



Preliminary W49V002F

256K x 8 CMOS FLASH MEMORY WITH FWH INTERFACE

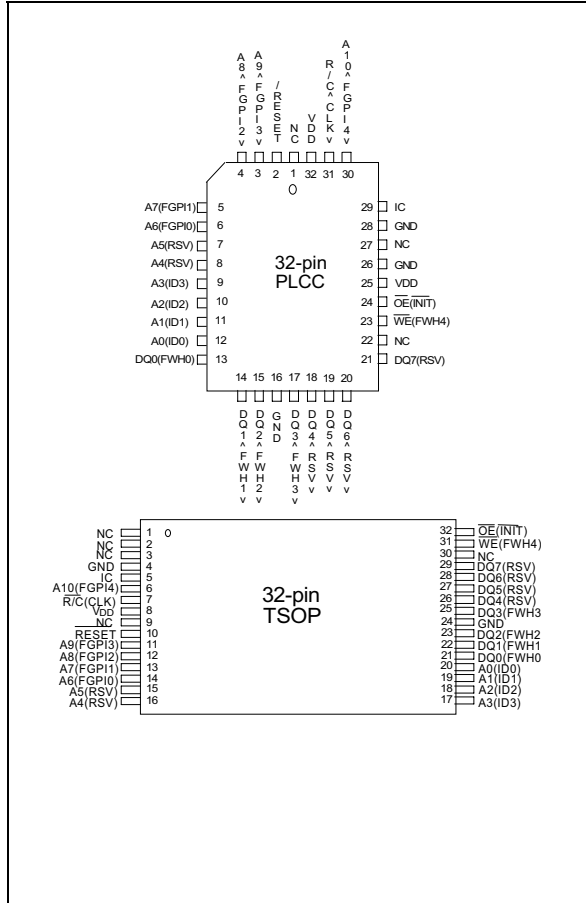
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The W49V002F is a 2-megabit, 3.3-volt only CMOS flash memory organized as 256K $\times$ 8 bits. The device can be programmed and erased in-system with a standard 3.3V power supply. A 12-volt V_{PP} is not required. The unique cell architecture of the W49V002F results in fast program/erase operations with extremely low current consumption. This device can operate at two modes, Programmer bus interface mode and FWH bus interface mode. As in the Programmer interface mode, it acts like the traditional flash but with a multiplexed address inputs. But in the FWH interface mode, this device complies with the Intel FWH specification. The device can also be programmed and erased using standard EPROM programmers.

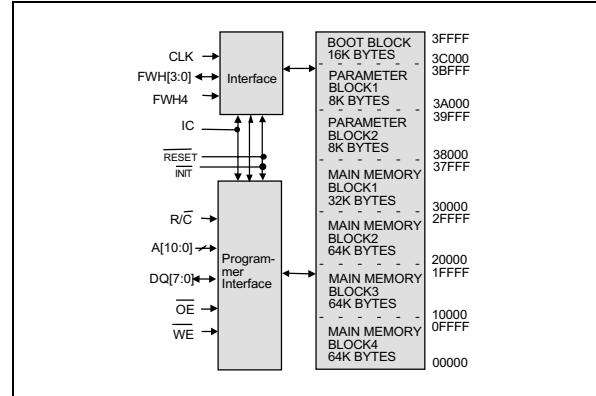
FEATURES

- Single 3.3-volt operations:
 - 3.3-volt Read
 - 3.3-volt Erase
 - 3.3-volt Program
- Fast Program operation:
 - Byte-by-Byte programming: 50 μ S (typ.)
- Fast Erase operation: 150 mS (typ.)
- Fast Read access time: T_{kq} 11 nS
- Endurance: 10K cycles (typ.)
- Twenty-year data retention
- Hardware data protection
- One 16K bytes Boot Block with lockout protection
- Two 8K bytes Parameter Blocks
- Four Main Memory Blocks (with 32K bytes, 64K bytes, 64K bytes, 64K bytes each)
- Low power consumption
 - Active current: 40 mA (typ. for FWH)
- Automatic program and erase timing with internal V_{PP} generation
- End of program or erase detection
 - Toggle bit
 - Data polling
- Latched address and data
- TTL compatible I/O
- Available packages: 32-pin-PLCC, 32-pin TSOP

PIN CONFIGURATIONS



BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

SYMB	INTERFACE		PIN NAME
	PGM	FWH	
IC	*	*	Interface Mode Selection
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	*	*	Reset
$\overline{\text{INIT}}$		*	Initialize
CLK		*	CLK Input
FGPI[4:0]		*	General Purpose Inputs
ID[3:0]		*	Identification Inputs They Are Internal Pull Down to Vss
FWH[3:0]		*	Address/Data Inputs
FWH4		*	FWH Cycle Initial
R/C	*		Row/Column Select
A[10:0]	*		Address Inputs
DQ[7:0]	*		Data Inputs/Outputs
$\overline{\text{OE}}$	*		Output Enable
$\overline{\text{WE}}$	*		Write Enable
VDD	*	*	Power Supply
GND	*	*	Ground
RSV	*	*	Reserved Pins
NC	*	*	No Connection



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Interface Mode Selection And Description

This device can be operated in two interface modes, one is Programmer interface mode, the other is FWH interface mode. The IC pin of the device provides the control between these two interface modes. These interface modes need to be configured before power up or return from $\overline{\text{RESET}}$. When IC pin is set to high state, the device will be in the Programmer mode; while the IC pin is set to low state (or leaved no connection), it will be in the FWH mode. In Programmer mode, this device just behaves like traditional flash parts with 8 data lines. But the row and column address inputs are multiplexed, which go through address inputs A[10:0]. For FWH mode, It complies with the FWH Interface Specification. Through the FWH[3:0] to communicate with the system chipset.

Read (Write) Mode

In Programmer interface mode, the read (write) operation of the W49V002F is controlled by $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ($\overline{\text{WE}}$). The $\overline{\text{OE}}$ ($\overline{\text{WE}}$) is held low for the host to obtain(write) data from(to) the outputs(inputs). $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is the output control and is used to gate data from the output pins. The data bus is in high impedance state when $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is high. As for in the FWH interface mode, the read or write is determined by the "bit 0 & bit 1 of START CYCLE". Refer to the FWH cycle definition for further details.

Reset Operation

The $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ input pin can be used in some application. When $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin is at high state, the device is in normal operation mode. When $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin is at low state, it will halt the device and all outputs will be at high impedance state. As the high state re-asserted to the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin, the device will return to read or standby mode, it depends on the control signals.

Boot Block Operation

There is a 16K-byte boot block in this device, which can be used to store boot codes. It is located in the last 16K bytes of the memory with the address range from 3C000(hex) to 3FFFF(hex).

See Command Codes for Boot Block Lockout Enable for the specific code. Once this feature is set the data for the designated block cannot be erased or programmed (programming lockout), other memory locations can be changed by the regular programming method.

In order to detect whether the boot block feature is set on the 16K-bytes block or not, users can perform software command sequence: enter the product identification mode (see Command Codes for Identification/Boot Block Lockout Detection for specific code), and then read from address 0002(hex). If the DQ0 of output data is "1," the boot block programming lockout feature will be activated; if the DQ0 of output data is "0," the lockout feature will be inactivated and the block can be erased/programmed.

To return to normal operation, perform a three-byte command sequence (or an alternate single-byte command) to exit the identification mode. For the specific code, see Command Codes for Identification/Boot Block Lockout Detection.

Chip Erase Operation

The chip-erase mode can be initiated by a six-byte command sequence. After the command loading cycle, the device enters the internal chip erase mode, which is automatically timed and will be completed within fast 150 mS (typical). The host system is not required to provide any control or timing during this operation. If the boot block programming lockout is activated, only the data in the



other memory blocks will be erased to FF(hex) while the data in the boot block will not be erased (remains as the same state before the chip erase operation). The entire memory array will be erased to FF(hex) by the chip erase operation if the boot block programming lockout feature is not activated. The device will automatically return to normal read mode after the erase operation completed. Data polling and/or Toggle Bits can be used to detect end of erase cycle.

