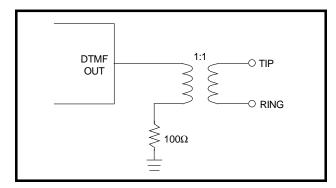


FIGURE 5: DTMF Output

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Operating above absolute maximum ratings may damage the device.

PARAMETER	RATING
DC Supply Voltage (Vp - Vn)	+7V
Voltage at any Pin (Vn = 0)	-0.3 to Vp + 0.3V
DIN Voltage	Vp + 0.5 to Vp - 10V
Current through any Protection Device	=20mA
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to + 85°C
Storage Temperature	-65 to 150°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage		4.5		5.5	V
Power Supply Noise (wide band)				10	mVp-p
Ambient Temperature		-40		+85	°C
Crystal Frequency (F Nominal = 3.579545MHz)		-0.01		+0.01	%
Crystal Shunt Resistor		0.8		1.2	МΩ
DTMF OUT Load Resistance		100			Ω

DIGITAL AND DC REQUIREMENTS

The following electrical specifications apply to the digital input and output signals over the recommended operating range unless otherwise noted. The specifications do not apply to the following pins: LIN, DIN, XIN, XOUT, and DTMF OUT. Positive current is defined as entering the circuit. Vn = 0 unless otherwise stated.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply Current*			15	30	mA
Power Dissipation				225	mW
Input Voltage High		0.7Vp			V
Input Voltage Low				0.3Vp	V
Input Current High				10	μΑ
Input Current Low		-10			μΑ
Output Voltage High	loh = -0.2mA	Vp-0.5			V
Output Voltage Low	IoI = +0.4mA			Vn+0.5	V
* with DTMF output disabled					

DTMF RECEIVER: Electrical Characteristics

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT	
Frequency Detect Bandwidth		=(1.5+2Hz)	=2.3	=3.5	%Fo	
Amplitude for Detection	Each Tone	-32		-2	dBm/tone	
Twist Tolerance		-10		+10	dB	
60Hz Tolerance				0.8	Vrms	
Dial Tone Tolerance	Precise Dial Tone			0	dB*	
Speech Immunity	MITEL Tape #CM7290		2		hits	
Noise Tolerance	MITEL Tape #CM7290			-12	dB*	
Input Impedance		100			kΩ	
* Referenced to lowest amplitude tone						

DTMF RECEIVER: Timing Characteristics

PARAI	METER	CONDITIONS	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
TON	Tone Time for Detect		40			ms
TON	Tone Time for No Detect				20	ms
TOFF	Pause Time for Redetection		40			ms
TOFF	Pause Time for Bridging				20	ms
TD1	Detect Time		25		46	ms
TR1	Release Time		35		50	ms

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DTMF RECEIVER: Timing Characteristics (Continued)

PARA	METER	CONDITIONS	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
TSU1	Data Set Up Time		7			μs
THD1	Data Hold Time		4.2		5.0	ms
TED	ED Detect Time	75T2091 only	7		22	ms
BER	ED Release Time	75T2091 only	2		18	ms
	Output Enable Time				200	ns
	Output Disable Time				200	ns

DTMF GENERATOR: Electrical Characteristics

Frequency Accuracy		-1.0	+1.0	%Fo
Output Amplitude	R1 = 100Ω to Vn, Vp - Vn = 5.0V			
Low Band		-9.2	-7.2	dBm
High Band		-6.6	-4.6	dBm
Output Distortion	DC to 50 kHz		-20	dB

DTMF GENERATOR: Timing Characteristics

TSTAR	T Start-Up Time		2.5	μs
TSU2	Data Set-Up Time	100		ns
THD2	Data Hold Time	50		ns
TRP	RESET Pulse Width	100		ns
TPW	LATCH Pulse Width	100		ns

CALL PROGRESS DETECTOR: Electrical Characteristics (75T2090/2091 only)

