

**MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L**

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

**DESCRIPTION**

The MH16S64APFC is 16777216 - word by 64-bit Synchronous DRAM module. This consists of eight industry standard 8Mx16 Synchronous DRAMs in TSOP and one industry standard EEPROM in TSSOP.

The mounting of TSOP on a card edge Dual Inline package provides any application where high densities and large quantities of memory are required.

This is a socket type - memory modules, suitable for easy interchange or addition of modules.

- Utilizes industry standard 8M x 16 Synchronous DRAMs TSOP and industry standard EEPROM in TSSOP
- 144-pin (72-pin dual in-line package)
- single 3.3V±0.3V power supply
- Clock frequency 100MHz(max.)
- Fully synchronous operation referenced to clock rising edge
- 4 bank operation controlled by BA0,1(Bank Address)
- /CAS latency- 2/3(programmable)
- Burst length- 1/2/4/8/Full Page(programmable)
- Burst type- sequential / interleave(programmable)
- Column access - random
- Auto precharge / All bank precharge controlled by A10
- Auto refresh and Self refresh
- 4096 refresh cycle /64ms
- LVTTTL Interface

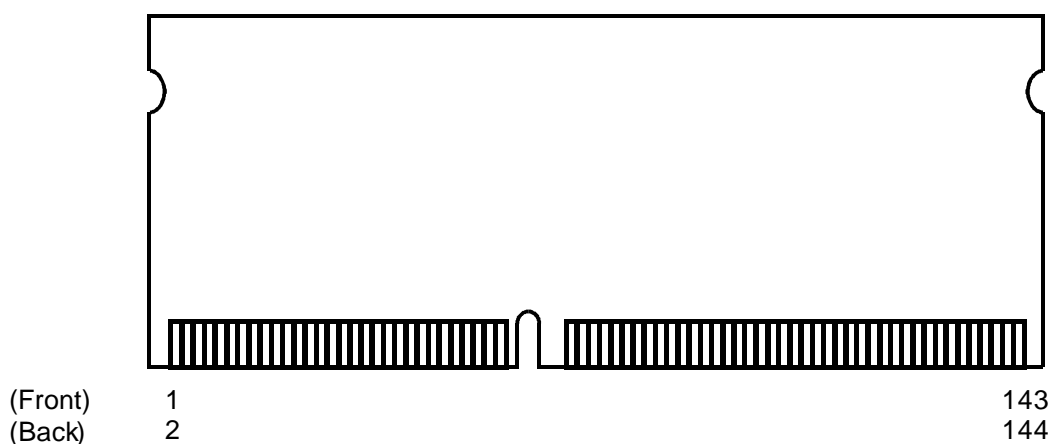
**FEATURES**

	Frequency	CLK Access Time (Component SDRAM)
-7,-7L	100MHz	6.0ns(CL=2)
-8,-8L	100MHz	6.0ns(CL=3)

PC100 compliant

**APPLICATION**

main memory or graphic memory in computer systems

**PCB Outline**

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**PIN CONFIGURATION**

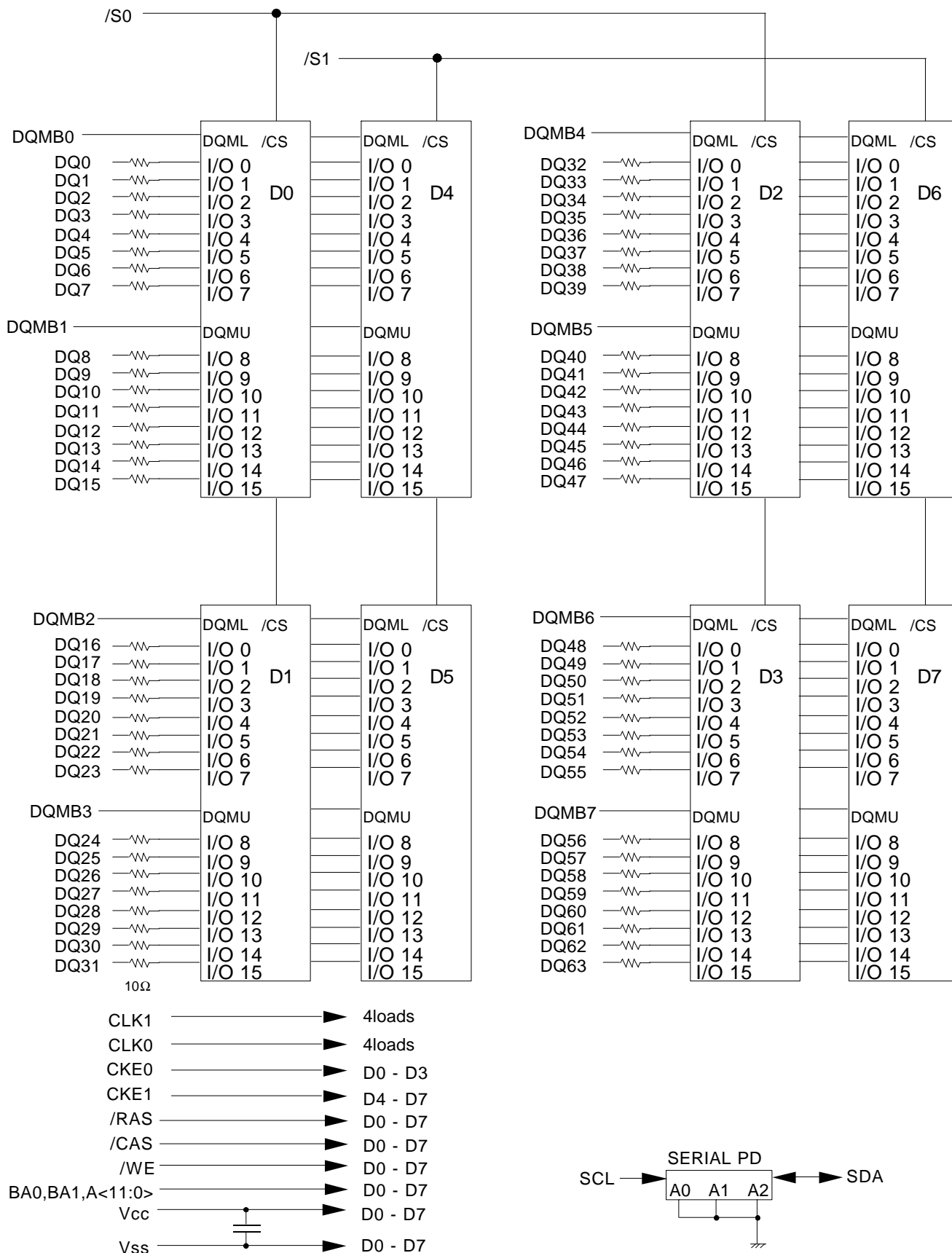
PIN Number	Front side Pin Name	PIN Number	Back side Pin Name	PIN Number	Front side Pin Name	PIN Number	Back side Pin Name
1	Vss	2	Vss	73	NC	74	CLK1
3	DQ0	4	DQ32	75	Vss	76	Vss
5	DQ1	6	DQ33	77	NC	78	NC
7	DQ2	8	DQ34	79	NC	80	NC
9	DQ3	10	DQ35	81	Vcc	82	Vcc
11	Vcc	12	Vcc	83	DQ16	84	DQ48
13	DQ4	14	DQ36	85	DQ17	86	DQ49
15	DQ5	16	DQ37	87	DQ18	88	DQ50
17	DQ6	18	DQ38	89	DQ19	90	DQ51
19	DQ7	20	DQ39	91	Vss	92	Vss
21	Vss	22	Vss	93	DQ20	94	DQ52
23	DQMB0	24	DQMB4	95	DQ21	96	DQ53
25	DQMB1	26	DQMB5	97	DQ22	98	DQ54
27	Vcc	28	Vcc	99	DQ23	100	DQ55
29	A0	30	A3	101	Vcc	102	Vcc
31	A1	32	A4	103	A6	104	A7
33	A2	34	A5	105	A8	106	BA0
35	Vss	36	Vss	107	Vss	108	Vss
37	DQ8	38	DQ40	109	A9	110	BA1
39	DQ9	40	DQ41	111	A10	112	A11
41	DQ10	42	DQ42	113	Vcc	114	Vcc
43	DQ11	44	DQ43	115	DQMB2	116	DQMB6
45	Vcc	46	Vcc	117	DQMB3	118	DQMB7
47	DQ12	48	DQ44	119	Vss	120	Vss
49	DQ13	50	DQ45	121	DQ24	122	DQ56
51	DQ14	52	DQ46	123	DQ25	124	DQ57
53	DQ15	54	DQ47	125	DQ26	126	DQ58
55	Vss	56	Vss	127	DQ27	128	DQ59
57	NC	58	NC	129	Vcc	130	Vcc
59	NC	60	NC	131	DQ28	132	DQ60
61	CLK0	62	CKE0	133	DQ29	134	DQ61
63	Vcc	64	Vcc	135	DQ30	136	DQ62
65	/RAS	66	/CAS	137	DQ31	138	DQ63
67	/WE	68	CKE1	139	Vss	140	Vss
69	/S0	70	NC	141	SDA	142	SCL
71	/S1	72	NC	143	Vcc	144	Vcc

NC = No Connection

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## Block Diagram



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**Serial Presence Detect Table I**

Byte	Function described		SPD entry data	SPD DATA(hex)
0	Defines # bytes written into serial memory at module mfg		128	80
1	Total # bytes of SPD memory device		256 Bytes	08
2	Fundamental memory type		SDRAM	04
3	# Row Addresses on this assembly		A0-A11	0C
4	# Column Addresses on this assembly		A0-A8	09
5	# Module Banks on this assembly		2BANK	02
6	Data Width of this assembly...		x64	40
7	... Data Width continuation		0	00
8	Voltage interface standard of this assembly		LVTTTL	01
9	SDRAM Cycletime at Max. Supported CAS Latency (CL). Cycle time for CL=3		10ns	A0
10	SDRAM Access from Clock tAC for CL=3		6ns	60
11	DIMM Configuration type (Non-parity,Parity,ECC)		Non-PARITY	00
12	Refresh Rate/Type		self refresh(15.625uS)	80
13	SDRAM width,Primary DRAM		x16	10
14	Error Checking SDRAM data width		N/A	00
15	Minimum Clock Delay,Back to Back Random Column Addresses		1	01
16	Burst Lengths Supported		1/2/4/8/Full page	8F
17	# Banks on Each SDRAM device		4bank	04
18	CAS# Latency		2/3	06
19	CS# Latency		0	01
20	Write Latency		0	01
21	SDRAM Module Attributes		non-buffered,non-registered	00
22	SDRAM Device Attributes:General		Precharge All,Auto precharge	0E
23	SDRAM Cycle time(2nd highest CAS latency) Cycle time for CL=2	-7,7L	10ns	A0
		-8,8L	13ns	D0
24	SDRAM Access form Clock(2nd highest CAS latency) tAC for CL=2	-7,7L	6ns	60
		-8,8L	7ns	70
25	SDRAM Cycle time(3rd highest CAS latency)		N/A	00
26	SDRAM Access form Clock(3rd highest CAS latency)		N/A	00
27	Precharge to Active Minimum		20ns	14
28	Row Active to Row Active Min.		20ns	14
29	RAS to CAS Delay Min		20ns	14
30	Active to Precharge Min		50ns	32

**Preliminary Spec.**

Some contents are subject to change without notice.