Sector Erase Operation

The seven sectors, one boot block and two parameter memory and four main blocks, can be erased individually by initiating a six-byte command sequence. Sector address is latched on the falling $\overline{WE}$ edge of the sixth cycle, while the 30(hex) data input command is latched at the rising edge of $\overline{WE}$. After the command loading cycle, the device enters the internal sector erase mode, which is automatically timed and will be completed within fast 150 mS (typical). The host system is not required to provide any control or timing during this operation. The device will automatically return to normal read mode after the erase operation completed. Data polling and/or Toggle Bits can be used to detect end of erase cycle.

Program Operation

The W49V002F is programmed on a byte-by-byte basis. Program operation can only change logical data "1" to logical data "0." The erase operation, which changed entire data in main memory and/or boot block from "0" to "1", is needed before programming.

The program operation is initiated by a 4-byte command cycle (see Command Codes for Byte Programming). The device will internally enter the program operation immediately after the byte-program command is entered. The internal program timer will automatically time-out (100 μ S max. - TBP) once it is completed and then return to normal read mode. Data polling and/or Toggle Bits can be used to detect end of program cycle.

Hardware Data Protection

The integrity of the data stored in the W49V002F is also hardware protected in the following ways:

- (1) Noise/Glitch Protection: A $\overline{WE}$ pulse of less than 15 nS in duration will not initiate a write cycle.
- (2) VDD Power Up/Down Detection: The programming operation is inhibited when VDD is less than 2.5V typical.
- (3) Write Inhibit Mode: Forcing $\overline{OE}$ low or $\overline{WE}$ high will inhibit the write operation. This prevents inadvertent writes during power-up or power-down periods.
- (4) VDD power-on delay: When VDD has reached its sense level, the device will automatically time-out 5 mS before any write (erase/program) operation.

Data Polling (DQ7)- Write Status Detection

The W49V002F includes a data polling feature to indicate the end of a program or erase cycle. When the W49V002F is in the internal program or erase cycle, any attempts to read DQ7 of the last byte loaded will receive the complement of the true data. Once the program or erase cycle is completed, DQ7 will show the true data. Note that DQ7 will show logical "0" during the erase cycle, and when erase cycle has been completed it becomes logical "1" or true data.

Toggle Bit (DQ6)- Write Status Detection

In addition to data polling, the W49V002F provides another method for determining the end of a program cycle. During the internal program or erase cycle, any consecutive attempts to read DQ6 will produce alternating 0's and 1's. When the program or erase cycle is completed, this toggling between 0's and 1's will stop. The device is then ready for the next operation.

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General Purpose Inputs Register

This register reads the FGPI[4:0] pins on the W49V002F. This is a pass-through register which can read via memory address FFBC0100(hex). Since it is pass-through register, there is no default value.

Bit	Function
7-5	Reserved
4	Read FGPI4 pin status
3	Read FGPI3 pin status
2	Read FGPI2 pin status
1	Read FGPI1 pin status
0	Read FGPI0 pin status

Product Identification

The product ID operation outputs the manufacturer code and device code. Programming equipment automatically matches the device with its proper erase and programming algorithms.

The manufacturer and device codes can be accessed by software operation. In the software access mode, a six-byte (or JEDEC 3-byte) command sequence can be used to access the product ID for programmer interface mode. A read from address 0000(hex) outputs the manufacturer code, DA(hex). A read from address 0001(hex) outputs the device code, 32(hex). The product ID operation can be terminated by a three-byte command sequence or an alternate one-byte command sequence (see Command Definition table).

As for FWH interface mode, a read from FFBC,0000(hex) can output the manufacturer code, DA(hex). A read from FFBC,0001(hex) can output the device code 32(hex).

TABLE OF OPERATING MODES

Operating Mode Selection - Programmer Mode

(V_{HH} = 12V ± 5%)

MODE	PINS				
	$\overline{\text{OE}}$	$\overline{\text{WE}}$	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	ADDRESS	DQ.
Read	VIL	VIH	VIH	AIN	Dout
Write	VIH	VIL	VIH	AIN	Din
Standby	X	X	VIL	X	High Z
Write Inhibit	VIL	X	VIH	X	High Z/DOUT
	X	VIH	VIH	X	High Z/DOUT
Output Disable	VIH	X	VIH	X	High Z

Operating Mode Selection - FWH Mode

Operation modes in FWH interface mode are determined by "START Cycle" when it is selected. When it is not selected, its outputs (FWH[3:0]) will be disable. Please reference to the "FWH Cycle Definition".

TABLE OF COMMAND DEFINITION

COMMAND DESCRIPTION	NO. OF Cycles	1ST CYCLE Addr. Data	2ND CYCLE Addr. Data	3RD CYCLE Addr. Data	4TH CYCLE Addr. Data	5TH CYCLE Addr. Data	6TH CYCLE Addr. Data
Read	1	A _{IN} D _{OUT}					
Chip Erase	6	5555 AA	2AAA 55	5555 80	5555 AA	2AAA 55	5555 10
Sector Erase	6	5555 AA	2AAA 55	5555 80	5555 AA	2AAA 55	SA 30
Byte Program	4	5555 AA	2AAA 55	5555 A0	A _{IN} D _{IN}		
Boot Block Lockout	6	5555 AA	2AAA 55	5555 80	5555 AA	2AAA 55	5555 40
Product ID Entry	3	5555 AA	2AAA 55	5555 90			
Product ID Exit ⁽¹⁾	3	5555 AA	2AAA 55	5555 F0			
Product ID Exit ⁽¹⁾	1	XXXX F0					

Note: 1. The cycle means the write command cycle not the FWH clock cycle.

- The Column Address / Row Address are mapped to the Low / High order Internal Address. i.e. Column Address A[10:0] are mapped to the internal A[10:0], Row Address A[6:0] are mapped to the internal A[17:11]
- Address Format: A14-A0 (Hex); Data Format: DQ7-DQ0 (Hex)
- Either one of the two Product ID Exit commands can be used.
- SA : Sector Address
 SA = 3C000h to 3FFFFh for Boot Block
 SA = 3A000h to 3BFFFh for Parameter Block1
 SA = 38000h to 39FFFh for Parameter Block2
 SA = 30000h to 37FFFh for Main Memory Block1
 SA = 2XXXXh for Main Memory Block2
 SA = 1XXXXh for Main Memory Block3
 SA = 0XXXXh for Main Memory Block4

FWH CYCLE DEFINITION

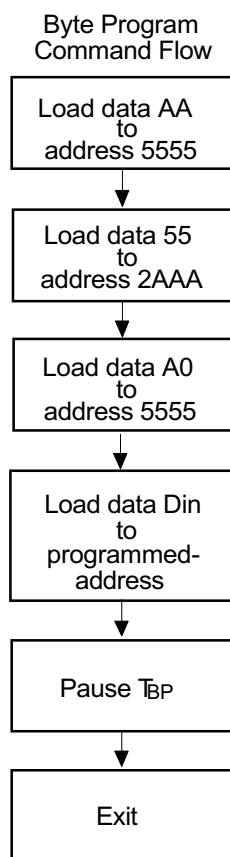
FIELD	NO. OF CLOCKS	DESCRIPTION
START	1	"1101b" indicates FWH Memory Read cycle; while "1110b" indicates FWH Memory Write cycle. "0000b" appears on FWH bus to indicate the initial
IDSEL	1	This one clock field indicates which FWH component is being selected.
MSIZE	1	Memory Size. There is always show "0000b" for single byte access.
TAR	2	Turned Around Time
ADDR	7	Address Phase for Memory Cycle. FWH supports the 28 bits address protocol. The addresses transfer most significant nibble first and least significant nibble last. (i.e. Address[27:24] on FWH[3:0] first , and Address[3:0] on FWH[3:0] last.)
SYNC	N	Synchronous to add wait state. "0000b" means Ready, "0101b" means Short Wait, "0110b" means Long Wait, "1001b" for DMA only, "1010b" means error, and other values are reserved.
DATA	2	Data Phase for Memory Cycle. The data transfer least significant nibble first and most significant nibble last. (i.e. DQ[3:0] on FWH[3:0] first , then DQ[7:4] on FWH[3:0] last.)