Amplitude for Detection	305 Hz-640 Hz	-40	0	dBm
Amplitude for No Detection	305 Hz-640 Hz		-50	dBm
	f>2200 Hz, <160 Hz		-25	dBm
Detect Output	Logic 0		0.5	V
	Logic 1	4.5		V
"LIN" Input	Max. Voltage	VDD-10	Vdd	V
Input Impedance	500 Hz	100		kΩ

CALL PROGRESS DETECTOR: Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

PARA	METER	CONDITIONS	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
TON	Signal Time for Detect		40			ms
TON	Signal Time for No Detect				10	ms
TOFF	Interval Time for Detect		40			ms
TOFF	Interval Time for No Detect				20	ms
TD2	Detect Time				40	ms
TR2	Release Time				40	ms

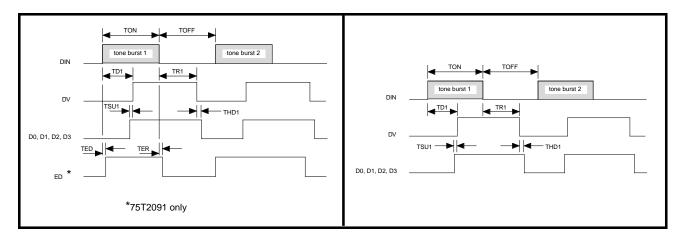


FIGURE 6: DTMF Decoder

FIGURE 7: Call Progress Detector (TSC 75T2090/91 only)

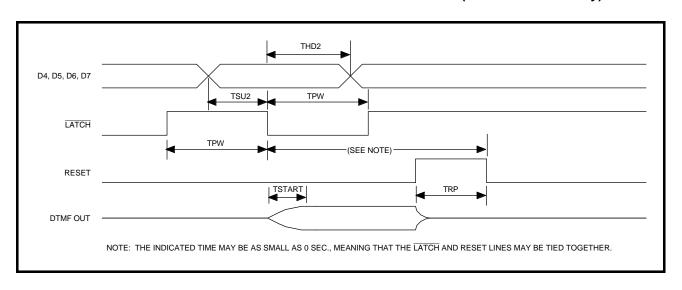


FIGURE 8: DTMF Generator

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PACKAGE PIN DESIGNATIONS

(Top View) \geq 1 7 22 □ рз □ DV D2 🗍 1 28 27 28 26 2 DV D1 [27 ☐ D5 DE 5 D2 🗍 2 21 D7 25 3 D7 D0 | 26 D1 ∏ 3 20 □ D6 VP ∏ 6 □ D4 24 N/C 25 □ D6 D0 [4 19 ☐ D5 ED ∏ 7 23 LATCH ___ D5 DE [5 24 DE 5 □ D4 18 N/C [] 8 22 □ N/C VP ∏ 6 23 □ D4 VΡ □ 6 17 LATCH □ N/C 21 ED [7 22 LATCH 16 RST RST XEN 🛚 21 8 20 RST DIN ∏ 8 15 DET* N/C N/C 9 20 19 □ DET XOUT ☐ 9 14 ☐ LIN* N/C 10 19 □ N/C 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 XIN 🗍 DTMFOUT 10 13 DIN [11 18 DET XOUT DTMFOUT 12 VN XOUT [17 LIN □ DTMFOUT XIN [13 16 * 75T2090 only │ VN АТВ ∏ 14 15 75T2089/2090 75T2091 75T2091 28-Pin PLCC 22-Pin DIP 28-Pin DIP

CAUTION: Use handling procedures necessary for a static sensitive component.

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART DESCRIPTION	ORDER NO.	PKG. MARK
TSC 75T2089		
22-Pin Plastic DIP	75T2089 - IP	75T2089 - IP
TSC 75T2090		
22-Pin DIP	75T2090 - IP	75T2090 - IP
TSC 75T2091		
28-Pin Plastic DIP	75T2091 - IP	75T2091 - IP
28-Pin PLCC	75T2091 - IH	75T2091 - IH

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