MITSUBISHI LSIs

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**Serial Presence Detect Table II**

31	Density of each bank on module	64MByte	10
32	Command and Address signal input setup time	2ns	20
33	Command and Address signal input hold time	1ns	10
34	Data signal input setup time	2ns	20
35	Data signal input hold time	1ns	10
36-61	Superset Information (may be used in future)	option	00
62	SPD Revision	rev 1.2A	12
63	Checksum for bytes 0-62	Check sum for -7,7L	4E
		Check sum for -8,-8L	0E
64-71	Manufactures Jedec ID code per JEP-108E	MITSUBISHI	1CFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
72	Manufacturing location	Miyoshi, Japan	01
		Tajima, Japan	02
		NC, USA	03
		Germany	04
73-90	Manufactures Part Number	MH16S64APFC-7	4D483136533634415046432D372020202020
		MH16S64APFC-7L	4D483136533634415046432D374C20202020
		MH16S64APFC-8	4D483136533634415046432D382020202020
		MH16S64APFC-8L	4D483136533634415046432D384C20202020
91-92	Revision Code	PCB revision	rrrr
93-94	Manufacturing date	year/week code	yyww
95-98	Assembly Serial Number	serial number	ssssssss
99-125	Manufacture Specific Data	option	00
126	Intel specification frequency	-7,7L-8,8L	100MHz
127	Intel specification CAS# Latency support	-7,7L	8F
		-8,8L	8D
128+	Unused storage locations	open	00

## PIN FUNCTION

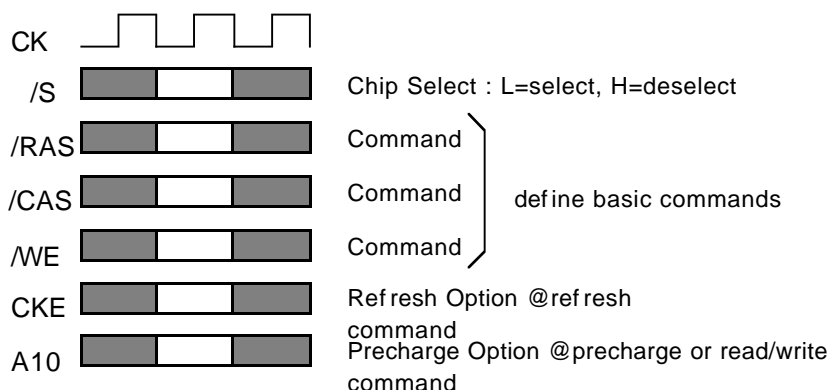
CLK0,1	Input	Master Clock: All other inputs are referenced to the rising edge of CK
CKE0,1	Input	Clock Enable: CKE controls internal clock. When CKE is low, internal clock for the following cycle is ceased. CKE is also used to select auto / self refresh. After self refresh mode is started, CKE E becomes asynchronous input. Self refresh is maintained as long as CKE is low.
/S0,1	Input	Chip Select: When /S is high, any command means No Operation.
/RAS,/CAS,/WE	Input	Combination of /RAS,/CAS,/WE defines basic commands.
A0-11	Input	A0-11 specify the Row/Column Address in conjunction with BA0,1. The Row Address is specified by A0-11. The Column Address is specified by A0-8. A10 is also used to indicate precharge option. When A10 is high at a read / write command, an auto precharge is performed. When A10 is high at a precharge command, both banks are precharged.
BA0,1	Input	Bank Address: BA0,1 is not simply BA. BA specifies the bank to which a command is applied. BA0,1 must be set with ACT, PRE, READ, WRITE commands
DQ0-63	Input/Output	Data In and Data out are referenced to the rising edge of CK
DQMB0-7	Input	Din Mask/Output Disable: When DQMB is high in burst write, Din for the current cycle is masked. When DQMB is high in burst read, Dout is disabled at the next but one cycle.
Vdd,Vss	Power Supply	Power Supply for the memory mounted module.
SCL	Input	Serial clock for serial PD
SDA	Output	Serial data for serial PD

## BASIC FUNCTIONS

The MH16S64APFC provides basic functions, bank(row) activate, burst read / write, bank(row) precharge, and auto / self refresh.

Each command is defined by control signals of /RAS, /CAS and /WE at CK rising edge. In addition to 3 signals, /S, CKE and A10 are used as chip select, refresh option, and precharge option, respectively.

To know the detailed definition of commands please see the command truth table.



### Activate(ACT) [/RAS =L, /CAS = /WE =H]

ACT command activates a row in an idle bank indicated by BA.

### Read(READ) [/RAS =H, /CAS =L, /WE =H]

READ command starts burst read from the active bank indicated by BA. First output data appears after /CAS latency. When A10 =H at this command, the bank is deactivated after the burst read(auto-precharge, **READA**).

### Write(WRITE) [/RAS =H, /CAS = /WE =L]

WRITE command starts burst write to the active bank indicated by BA. Total data length to be written is set by burst length. When A10 =H at this command, the bank is deactivated after the burst write(auto-precharge, **WRITEA**).

### Precharge(PRE) [/RAS =L, /CAS =H, /WE =L]

PRE command deactivates the active bank indicated by BA. This command also terminates burst read / write operation. When A10 =H at this command, both banks are deactivated(precharge all, **PREA**).

### Auto-Refresh(REFA) [/RAS =/CAS =L, /WE =CKE =H]

REFA command starts auto-refresh cycle. Refresh address including bank address are generated internally. After this command, the banks are precharged automatically.

**COMMAND TRUTH TABLE**

COMMAND	MNEMONIC	CKE <sub>n-1</sub>	CKE <sub>n</sub>	/S	/RAS	/CAS	/WE	BA0,1	A11	A10	A0-9
Deselect	DESEL	H	X	H	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
No Operation	NOP	H	X	L	H	H	H	X	X	X	X
Row Address Entry & Bank Activate	ACT	H	X	L	L	H	H	V	V	V	V
Single Bank Precharge	PRE	H	X	L	L	H	L	V	X	L	X
Precharge All Bank	PREA	H	X	L	L	H	L	X	X	H	X
Column Address Entry & Write	WRITE	H	X	L	H	L	L	V	V	L	V
Column Address Entry & Write with Auto-Precharge	WRITEA	H	X	L	H	L	L	V	V	H	V
Column Address Entry & Read	READ	H	X	L	H	L	H	V	V	L	V
Column Address Entry & Read with Auto-Precharge	READA	H	X	L	H	L	H	V	V	H	V
Auto-Refresh	REFA	H	H	L	L	L	H	X	X	X	X
Self-Refresh Entry	REFS	H	L	L	L	L	H	X	X	X	X
Self-Refresh Exit	REFSX	L	H	H	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
		L	H	L	H	H	H	X	X	X	X
Burst Terminate	TERM	H	X	L	H	H	L	X	X	X	X
Mode Register Set	MRS	H	X	L	L	L	L	L	L	L	V*1

H = High Level, L = Low Level, V = Valid, X = Don't Care, n = CK cycle number

**NOTE:**

1.A7-9 = 0, A0-6 = Mode Address



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**FUNCTION TRUTH TABLE**

Current State	/S	/RAS	/CAS	/WE	Address	Command	Action
IDLE	H	X	X	X	X	DESEL	NOP
	L	H	H	H	X	NOP	NOP
	L	H	H	L	BA	TBST	ILLEGAL*2
	L	H	L	X	BA,CA,A10	READ/WRITE	ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	H	H	BA,RA	ACT	Bank Active,Latch RA
	L	L	H	L	BA,A10	PRE/PREA	NOP*4
	L	L	L	H	X	REFA	Auto-Refresh*5
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	Mode Register Set*5
ROW ACTIVE	H	X	X	X	X	DESEL	NOP
	L	H	H	H	X	NOP	NOP
	L	H	H	L	BA	TBST	NOP
	L	H	L	H	BA,CA,A10	READ/READA	Begin Read,Latch CA, Determine Auto-Precharge
	L	H	L	L	BA,CA,A10	WRITE/ WRITEA	Begin Write,Latch CA, Determine Auto-Precharge
	L	L	H	H	BA,RA	ACT	Bank Active/ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	H	L	BA,A10	PRE/PREA	Precharge/Precharge All
	L	L	L	H	X	REFA	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL
READ	H	X	X	X	X	DESEL	NOP(Continue Burst to END)
	L	H	H	H	X	NOP	NOP(Continue Burst to END)
	L	H	H	L	BA	TBST	Terminate Burst
	L	H	L	H	BA,CA,A10	READ/READA	Terminate Burst,Latch CA, Begin New Read,Determine Auto-Precharge*3
	L	H	L	L	BA,CA,A10	WRITE/WRITEA	Terminate Burst,Latch CA, Begin Write,Determine Auto- Precharge*3
	L	L	H	H	BA,RA	ACT	Bank Active/ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	H	L	BA,A10	PRE/PREA	Terminate Burst,Precharge
	L	L	L	H	X	REFA	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL

## FUNCTION TRUTH TABLE(continued)

Current State	/S	/RAS	/CAS	/WE	Address	Command	Action
WRITE	H	X	X	X	X	DESEL	NOP(Continue Burst to END)
	L	H	H	H	X	NOP	NOP(Continue Burst to END)
	L	H	H	L	BA	TBST	Terminate Burst
	L	H	L	H	BA,CA,A10	READ/READA	Terminate Burst,Latch CA, Begin Read,Determine Auto-Precharge*3
	L	H	L	L	BA,CA,A10	WRITE/ WRITEA	Terminate Burst,Latch CA, Begin Write,Determine Auto-Precharge*3
	L	L	H	H	BA,RA	ACT	Bank Active/ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	H	L	BA,A10	PRE/PREA	Terminate Burst,Precharge
	L	L	L	H	X	REFA	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL
READ with AUTO PRECHARGE	H	X	X	X	X	DESEL	NOP(Continue Burst to END)
	L	H	H	H	X	NOP	NOP(Continue Burst to END)
	L	H	H	L	BA	TBST	ILLEGAL
	L	H	L	H	BA,CA,A10	READ/READA	ILLEGAL
	L	H	L	L	BA,CA,A10	WRITE/ WRITEA	ILLEGAL
	L	L	H	H	BA,RA	ACT	Bank Active/ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	H	L	BA,A10	PRE/PREA	ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	L	H	X	REFA	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL
WRITE with AUTO PRECHARGE	H	X	X	X	X	DESEL	NOP(Continue Burst to END)
	L	H	H	H	X	NOP	NOP(Continue Burst to END)
	L	H	H	L	BA	TBST	ILLEGAL
	L	H	L	H	BA,CA,A10	READ/READA	ILLEGAL
	L	H	L	L	BA,CA,A10	WRITE/ WRITEA	ILLEGAL
	L	L	H	H	BA,RA	ACT	Bank Active/ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	H	L	BA,A10	PRE/PREA	ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	L	H	X	REFA	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL

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**FUNCTION TRUTH TABLE(continued)**

Current State	/S	/RAS	/CAS	/WE	Address	Command	Action
PRE - CHARGING	H	X	X	X	X	DESEL	NOP(Idle after tRP)
	L	H	H	H	X	NOP	NOP(Idle after tRP)
	L	H	H	L	BA	TBST	ILLEGAL*2
	L	H	L	X	BA,CA,A10	READ/WRITE	ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	H	H	BA,RA	ACT	ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	H	L	BA,A10	PRE/PREA	NOP*4(Idle after tRP)
	L	L	L	H	X	REFA	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL
ROW ACTIVATING	H	X	X	X	X	DESEL	NOP(Row Active after tRCD
	L	H	H	H	X	NOP	NOP(Row Active after tRCD
	L	H	H	L	BA	TBST	ILLEGAL*2
	L	H	L	X	BA,CA,A10	READ/WRITE	ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	H	H	BA,RA	ACT	ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	H	L	BA,A10	PRE/PREA	ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	L	H	X	REFA	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL
WRITE RE- COVERING	H	X	X	X	X	DESEL	NOP
	L	H	H	H	X	NOP	NOP
	L	H	H	L	BA	TBST	ILLEGAL*2
	L	H	L	X	BA,CA,A10	READ/WRITE	ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	H	H	BA,RA	ACT	ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	H	L	BA,A10	PRE/PREA	ILLEGAL*2
	L	L	L	H	X	REFA	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL

**FUNCTION TRUTH TABLE(continued)**

Current State	/S	/RAS	/CAS	/WE	Address	Command	Action
RE-FRESHING	H	X	X	X	X	DESEL	NOP(Idle after tRC)
	L	H	H	H	X	NOP	NOP(Idle after tRC)
	L	H	H	L	BA	TBST	ILLEGAL
	L	H	L	X	BA,CA,A10	READ/WRITE	ILLEGAL
	L	L	H	H	BA,RA	ACT	ILLEGAL
	L	L	H	L	BA,A10	PRE/PREA	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	H	X	REFA	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL
MODE REGISTER SETTING	H	X	X	X	X	DESEL	NOP(Idle after tRSC)
	L	H	H	H	X	NOP	NOP(Idle after tRSC)
	L	H	H	L	BA	TBST	ILLEGAL
	L	H	L	X	BA,CA,A10	READ/WRITE	ILLEGAL
	L	L	H	H	BA,RA	ACT	ILLEGAL
	L	L	H	L	BA,A10	PRE/PREA	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	H	X	REFA	ILLEGAL
	L	L	L	L	Op-Code, Mode-Add	MRS	ILLEGAL

**ABBREVIATIONS:**

H = High Level, L = Low Level, X = Don't Care

BA = Bank Address, RA = Row Address, CA = Column Address, NOP = No Operation

**NOTES:**

1. All entries assume that CKE was High during the preceding clock cycle and the current clock cycle.
2. ILLEGAL to bank in specified state; function may be legal in the bank indicated by BA, depending on the state of that bank.
3. Must satisfy bus contention, bus turn around, write recovery requirements.
4. NOP to bank precharging or in idle state. May precharge bank indicated by BA.
5. ILLEGAL if any bank is not idle.