Command Codes for Byte Program

BYTE SEQUENCE	ADDRESS	DATA
0 Write	5555H	AAH
1 Write	2AAAH	55H
2 Write	5555H	A0H
3 Write	Programmed-Address	Programmed-Data

Byte Program Flow Chart



Notes for software program code:

Data Format: DQ7–DQ0 (Hex); XX = Don't Care

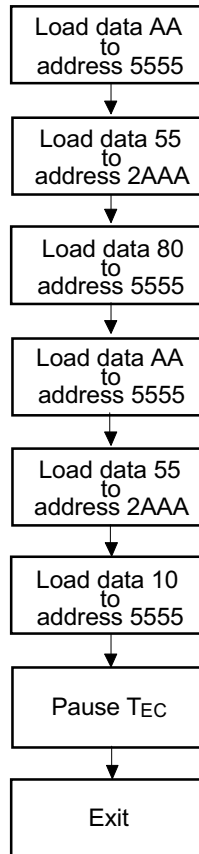
Address Format: A14–A0 (Hex)



Command Codes for Chip Erase

BYTE SEQUENCE	ADDRESS	DATA
1 Write	5555H	AAH
2 Write	2AAAH	55H
3 Write	5555H	80H
4 Write	5555H	AAH
5 Write	2AAAH	55H
6 Write	5555H	10H

Chip Erase Acquisition Flow



Notes for chip erase:

Data Format: DQ7–DQ0 (Hex)

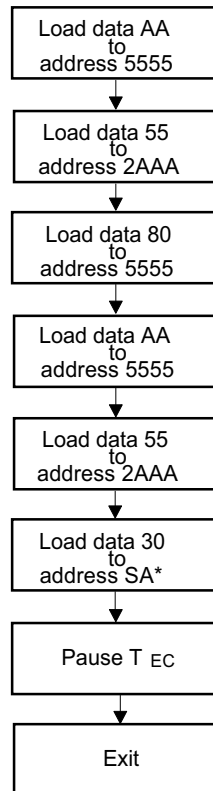
Address Format: A14–A0 (Hex)



Command Codes for Sector Erase

BYTE SEQUENCE	ADDRESS	DATA
1 Write	5555H	AAH
2 Write	2AAAH	55H
3 Write	5555H	80H
4 Write	5555H	AAH
5 Write	2AAAH	55H
6 Write	SA*	30H

Sector Erase Acquisition Flow



Notes for sector erase:

Data Format: DQ7–DQ0 (Hex)

Address Format: A14–A0 (Hex)

SA : Sector Address

SA = 3C000h to 3FFFFh for Boot Block

SA = 3A000h to 3BFFFh for Parameter Block1

SA = 38000h to 39FFFh for Parameter Block2

SA = 30000h to 37FFFh for Main Memory Block1

SA = 2XXXXh for Main Memory Block2

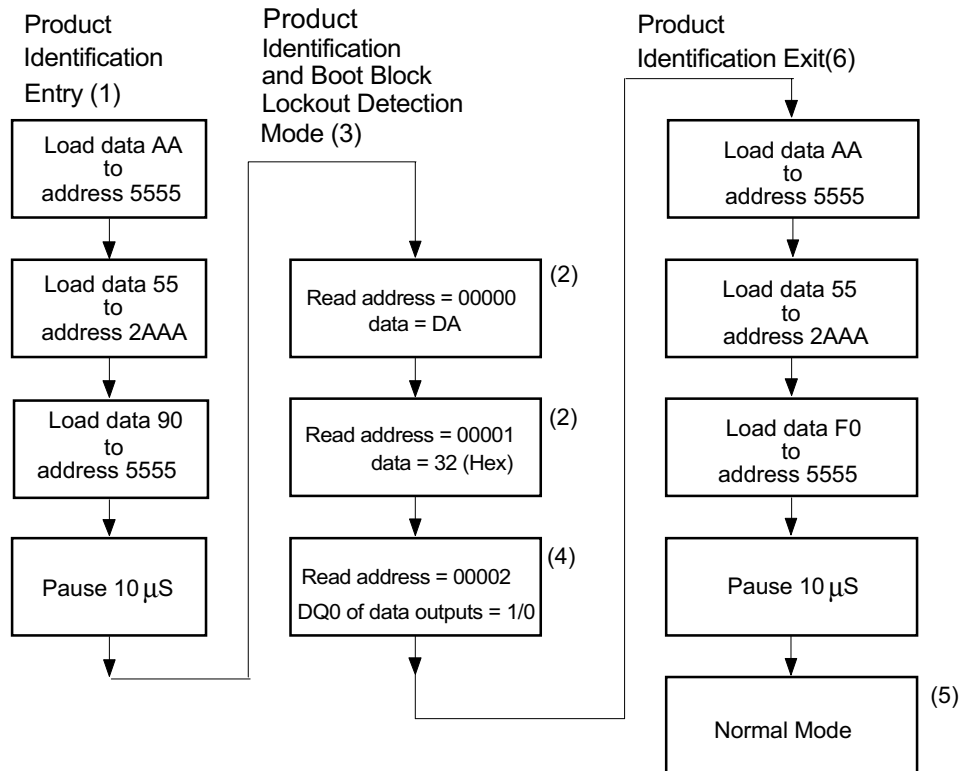
SA = 1XXXXh for Main Memory Block3

SA = 0XXXXh for Main Memory Block4

Command Codes for Product Identification and Boot Block Lockout Detection

BYTE SEQUENCE	SOFTWARE PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION/BOOT BLOCK LOCKOUT DETECTION ENTRY		SOFTWARE PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION/BOOT BLOCK LOCKOUT DETECTION EXIT(6)	
	ADDRESS	DATA	ADDRESS	DATA
1 Write	5555	AA	5555H	AAH
2 Write	2AAA	55	2AAAH	55H
3 Write	5555	90	5555H	F0H
	Pause 10μS		Pause 10μS	

Software Product Identification and Boot Block Lockout Detection Acquisition Flow



Notes for software product identification/boot block lockout detection:

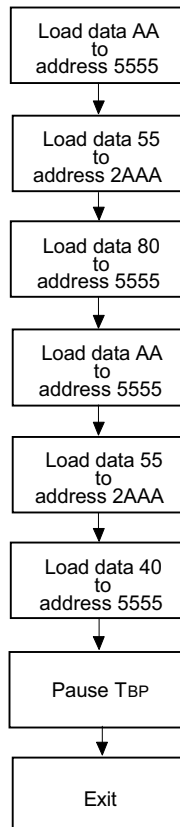
- (1) Data Format: DQ7–DQ0 (Hex); Address Format: A14–A0 (Hex)
- (2) A1–A17 = V_{IL}; manufacture code is read for A0 = V_{IL}; device code is read for A0 = V_{IH}.
- (3) The device does not remain in identification and boot block lockout detection mode if power down.
- (4) If the DQ0 of output data is "1," the boot block programming lockout feature is activated; if the DQ0 of output data "0," the lockout feature is inactivated and the block can be programmed.
- (5) The device returns to standard operation mode.
- (6) Optional 1-write cycle (write F0 hex at XXXX address) can be used to exit the product identification/boot block lockout detection.

Command Codes for Boot Block Lockout Enable

BYTE SEQUENCE	BOOT BLOCK LOCKOUT FEATURE SET	
	ADDRESS	DATA
1 Write	5555H	AAH
2 Write	2AAAH	55H
3 Write	5555H	80H
4 Write	5555H	AAH
5 Write	2AAAH	55H
6 Write	5555H	40H
Pause TBP		

Boot Block Lockout Enable Acquisition Flow

Boot Block Lockout
Feature Set Flow



Notes for boot block lockout enable:

Data Format: DQ7–DQ0 (Hex)

Address Format: A14–A0 (Hex)

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DC CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings

PARAMETER	RATING	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage to V _{ss} Potential	-0.5 to +4.1	V
Operating Temperature	0 to +70	°C
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
D.C. Voltage on Any Pin to Ground Potential	-0.5 to V _{DD} +0.5	V
Transient Voltage (<20 nS) on Any Pin to Ground Potential	-1.0 to V _{DD} +0.5	V

Note: Exposure to conditions beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may adversely affect the life and reliability of the device.

Programmer interface Mode DC Operating Characteristics

(V_{DD} = 3.3V ± 5%, V_{GND} = 0V, T_A = 0 to 70° C)

PARAMETER	SYM.	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Power Supply Current	I _{CC}	In Read or Write mode, all DQs open Address inputs = 3.0V/0V, at f = 3 MHz	-	20	30	mA
Input Leakage Current	I _{LI}	V _{IN} = GND to V _{DD}	-	-	10	μA
Output Leakage Current	I _{LO}	V _{OUT} = GND to V _{DD}	-	-	10	μA
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	-	-0.3	-	0.8	V
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	-	2.0	-	V _{DD} +0.5	V
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	I _{OL} = 2.1 mA	-	-	0.45	V
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -0.1mA	2.4	-	-	V

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FWH interface Mode DC Operating Characteristics

(V_{DD} = 3.3V ± 5%, V_{GND} = 0V, T_A = 0 to 70° C)

PARAMETER	SYM.	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS			UNIT
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
Power Supply Current	I _{CC}	All I _{out} = 0A, CLK = 33MHz, in FWH mode operation.	-	40	60	mA
Standby Current	I _{sb1}	FWH4 = 0.9 V _{DD} , CLK = 33MHz, all inputs = 0.9 V _{DD} / 0.1 V _{DD} , no internal operation	-	20	100	uA
Standby Current	I _{sb2}	FWH4 = 0.1 V _{DD} , CLK = 33MHz, all inputs = 0.9 V _{DD} / 0.1 V _{DD} , no internal operation	-	3	10	mA
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	-	-0.3	-	0.2 V _{DD}	V
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	-	0.6 V _{DD}	-	V _{DD} +0.5	V
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL}	I _{OL} = 1.5 mA	-	-	0.1 V _{DD}	V
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -0.5 mA	0.9 V _{DD}	-	-	V

Power-up Timing

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TYPICAL	UNIT
Power-up to Read Operation	T _{PU. READ}	100	μS
Power-up to Write Operation	T _{PU. WRITE}	5	mS

CAPACITANCE

(V_{DD} = 3.3V, T_A = 25° C, f = 1 MHz)

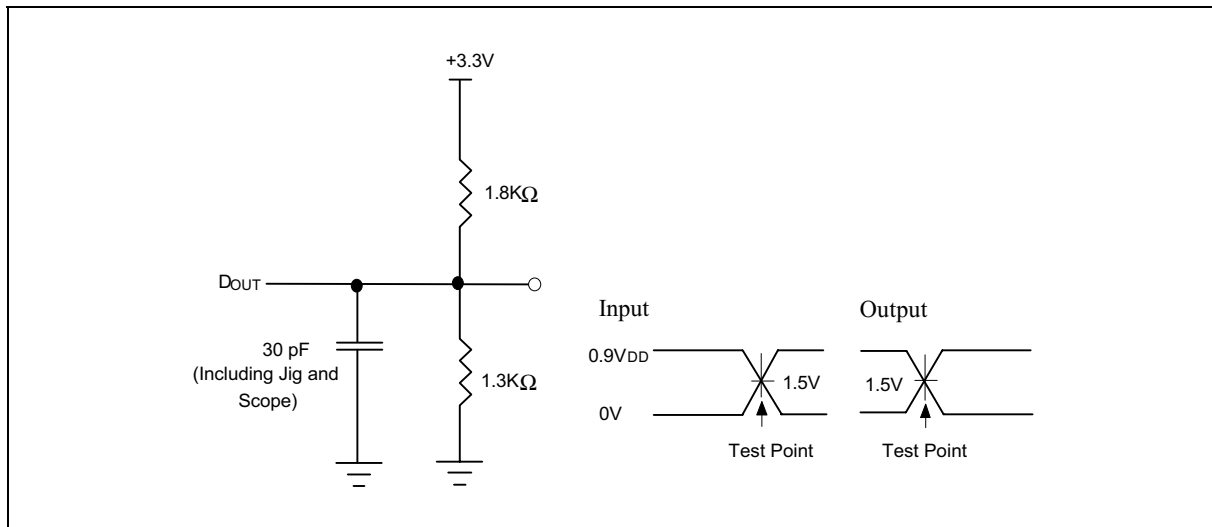
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MAX.	UNIT
I/O Pin Capacitance	C _{I/O}	V _{I/O} = 0V	12	pf
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}	V _{IN} = 0V	6	pf

PROGRAMMER INTERFACE MODE AC CHARACTERISTICS

AC Test Conditions

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS
Input Pulse Levels	0V to 0.9VDD
Input Rise/Fall Time	< 5 nS
Input/Output Timing Level	1.5V/1.5V
Output Load	1 TTL Gate and $C_L = 30$ pF

AC Test Load and Waveform



Programmer Interface Mode AC Characteristics, continued

AC Characteristics

Read Cycle Timing Parameters

(VDD = 3.3V ± 5%, VGND = 0V, TA = 0 to 70° C)

PARAMETER	SYM.	W49V002F		UNIT
		MIN.	MAX.	
Read Cycle Time	TRC	300	-	nS
Row / Column Address Set Up Time	TAS	50	-	nS
Row / Column Address Hold Time	TAH	50	-	nS
Address Access Time	TAA	-	150	nS
Output Enable Access Time	TOE	-	75	nS
$\overline{\text{OE}}$ Low to Active Output	TOLZ	0	-	nS
$\overline{\text{OE}}$ High to High-Z Output	TOHZ	-	35	nS
Output Hold from Address Change	TOH	0	-	nS

Write Cycle Timing Parameters

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Reset Time	TRST	1	-	-	μS
Address Setup Time	TAS	50	-	-	nS
Address Hold Time	TAH	50	-	-	nS
R/ $\overline{\text{C}}$ to Write Enable High Time	TCWH	50	-	-	nS
$\overline{\text{WE}}$ Pulse Width	TWP	100	-	-	nS
$\overline{\text{WE}}$ High Width	TWPH	100	-	-	nS
Data Setup Time	TDS	50	-	-	nS
Data Hold Time	TDH	50	-	-	nS
$\overline{\text{OE}}$ Hold Time	TOEH	0	-	-	nS
Byte programming Time	TBP	-	50	100	μS
Erase Cycle Time	TEC	-	0.15	0.2	S

Note: All AC timing signals observe the following guidelines for determining setup and hold times:

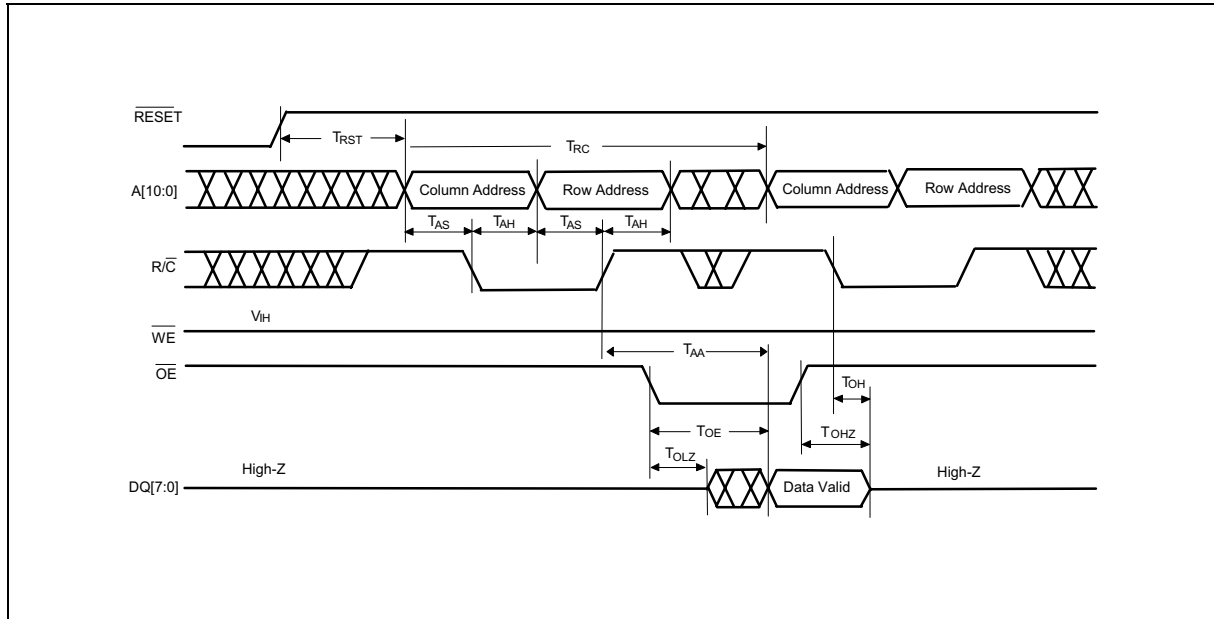
- (a) High level signal's reference level is input high and (b) low level signal's reference level is input low.
Ref. to the AC testing condition.

Data Polling and Toggle Bit Timing Parameters

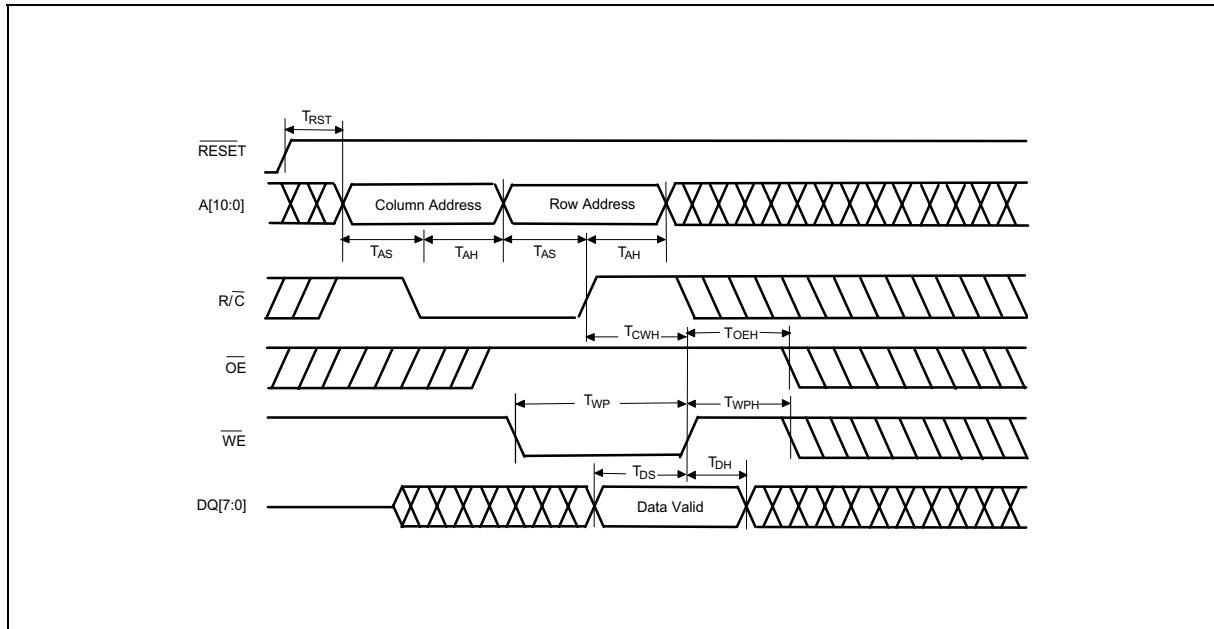
PARAMETER	SYM	W49V002F		UNIT
		MIN.	MAX.	
$\overline{\text{OE}}$ to Data Polling Output Delay	TOEP	-	40	nS
$\overline{\text{OE}}$ to Toggle Bit Output Delay	TOET	-	40	nS

TIMING WAVEFORMS FOR PROGRAMMER INTERFACE MODE

Read Cycle Timing Diagram

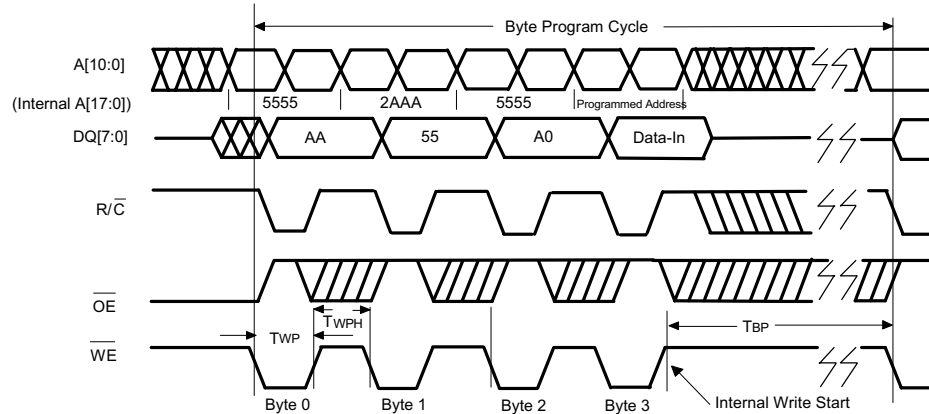


Write Cycle Timing Diagram



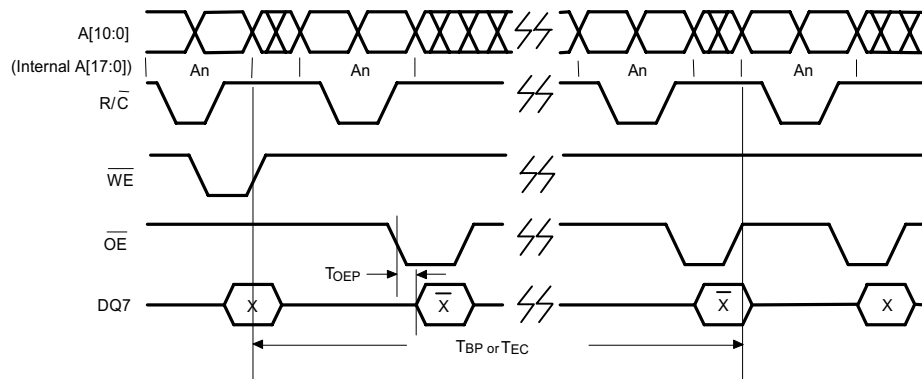
Timing Waveforms for Programmer Interface Mode, continued

Program Cycle Timing Diagram



Note: The internal address A[17:0] are converted from external Column/Row address.
 Column/Row Address are mapped to the Low/High order internal address.
 i.e. Column Address A[10:0] are mapped to the internal A[10:0],
 Row Address A[6:0] are mapped to the internal A[17:11].