ILLEGAL = Device operation and / or data-integrity are not guaranteed.

## FUNCTION TRUTH TABLE FOR CKE

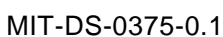
Current State	CK <sub>n-1</sub>	CK <sub>n</sub>	/S	/RAS	/CAS	/WE	Add	Action
SELF - REFRESH*1	H	X	X	X	X	X	X	INVALID
	L	H	H	X	X	X	X	Exit Self-Refresh (Idle after tRC)
	L	H	L	H	H	H	X	Exit Self-Refresh (Idle after tRC)
	L	H	L	H	H	L	X	ILLEGAL
	L	H	L	H	L	X	X	ILLEGAL
	L	H	L	L	X	X	X	ILLEGAL
	L	L	X	X	X	X	X	NOP (Maintain Self-Refresh)
POWER DOWN	H	X	X	X	X	X	X	INVALID
	L	H	X	X	X	X	X	Exit Power Down to Idle
	L	L	X	X	X	X	X	NOP (Maintain Self-Refresh)
ALL BANKS IDLE*2	H	H	X	X	X	X	X	Refer to Function Truth Table
	H	L	L	L	L	H	X	Enter Self-Refresh
	H	L	H	X	X	X	X	Enter Power Down
	H	L	L	H	H	H	X	Enter Power Down
	H	L	L	H	H	L	X	ILLEGAL
	H	L	L	H	L	X	X	ILLEGAL
	H	L	L	L	X	X	X	ILLEGAL
	L	X	X	X	X	X	X	Refer to Current State = Power Down
ANY STATE other than listed above	H	H	X	X	X	X	X	Refer to Function Truth Table
	H	L	X	X	X	X	X	Begin CK0 Suspend at Next Cycle*3
	L	H	X	X	X	X	X	Exit CK0 Suspend at Next Cycle*3
	L	L	X	X	X	X	X	Maintain CK0 Suspend

### ABBREVIATIONS:

H = High Level, L = Low Level, X = Don't Care

### NOTES:

1. CKE Low to High transition will re-enable CK and other inputs **asynchronously**. A minimum setup time must be satisfied before any command other than EXIT.
2. Power-Down and Self-Refresh can be entered only from the All banks idle State.
3. Must be legal command.



## **POWER ON SEQUENCE**

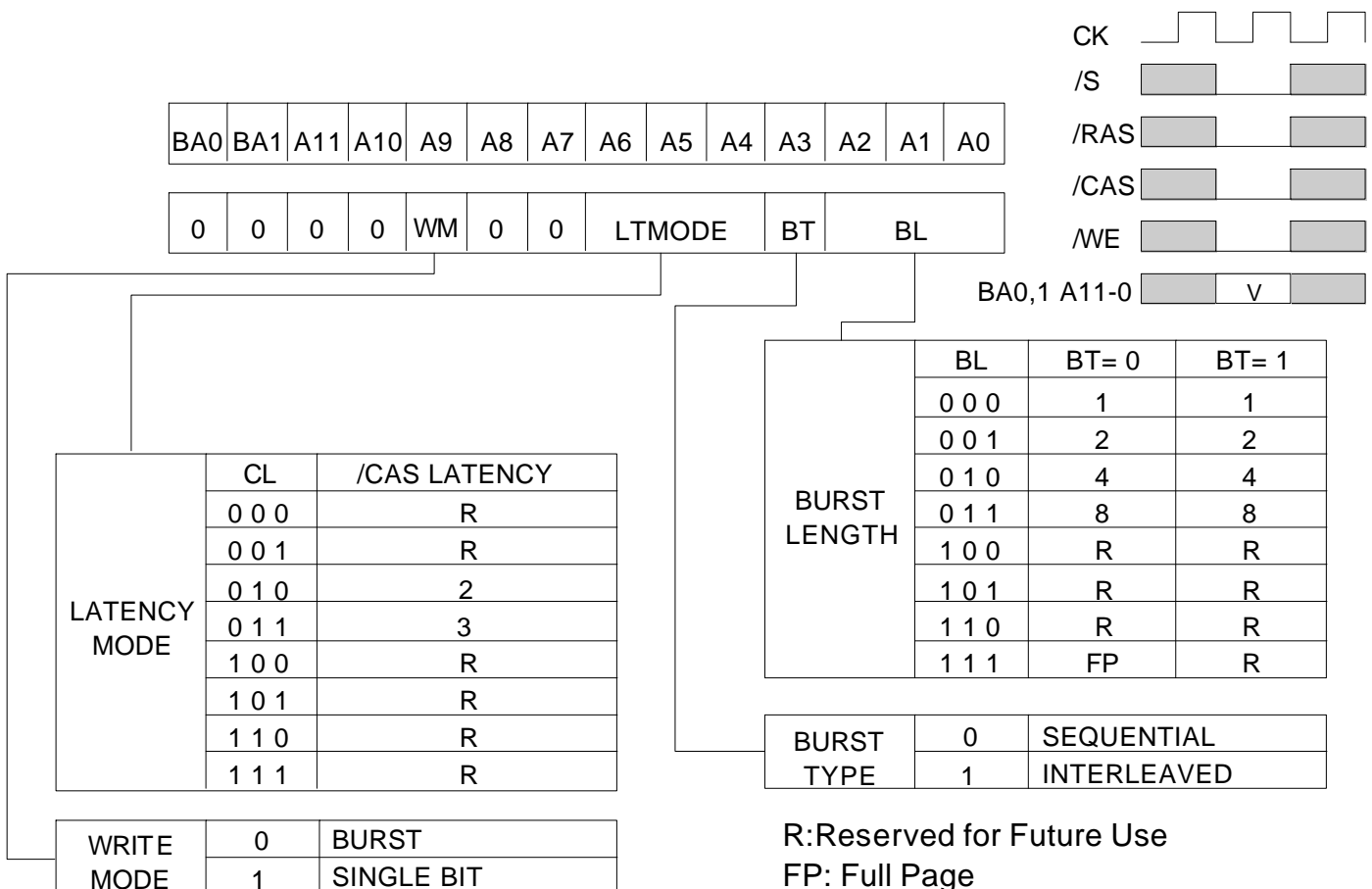
Before starting normal operation, the following power on sequence is necessary to prevent a SDRAM from damaged or malfunctioning.

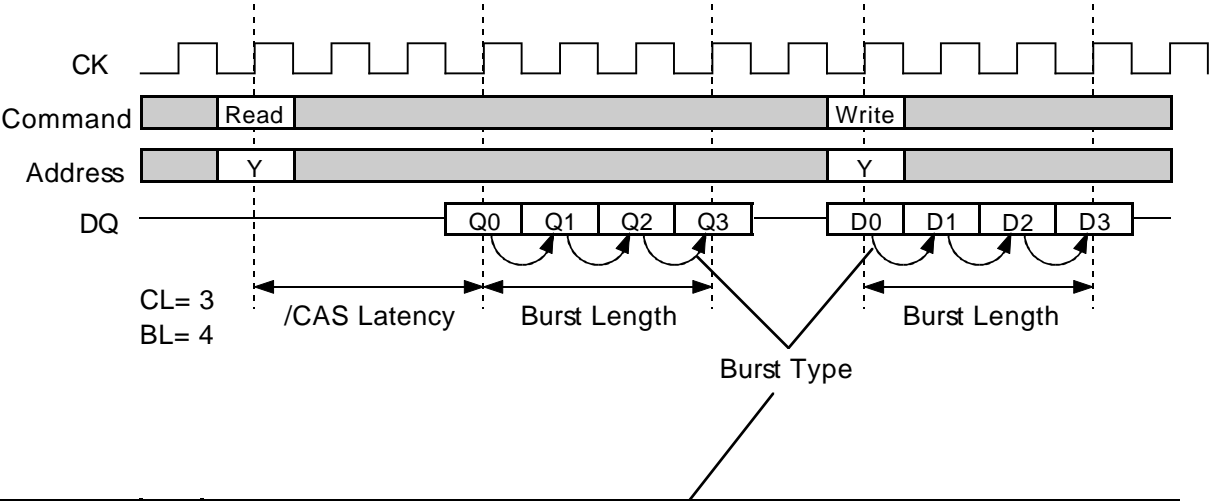
1. Apply power and start clock. Attempt to maintain CKE high, DQM0-7 high and NOP condition at the inputs.
2. Maintain stable power, stable clock, and NOP input conditions for a minimum of 200us.
3. Issue precharge commands for all banks. (PRE or PREA)
4. After all banks become idle state (after tRP), issue 8 or more auto-refresh commands.
5. Issue a mode register set command to initialize the mode register.

After these sequence, the SDRAM is idle state and ready for normal operation.

## **MODE REGISTER**

Burst Length, Burst Type and /CAS Latency can be programmed by setting the mode register(MRS). The mode register stores these data until the next MRS command, which may be issued when both banks are in idle state. After tRSC from a MRS command, the SDRAM is ready for new command.





Initial Address			BL	Column Addressing															
A2	A1	A0		Sequential								Interleaved							
0	0	0	8	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	0	1		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	1	0	3	2	5	4	7	6
0	1	0		2	3	4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3	0	1	6	7	4	5
0	1	1		3	4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4
1	0	0		4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	1	2	3
1	0	1		5	6	7	0	1	2	3	4	5	4	7	6	1	0	3	2
1	1	0		6	7	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	4	5	2	3	0	1
1	1	1		7	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
-	0	0	4	0	1	2	3					0	1	2	3				
-	0	1		1	2	3	0					1	0	3	2				
-	1	0		2	3	0	1					2	3	0	1				
-	1	1		3	0	1	2					3	2	1	0				
-	-	0	2	0	1							0	1						
-	-	1		1	0							1	0						



**MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L**

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

**OPERATION DESCRIPTION****BANK ACTIVATE**

One of four banks is activated by an ACT command.

An bank is selected by BA0-1. A row is selected by A0-11.

Multiple banks can be active state concurrently by issuing multiple ACT commands.

Minimum activation interval between one bank and another bank is  $t_{RRD}$ .