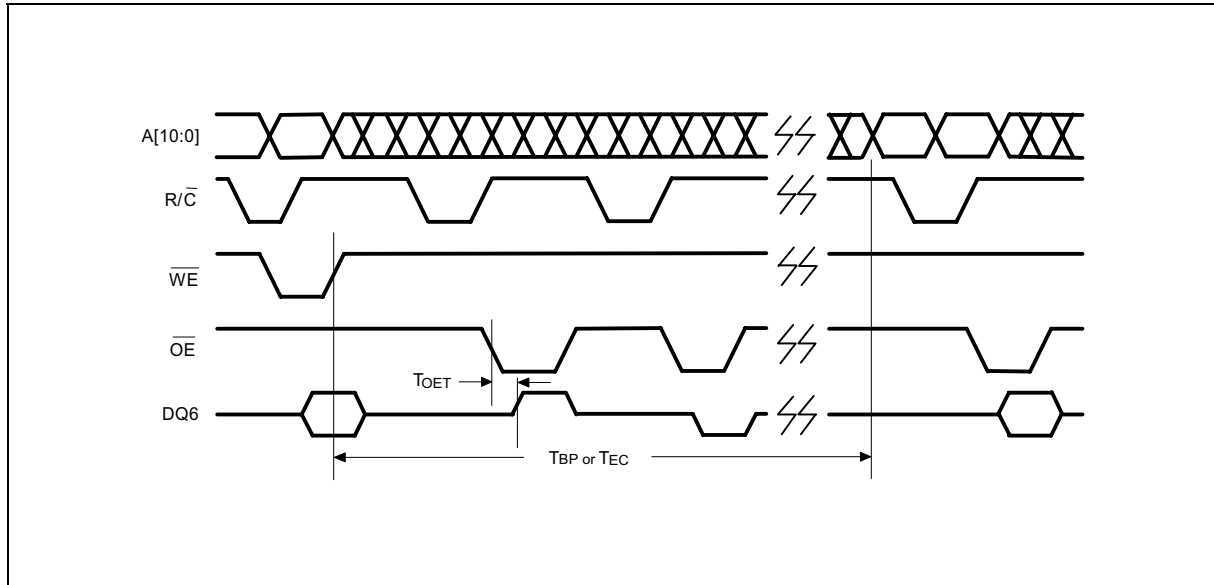
DATA Polling Timing Diagram



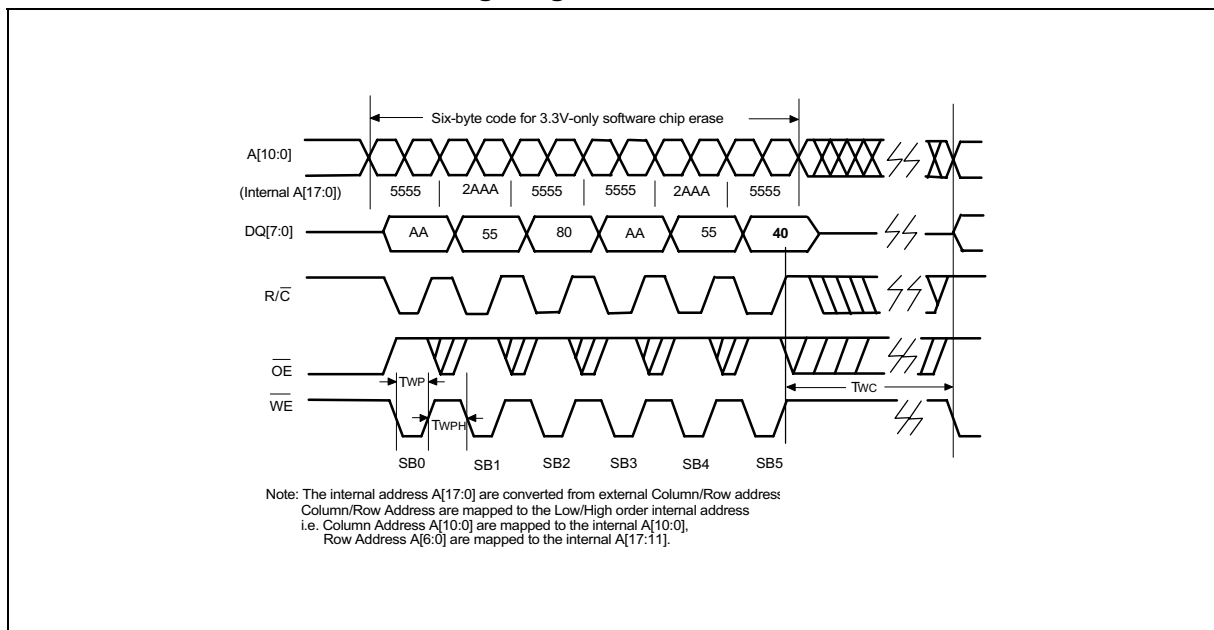


Timing Waveforms for Programmer Interface Mode, continued

Toggle Bit Timing Diagram



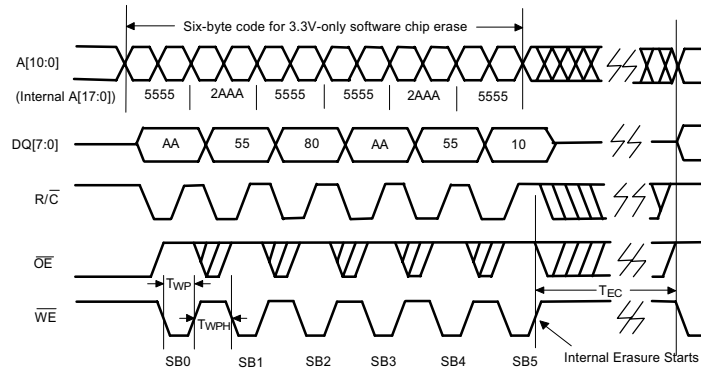
Boot Block Lockout Enable Timing Diagram





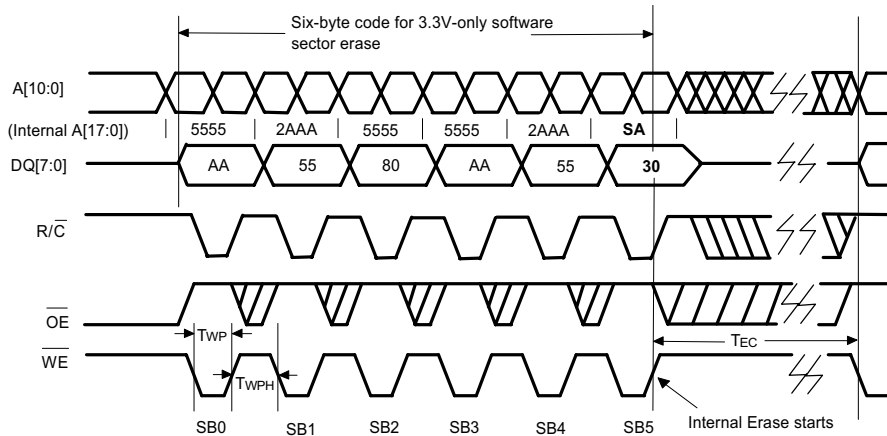
Timing Waveforms for Programmer Interface Mode, continued

Chip Erase Timing Diagram



Note: The internal address A[17:0] are converted from external Column/Row address
Column/Row Address are mapped to the Low/High order internal address.
i.e. Column Address A[10:0] are mapped to the internal A[10:0].
Row Address A[6:0] are mapped to the internal A[17:11].

Sector Erase Timing Diagram



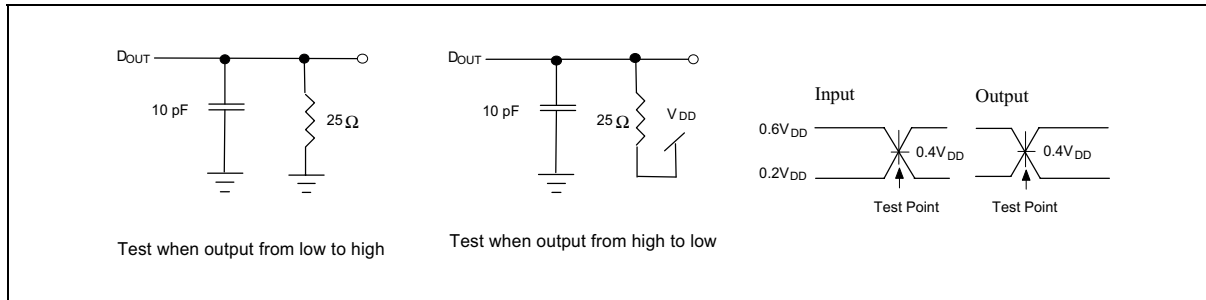
Note: The internal address A[17:0] are converted from external Column/Row address
Column/Row Address are mapped to the Low/High order internal address
i.e. Column Address A[10:0] are mapped to the internal A[10:0].
Row Address A[6:0] are mapped to the internal A[17:11].
SA = Sector Address, Please ref. to the "Table of Command Definition"

FWH INTERFACE MODE AC CHARACTERISTICS

AC Test Conditions

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS
Input Pulse Levels	0.6 V _{DD} to 0.2 V _{DD}
Input Rise/Fall Slew Rate	1 V/nS
Input/Output Timing Level	0.4V _{DD} / 0.4V _{DD}
Output Load	1 TTL Gate and C _L = 10 pF

AC Test Load and Waveform



Read/Write Cycle Timing Parameters

(V_{DD} = 3.3V ± 5%, V_{GND} = 0V, T_A = 0 to 70° C)

PARAMETER	SYM.	W49V002F		UNIT
		MIN.	MAX.	
Clock Cycle Time	T _{CYC}	30	-	nS
Input Set Up Time	T _{SU}	7	-	nS
Input Hold Time	T _{HD}	0	-	nS
Clock to Data Valid	T _{KQ}	-	11	nS

Reset Timing Parameters

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{dd} stable to Reset Active	T _{PRST}	1	-	-	mS
Clock Stable to Reset Active	T _{KRST}	100	-	-	μS
Reset Pulse Width	T _{RSTP}	100	-	-	nS
Reset Active to Output Float	T _{RSTF}	-	-	50	nS
Reset Inactive to Input Active	T _{RST}	1	-	-	μS

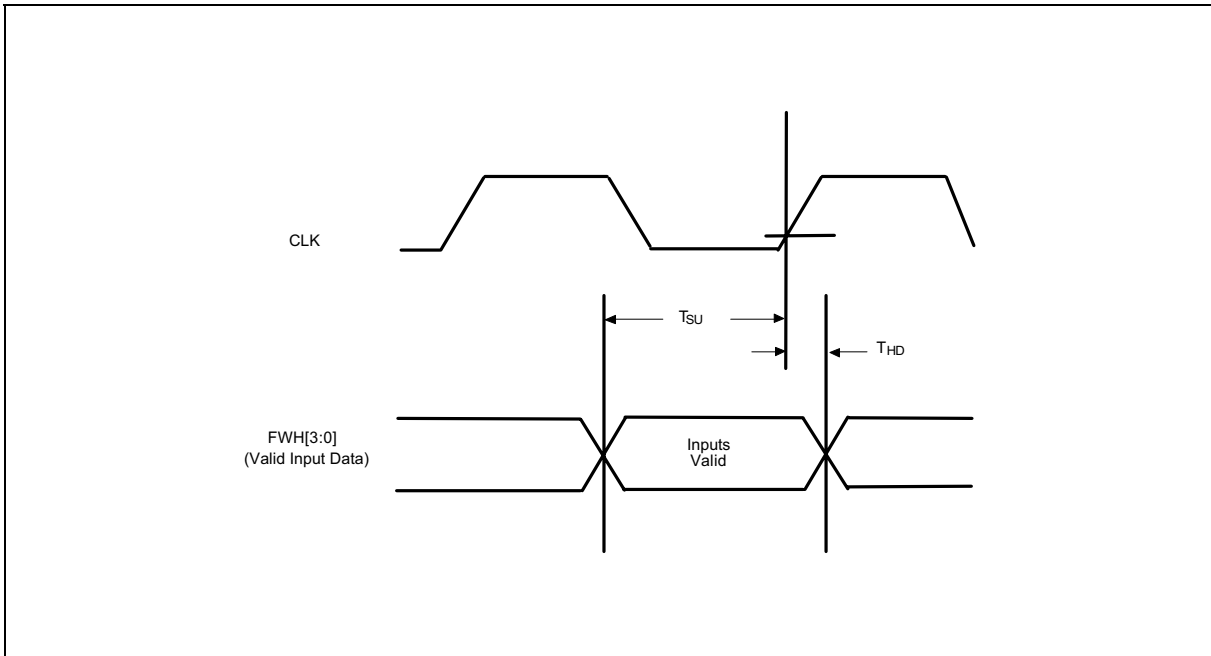
Note: All AC timing signals observe the following guidelines for determining setup and hold times:

- (a) High level signal's reference level is input high and (b) low level signal's reference level is input low.
- Ref. to the AC testing condition.