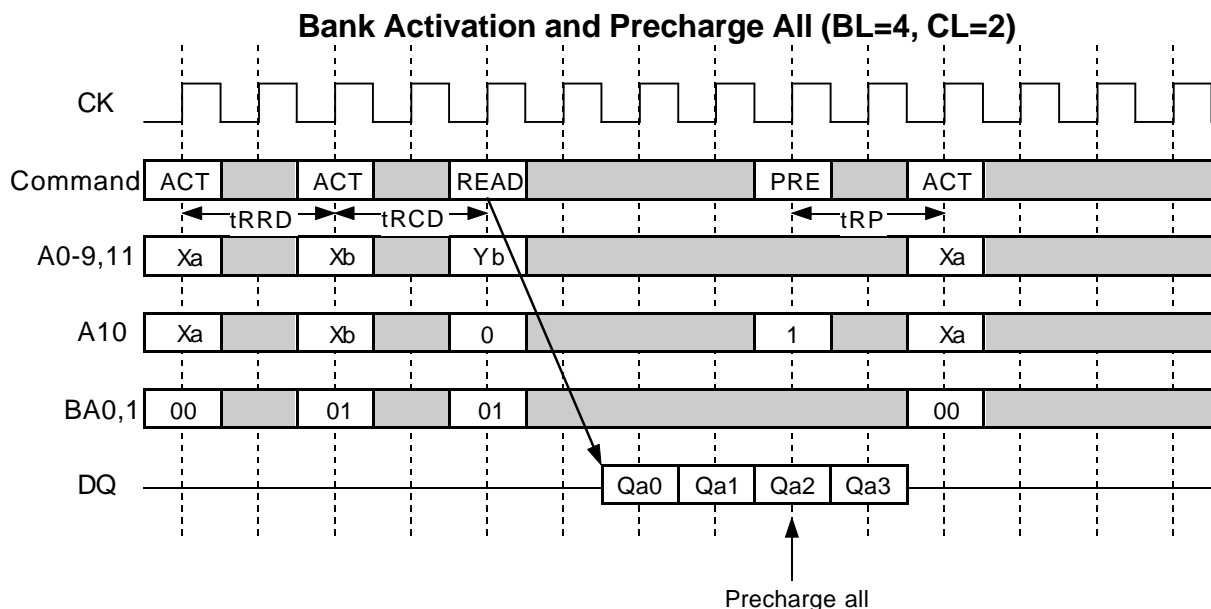
**PRECHARGE**

An open bank is deactivated by a PRE command.

A bank to be deactivated is designated by BA0-1.

When multiple banks are active, a precharge all command (PREA, PRE + A10=H) deactivates all of open banks at the same time. BA0-1 are "Don't Care" in this case.

Minimum delay time of an ACT command after a PRE command to the same bank is  $t_{RP}$ .

**READ**

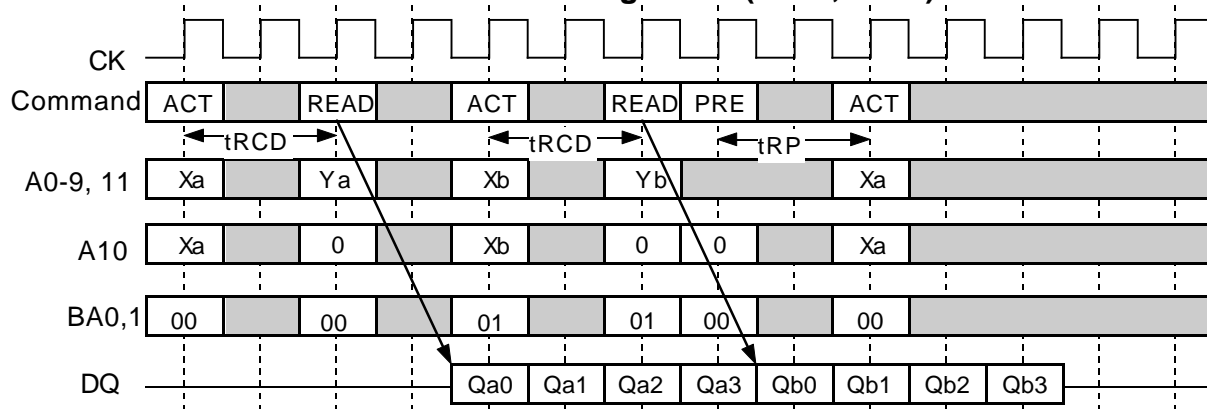
A READ command can be issued to any active bank. The start address is specified by A0-8 (x16). 1st output data is available after the /CAS Latency from the READ. The consecutive data length is defined by the Burst Length. The address sequence of the burst data is defined by the Burst Type. Minimum delay time of a READ command after an ACT command to the same bank is  $t_{RCD}$ .

When A10 is high at a READ command, auto-precharge (READA) is performed. Any command (READ, WRITE, PRE, ACT, TBST) to the same bank is inhibited till the internal precharge is complete. The internal precharge starts at the BL after READA. The next ACT command can be issued after  $(BL + t_{RP})$  from the previous READA. In any case,  $t_{RCD} + BL \geq t_{RASmin}$  must be met.

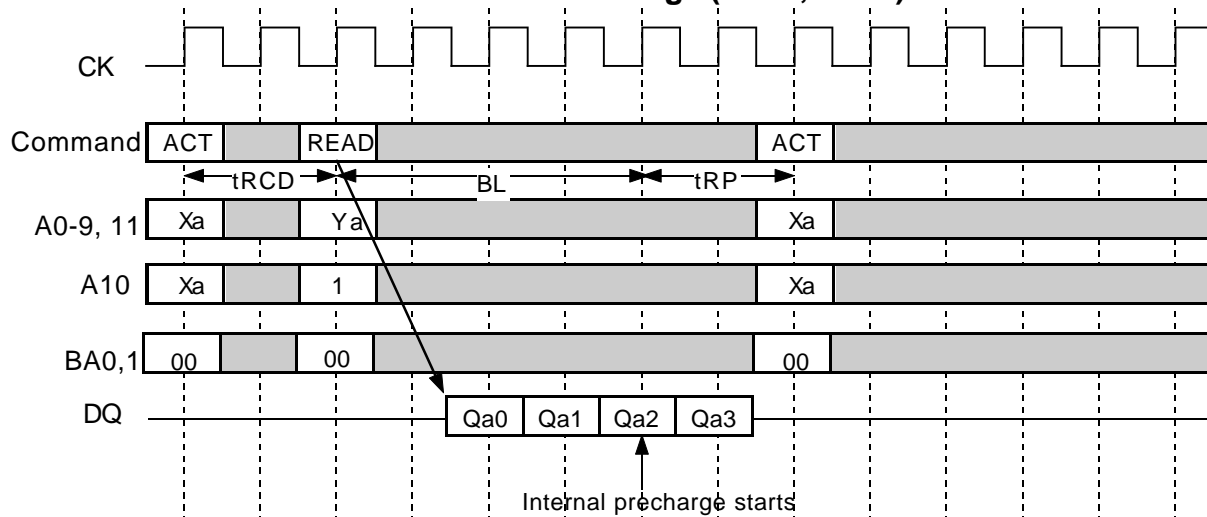
# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

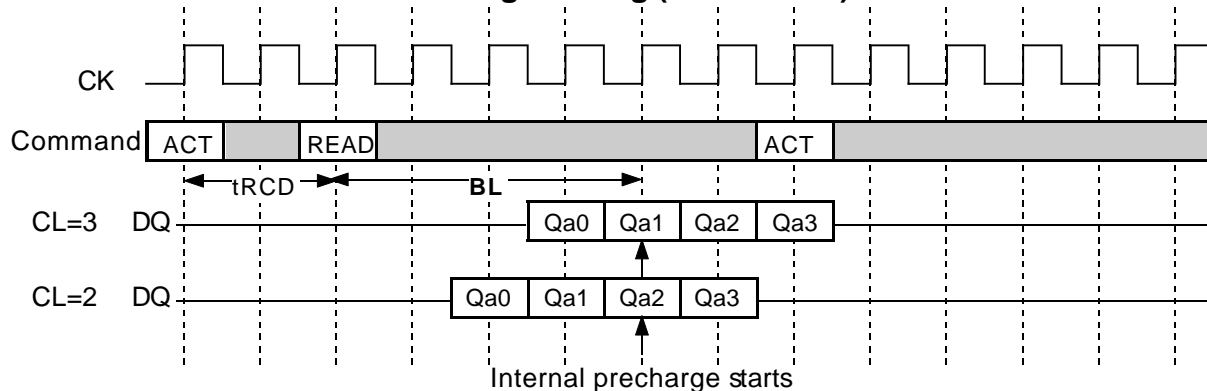
## Multi Bank Interleaving READ (BL=4, CL=2)



## READ with Auto-Precharge (BL=4, CL=2)



## Auto-Precharge Timing (READ BL=4)

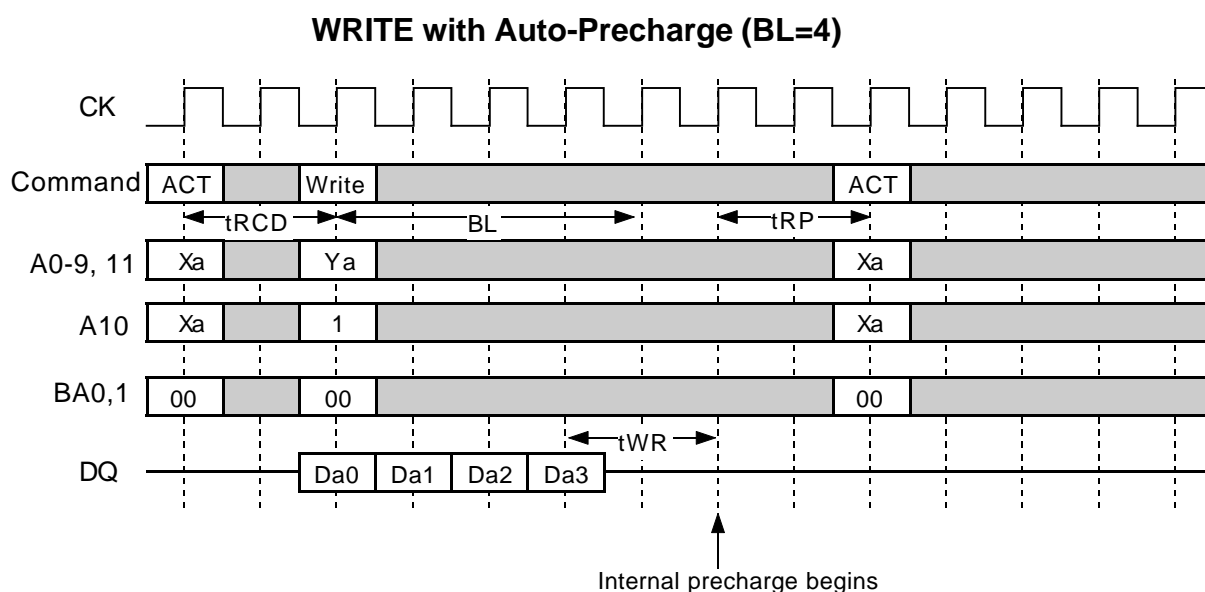
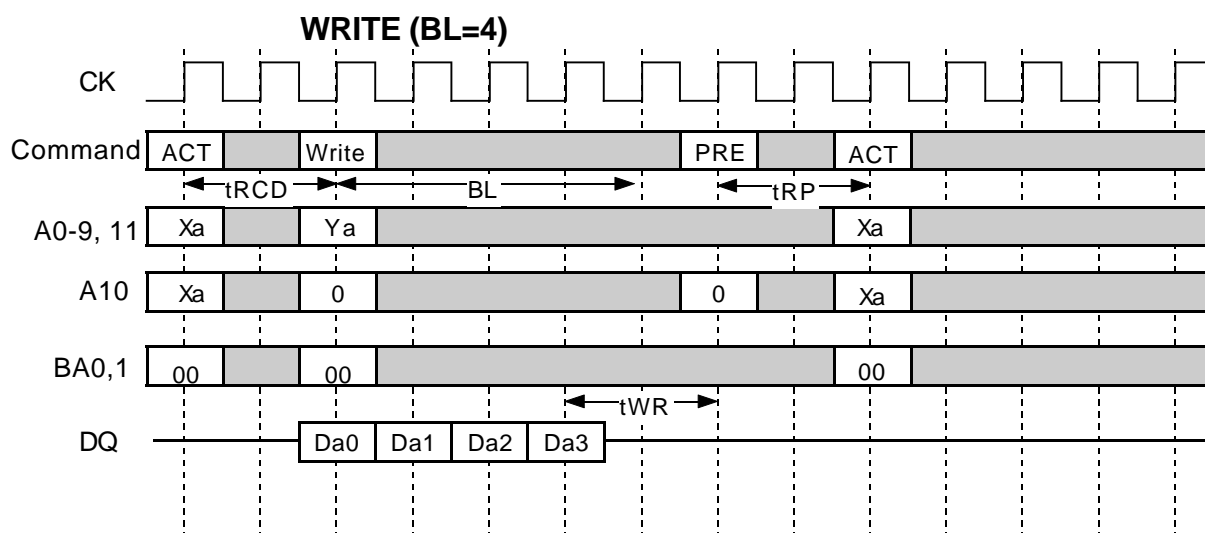


# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

## WRITE

A WRITE command can be issued to any active bank. The start address is specified by A0-8 (x16). 1st input data is set at the same cycle as the WRITE. The consecutive data length to be written is defined by the Burst Length. The address sequence of burst data is defined by the Burst Type. Minimum delay time of a WRITE command after an ACT command to the same bank is  $t_{RCD}$ . From the last input data to the PRE command, the write recovery time ( $t_{WR}$ ) is required. When A10 is high at a WRITE command, auto-precharge (WRITEA) is performed. Any command (READ, WRITE, PRE, ACT, TBST) to the same bank is inhibited till the internal precharge is complete. The internal precharge starts at  $t_{WR}$  after the last input data cycle. The next ACT command can be issued after  $(BL + t_{WR} - 1 + t_{RP})$  from the previous WRITEA. In any case,  $t_{RCD} + BL + t_{WR} - 1 > t_{RASmin}$  must be met.

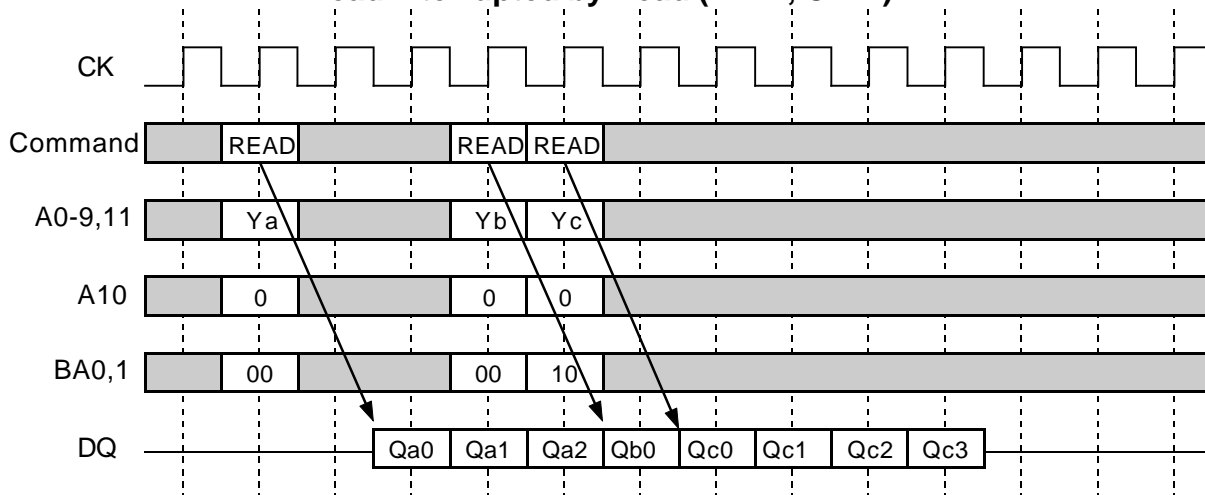


## BURST INTERRUPTION

### [ Read Interrupted by Read ]

Burst read operation can be interrupted by new read of the same or the other bank. Random column access is allowed. READ to READ interval is minimum 1 CK

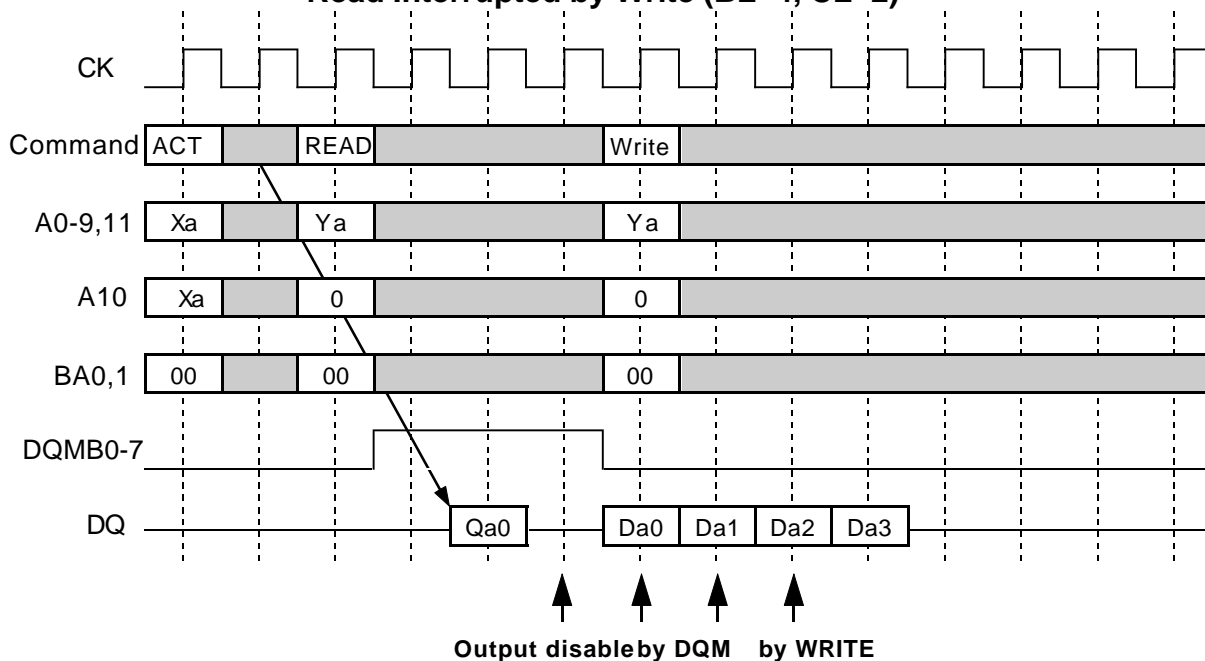
#### Read Interrupted by Read (BL=4, CL=2)



### [ Read Interrupted by Write ]

Burst read operation can be interrupted by write of any active bank. Random column access is allowed. In this case, the DQ should be controlled adequately by using the DQMB0-7 to prevent the bus contention. The output is disabled automatically 1 cycle after WRITE assertion.

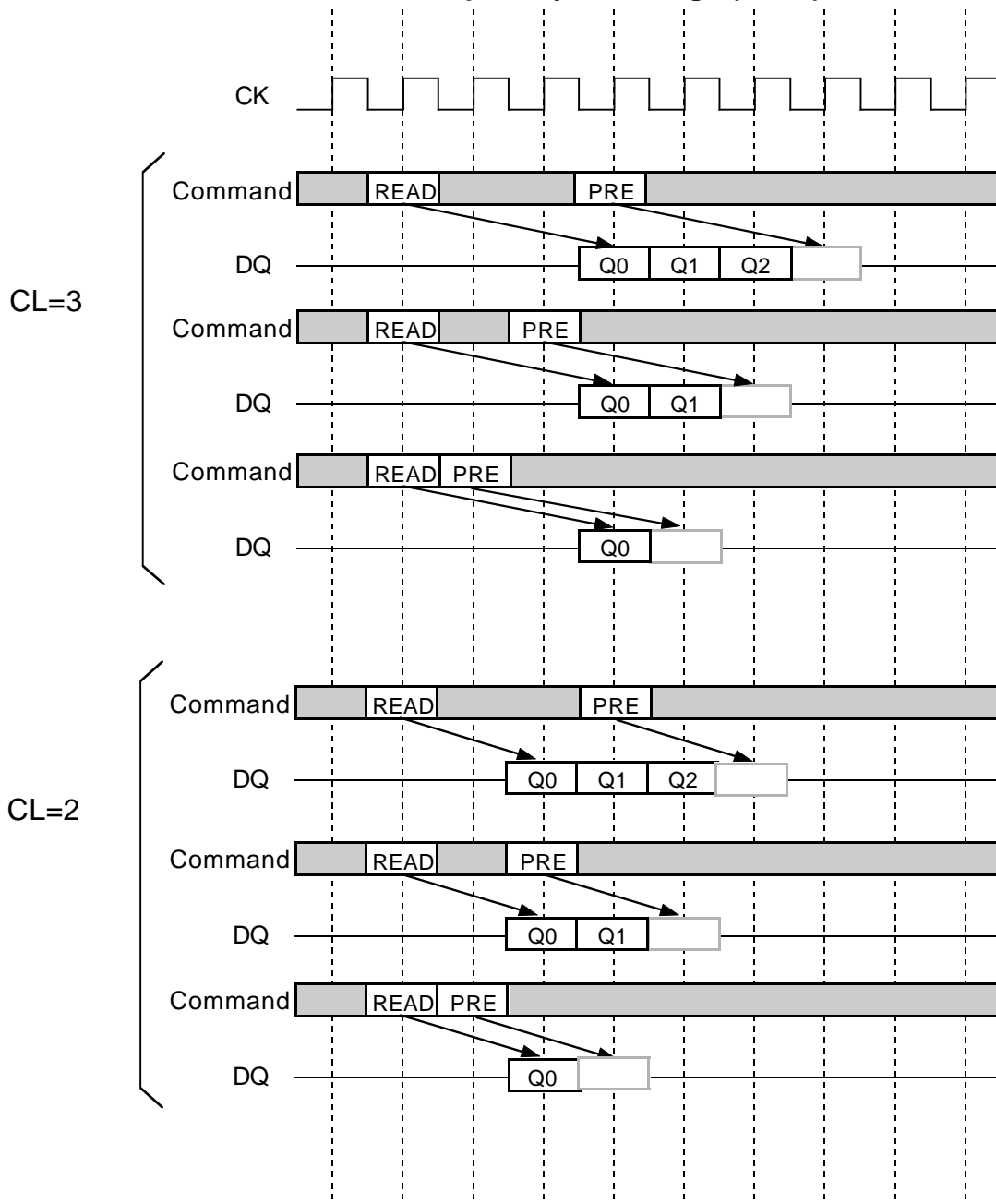
#### Read Interrupted by Write (BL=4, CL=2)



**[ Read Interrupted by Precharge ]**

A burst read operation can be interrupted by precharge of *the same bank*. Read to PRE interval is minimum 1 CK. A PRE command output disable latency is equivalent to the /CAS Latency.