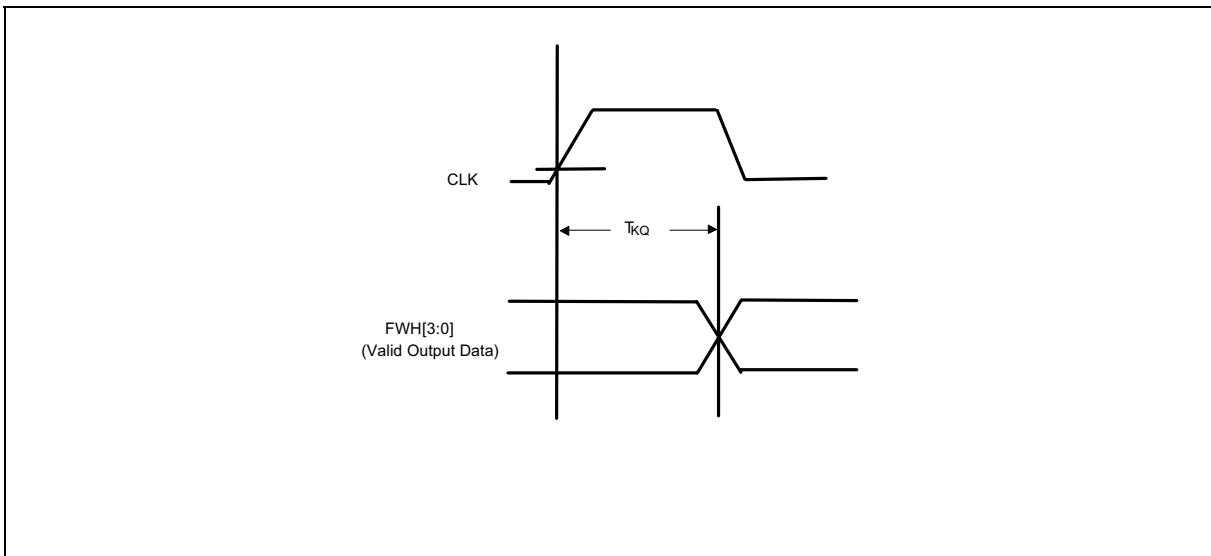


TIMING WAVEFORMS FOR FWH INTERFACE MODE

Input Timing Parameters



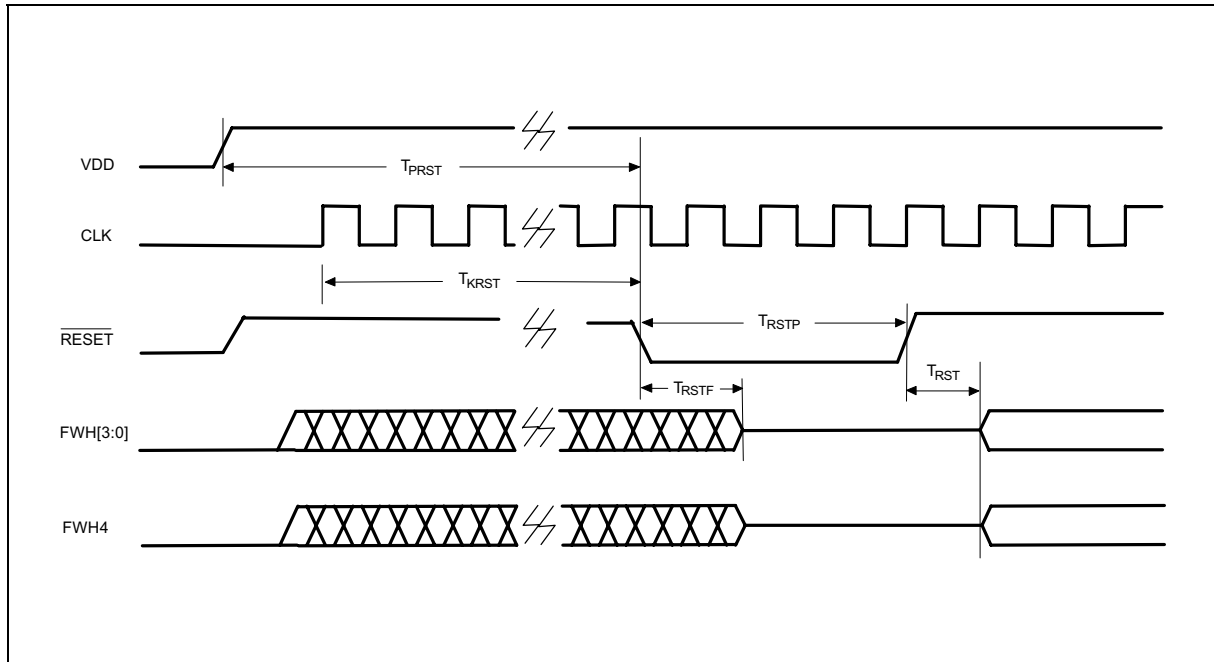
Output Timing Parameters





Timing Waveforms for FWH Interface Mode, continued

Reset Timing Diagram



ORDERING INFORMATION

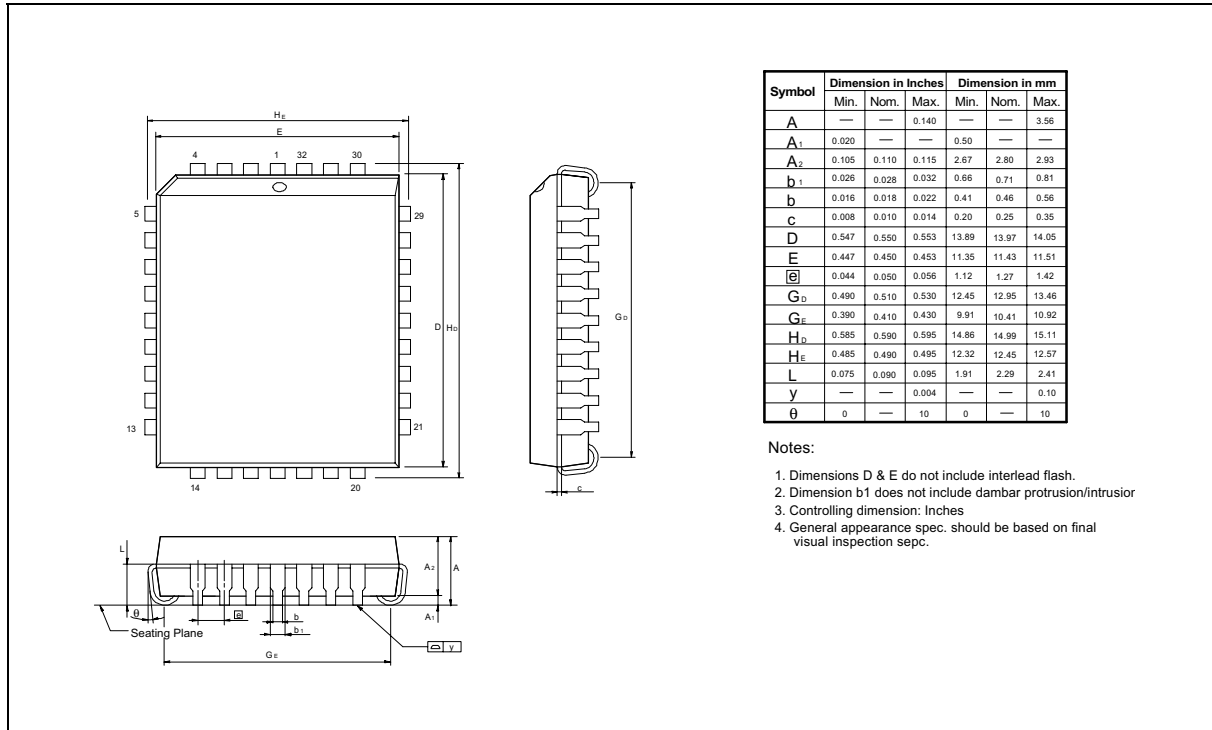
PART NO.	ACCESS TIME (nS)	POWER SUPPLY CURRENT MAX. (mA)	STANDBY VDD CURRENT MAX. (μA)	PACKAGE
W49V002FP	11	25	20	32-pin PLCC
W49V002FQ	11	25	20	32-pin TSOP
W49V002FPN	11	25	20	32-pin PLCC
W49V002FQN	11	25	20	32-pin TSOP

Notes:

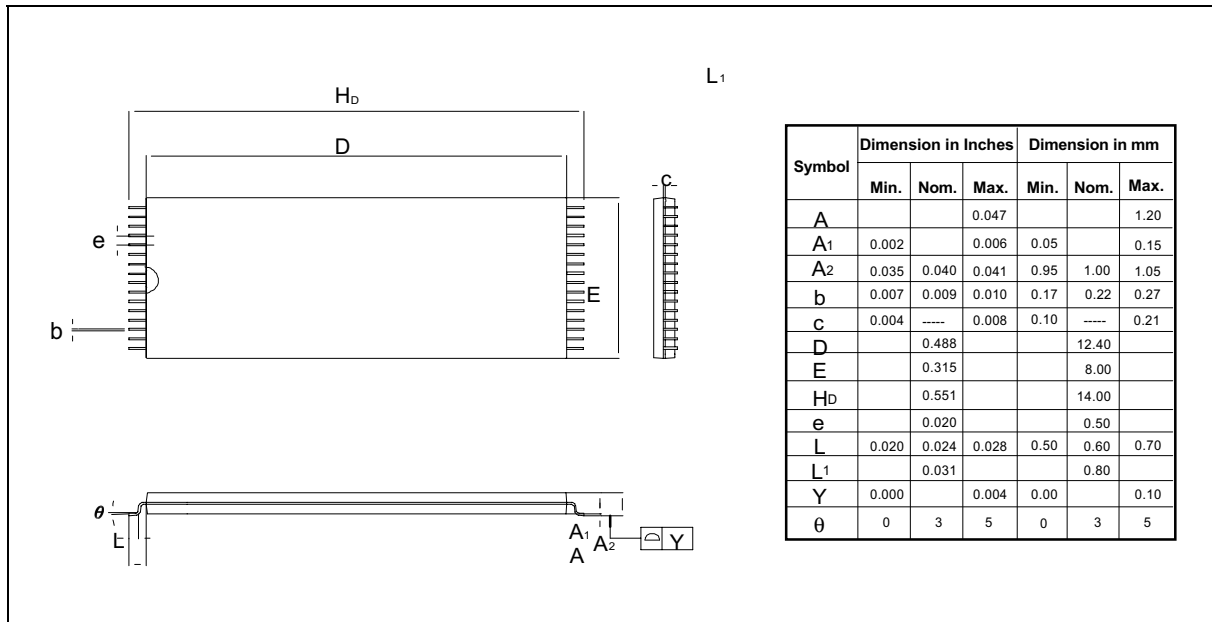
1. Winbond reserves the right to make changes to its products without prior notice.
2. Purchasers are responsible for performing appropriate quality assurance testing on products intended for use in applications where personal injury might occur as a consequence of product failure.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

32-pin PLCC



32-pin TSOP



Preliminary W49V002F



VERSION HISTORY

VERSION	DATE	PAGE	DESCRIPTION
A1	Jan. 2001	-	Initial Issued



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Note: All data and specifications are subject to change without notice.

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