**Read Interrupted by Precharge (BL=4)**

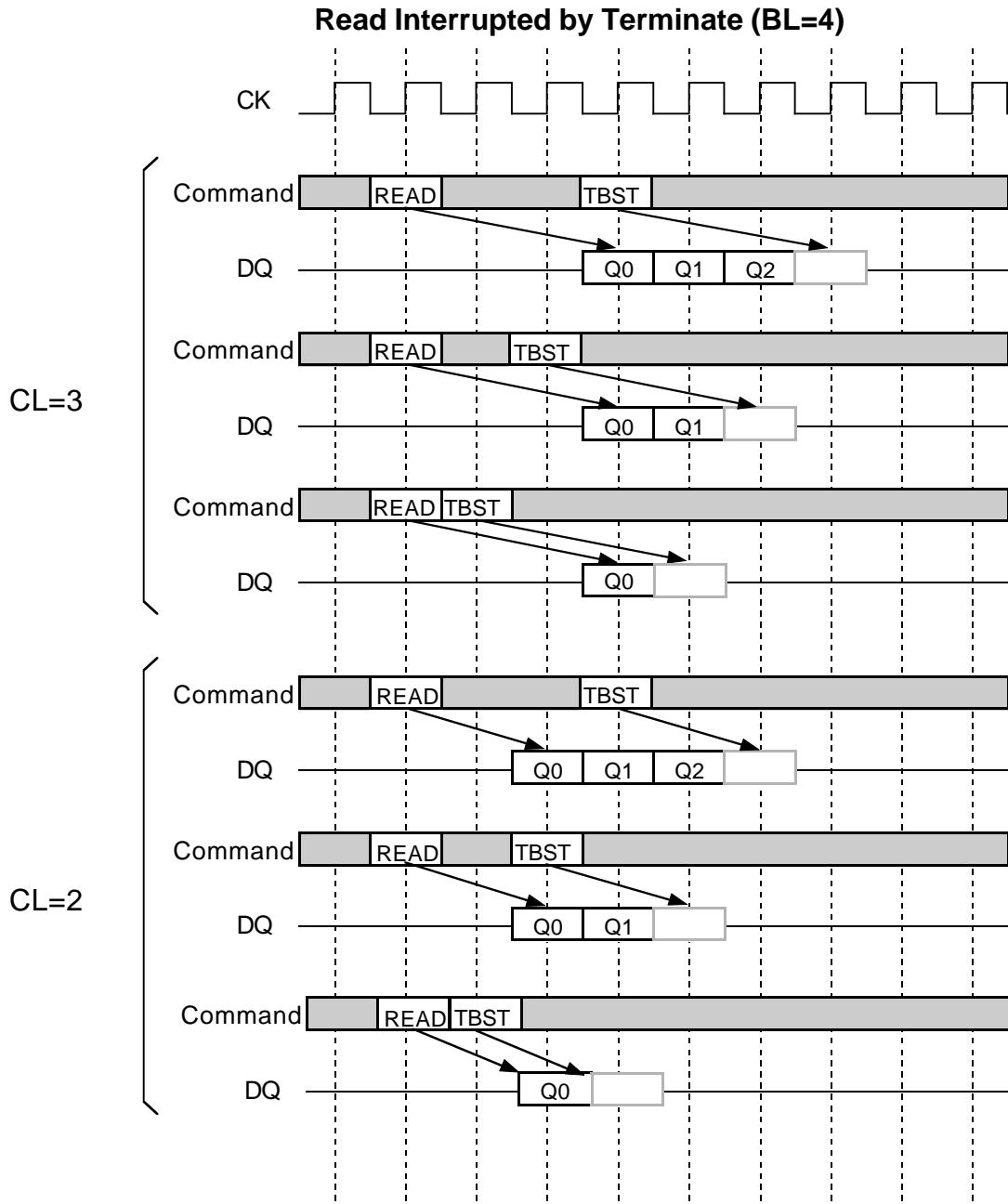


# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

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## [ Read Interrupted by Burst Terminate ]

Similarly to the precharge, burst terminate command can interrupt burst read operation and disable the data output. The terminated bank remains active, READ to TBST interval is minimum of 1 CK. A TBST command to output disable latency is equivalent to the /CAS Latency.

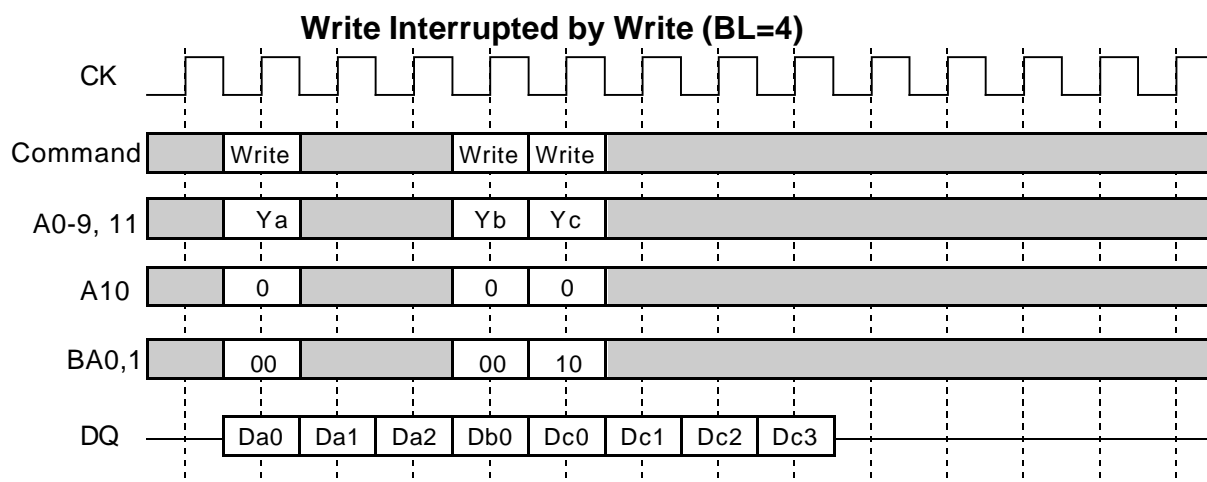


**MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L**

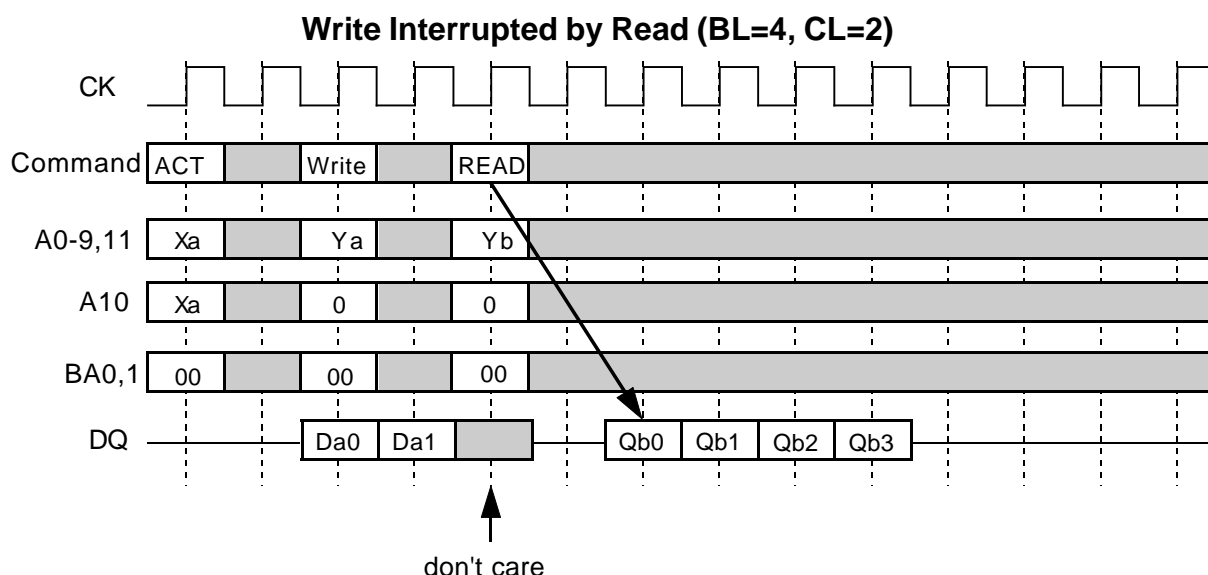
1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

**[ Write Interrupted by Write ]**

Burst write operation can be interrupted by new write of any active bank. Random column access is allowed. WRITE to WRITE interval is minimum 1 CK.

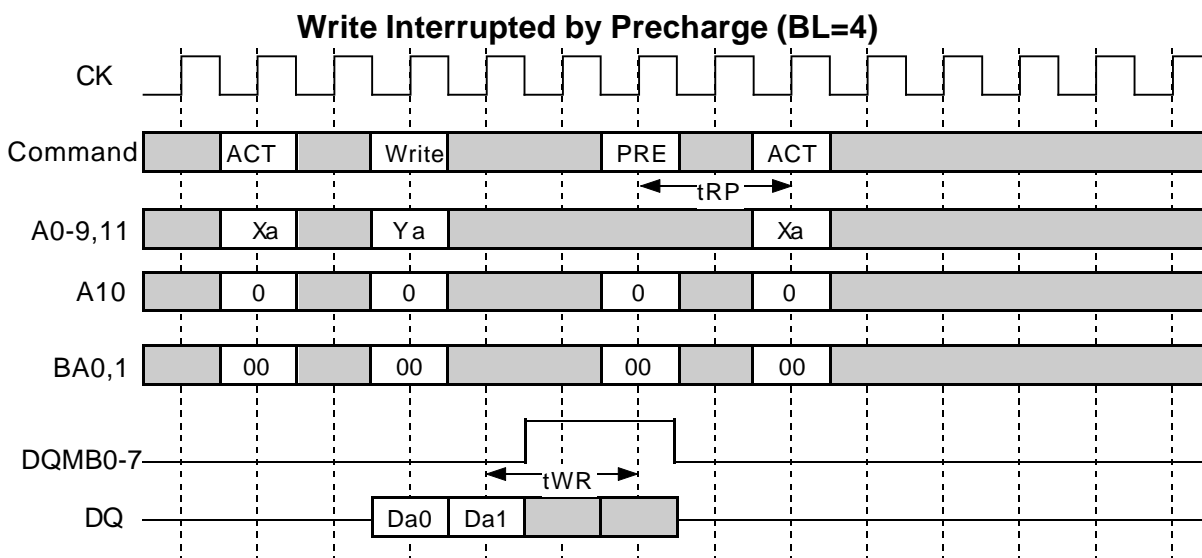
**[ Write Interrupted by Read ]**

Burst write operation can be interrupted by read of any active bank. Random column access is allowed. WRITE to READ interval is minimum 1 CK. The input data on DQ at the interrupting READ cycle is "don't care".



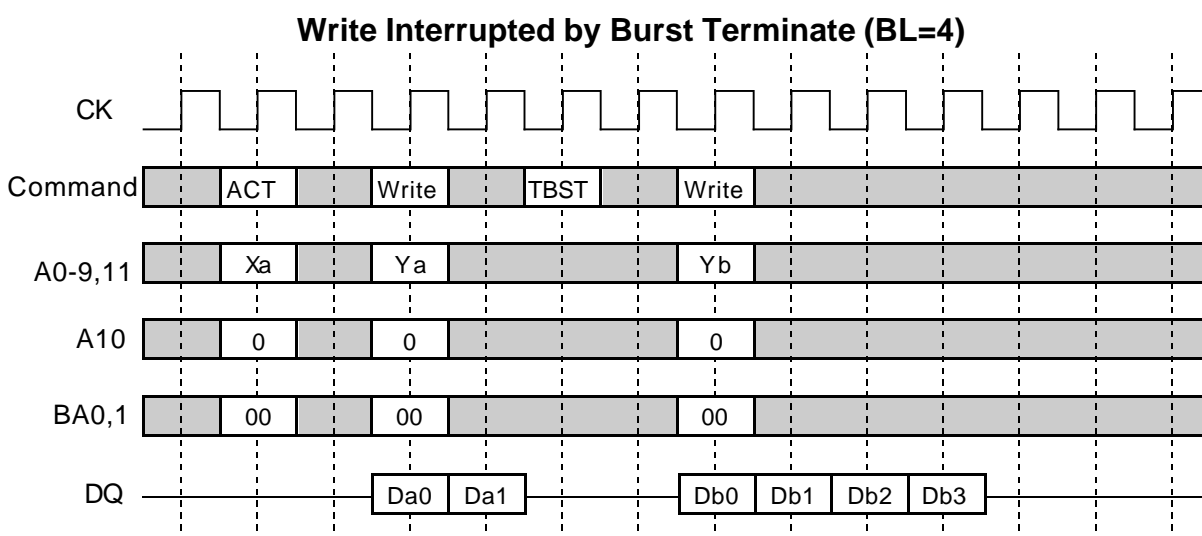
### [ Write Interrupted by Precharge ]

Burst write operation can be interrupted by precharge of *the same bank*. Write recovery time ( $t_{WR}$ ) is required from the last data to PRE command. During write recovery, data inputs must be masked by DQM.



### [ Write Interrupted by Burst Terminate ]

Burst terminate command can terminate burst write operation. In this case, the write recovery time is not required and the bank remains active. The WRITE to TBST minimum interval is 1CK.





# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

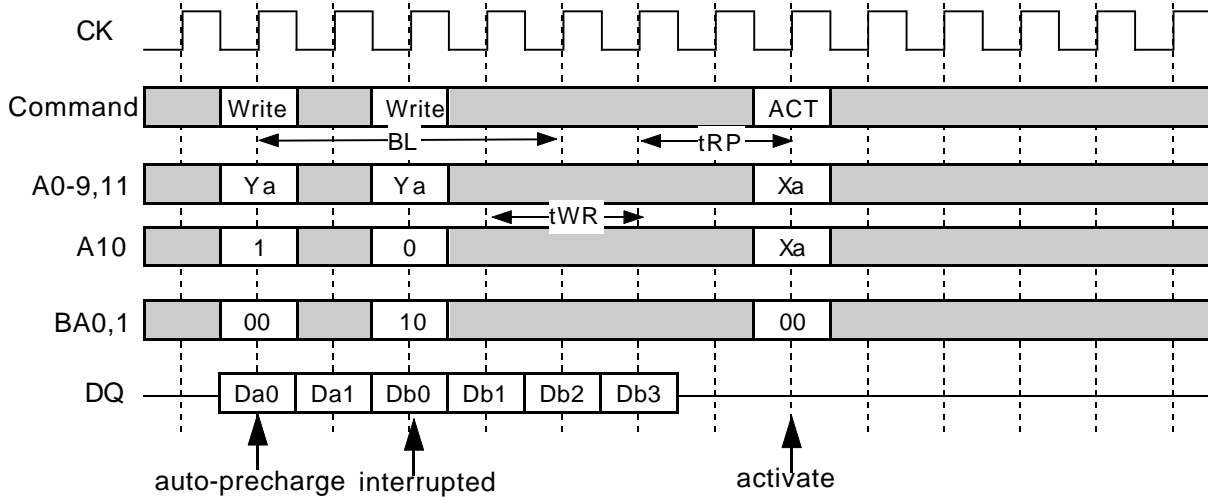
1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

## [ Write with Auto-Precharge interrupted by Write or Read to another Bank ]

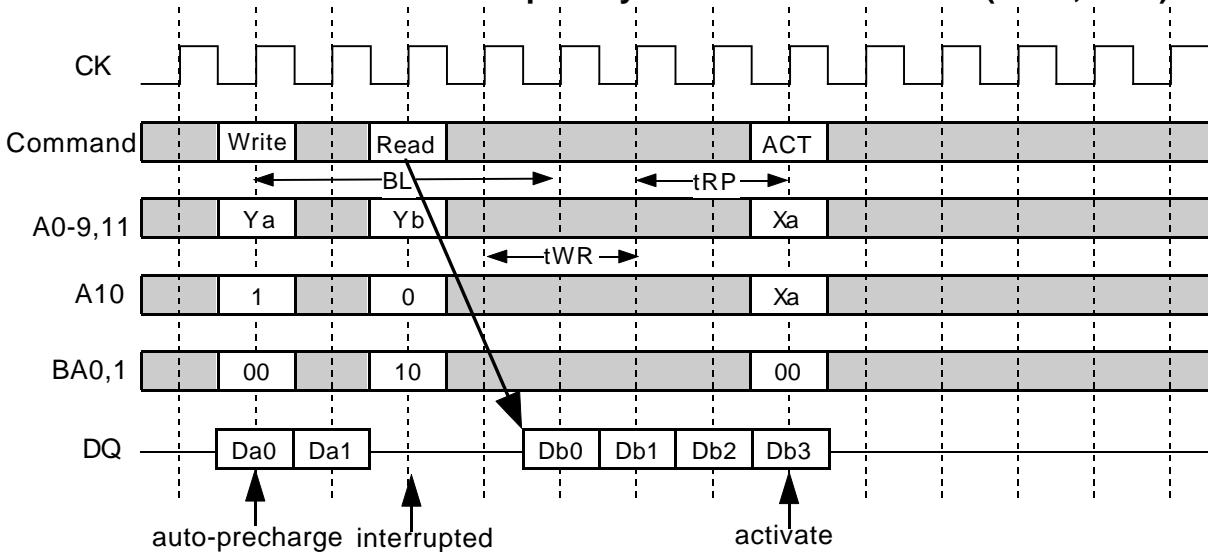
Burst write with auto-precharge can be interrupted by write or read to *another bank*.

Next ACT command can be issued after (BL+tWR-1+tRP) from the WRITEA. Auto-precharge interrupted by a command to the same bank is inhibited.

### WRITEA Interrupted by WRITE to another bank (BL=4)

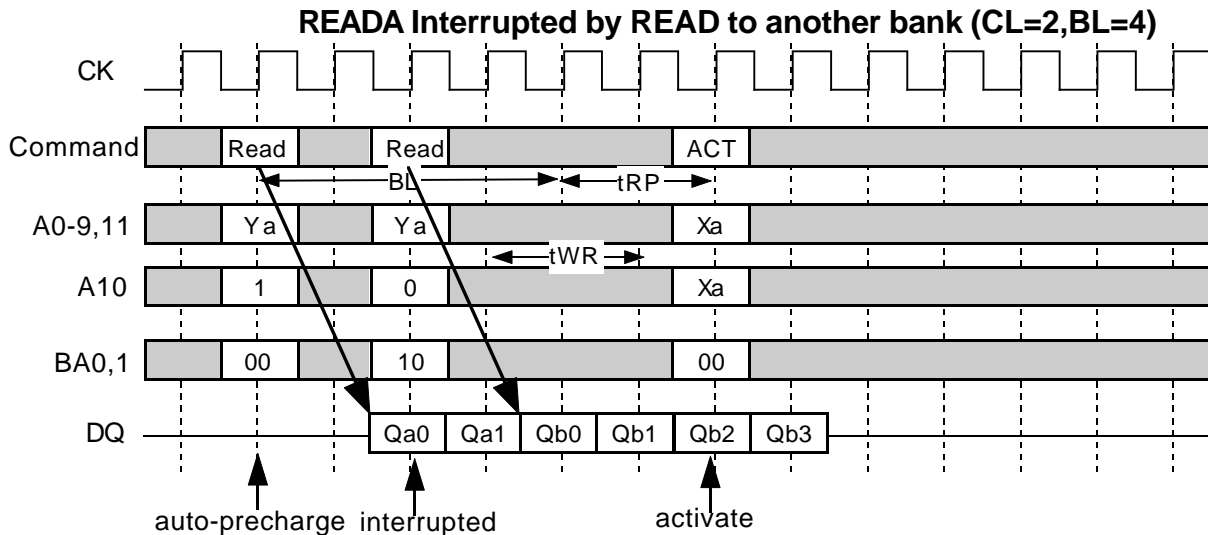


### WRITEA interrupted by READ to another bank (CL=2, BL=4)



**[ Read with Auto-Precharge interrupted by Read to another Bank ]**

Burst read with auto-precharge can be interrupted by read to *another bank*. Next ACT command can be issued after (BL+tRP) from the READA. Auto-precharge interrupted by a command to the same bank is inhibited.

**Full Page Burst**

Full page burst length is available for only the sequential burst type. Full page burst read or write is repeated until a Precharge or a Burst Terminate command is issued. In case of the full page burst, a read or write with auto-precharge command is illegal.

**Single Write**

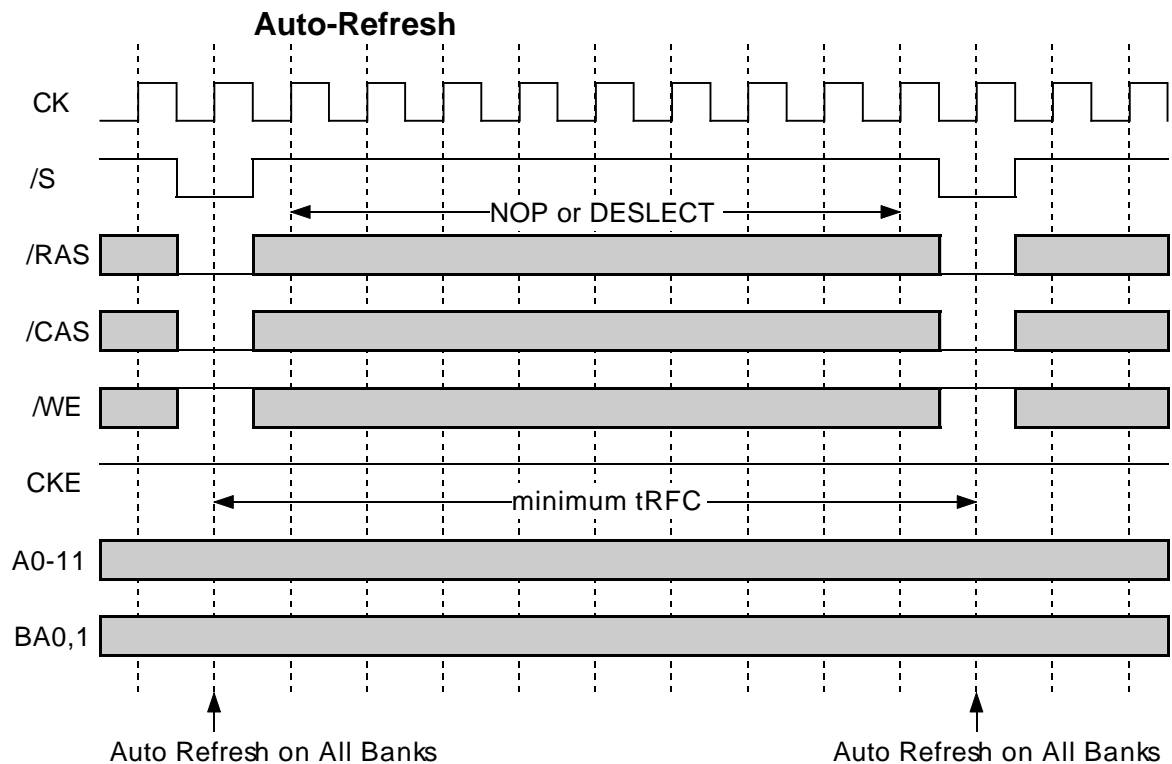
When single write mode is set, burst length for write is always one, independently of Burst Length defined by (A2-0).

**MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L**

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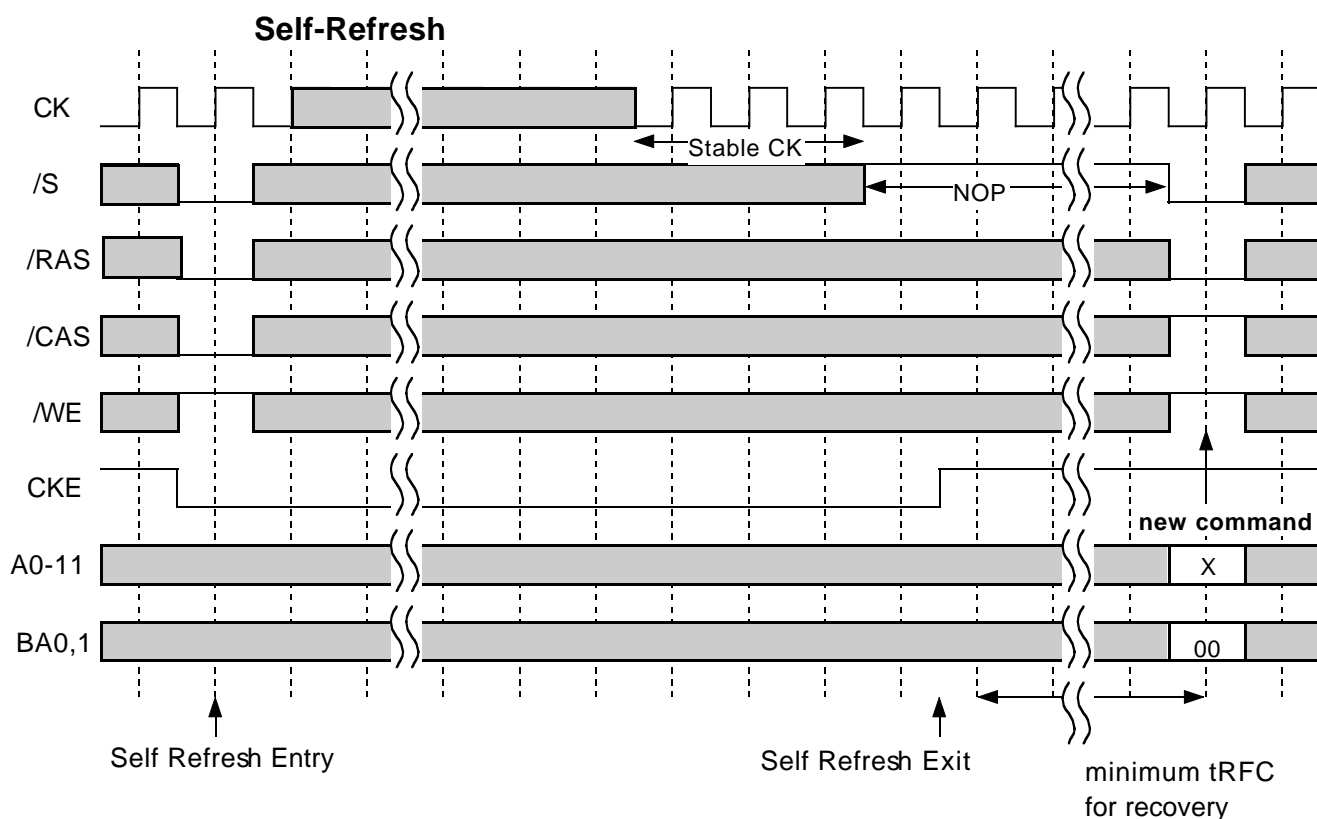
**AUTO REFRESH**

Single cycle of auto-refresh is initiated with a REFA(/CS=/RAS=/CAS=L, /WE=/CKE=H) command. The refresh address is generated internally. 4096 REFA cycle within 64ms refresh 128Mbit memory cells. The auto-refresh is performed on 4banks concurrently. Before performing an auto-refresh, all banks must be in the idle state. Auto-refresh to auto-refresh interval is minimum tRFC. Any command must not be issued before tRFC from the REFA command.



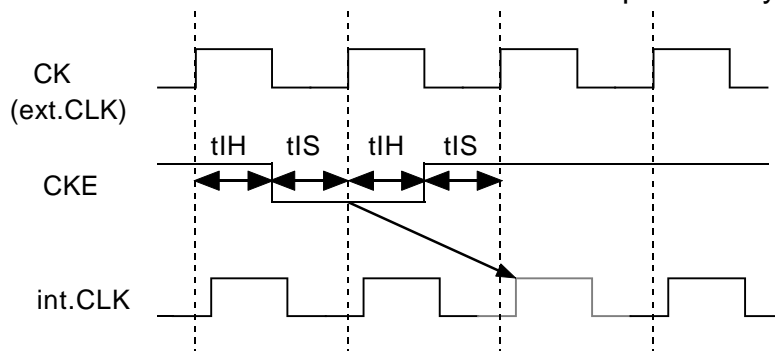
## SELF REFRESH

Self-refresh mode is entered by issuing a REFS command (/CS=/RAS=/CAS=L, /WE=H, CKE=L). Once the self-refresh is initiated, it is maintained as long as CKE is kept low. During the self-refresh mode, CKE is asynchronous and the only enabled input, all other inputs including CK are disabled and ignored, so that power consumption due to synchronous inputs is saved. To exit the self-refresh, supplying stable CK inputs, asserting DESEL or NOP command and then asserting CKE=H. After tRFC from the 1st CK edge following CKE=H, all banks are in the idle state and a new command can be issued after, but DESEL or NOP commands must be asserted till then.

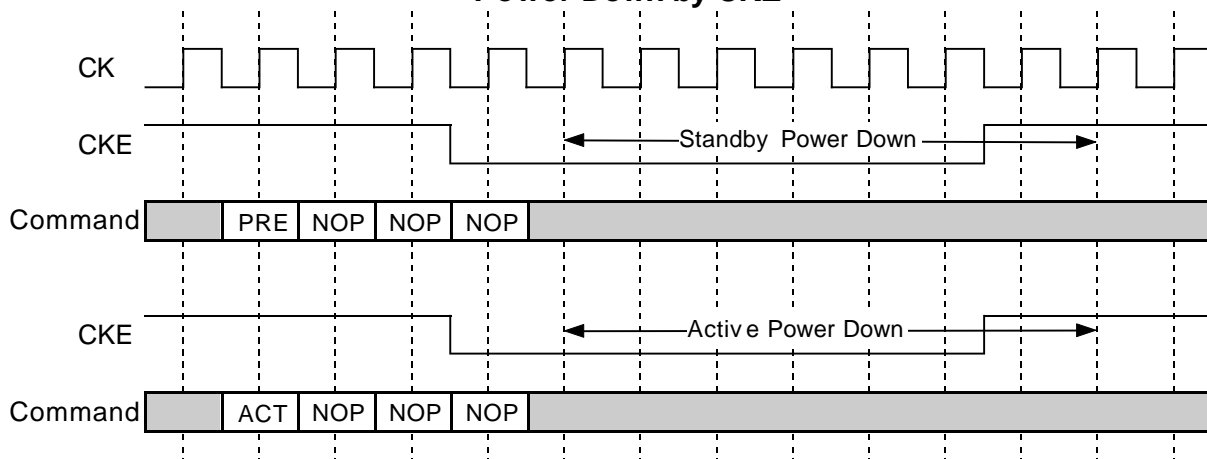


### CLK SUSPEND and POWER DOWN

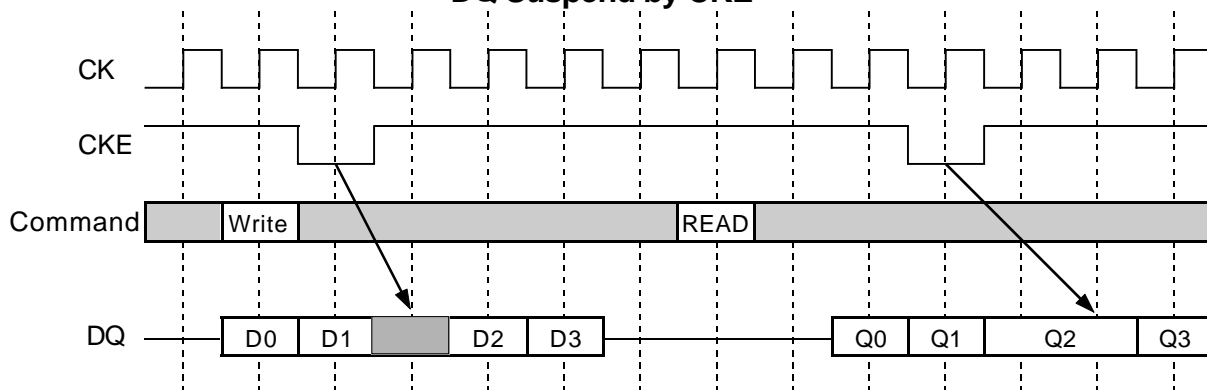
CKE controls the internal CLK at the following cycle. Figure below shows how CKE works. By negating CKE, the next internal CLK is suspended. The purpose of CLK suspend is power down, output suspend or input suspend. CKE is a synchronous input except during the self-refresh mode. CLK suspend can be performed either when the banks are active or idle. A command at the suspended cycle is ignored.



### Power Down by CKE



### DQ Suspend by CKE



**MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L**

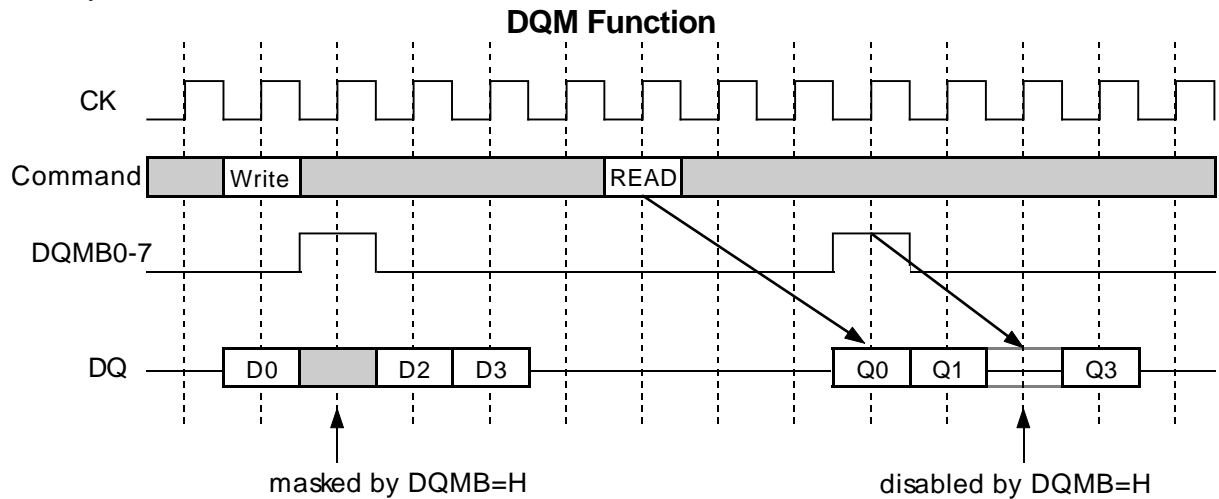
1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

**DQM CONTROL**

DQMB0-7 is a dual function signal defined as the data mask for writes and the output disable for reads. During writes, DQMB0-7 masks input data word by word.

DQMB0-7 to Data In latency is 0.

During reads, DQMB0-7 forces output to Hi-Z word by word. DQMB0-7 to output Hi-Z latency is 2.



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**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Ratings	Unit
Vdd	Supply Voltage	with respect to Vss	-0.5 ~ 4.6	V
VI	Input Voltage	with respect to Vss	-0.5 ~ Vdd+0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	with respect to Vss	-0.5 ~ Vdd+0.5	V
IO	Output Current		50	mA
Pd	Power Dissipation	Ta=25°C	8	W
Topr	Operating Temperature		0 ~ 70	°C
Tstg	Storage Temperature		-40 ~ 100	°C

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION**

(Ta=0 ~ 70°C, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Limits			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Vdd	Supply Voltage	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Vss	Supply Voltage	0	0	0	V
VIH	High-Level Input Voltage all inputs	2.0		Vdd+0.3	V
VIL	Low-Level Input Voltage all inputs	-0.3		0.8	V

Note)

1: VIH(max)=5.5V for pulse width less than 10ns.

2: VIL(min)=-1.0 for pulse width less than 10ns.

**CAPACITANCE**

(Ta=0 ~ 70°C, Vdd = 3.3 ± 0.3V, Vss = 0V, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Limits(max.)	Unit
CI(A)	Input Capacitance, address pin	@1MHz 1.4V bias 200mV swing	55	pF
CI(C)	Input Capacitance, /RAS,/CAS,/WE		55	pF
CI(K)	Input Capacitance, CK pin		35	pF
CI/O	Input Capacitance, I/O pin		22	pF

**MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L**

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

**AVERAGE SUPPLY CURRENT from Vdd**

(Ta=0 ~70°C, Vdd = 3.3 ± 0.3V, Vss = 0V, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Limits (max)	Unit	
operating current one bank active (discrete)	Icc1	tRC=min,tCLK=min, BL=1,CL=3	600	mA	
precharge standby current in power-down mode	Icc2P	CKE=L,tCLK=15ns, /CS>Vcc-0.2V	16	mA	
	Icc2PS	CKE=CLK=L, /CS>Vcc-0.2V	8	mA	
precharge standby current in non power-down mode	Icc2N	CKE=H,tCLK=15ns,VIH>Vcc-0.2V,VIL<0.2V	200	mA	
	Icc2NS	CKE=H,CLK=L,VIH>Vcc-0.2V,VIL<0.2V(fixed)	120	mA	
active standby current in non power-down mode one bank active (discrete)	Icc3N	CKE=H,tCLK=15ns	240	mA	
	Icc3NS	CKE=H,CLK=L	160	mA	
burst current	Icc4	tCLK=min, BL=4, CL=3,all banks active(discerte)	640	mA	
auto-refresh current	Icc5	tRC=min, tCLK=min	1280	mA	
self-refresh current	Icc6	CKE <0.2V	-7,-8	16	mA
			-7L,-8L	6.4	

Note)

1:Icc(max) is specified at the output open condition.

2:Input signals are changed one time during 30ns.

**AC OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS**

(Ta=0 ~ 70°C, Vdd = 3.3 ± 0.3V, Vss = 0V, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Limits		Unit
			Min.	Max.	
VOH(DC)	High-Level Output Voltage(DC)	IOH=-2mA	2.4		V
VOL(DC)	Low-Level Output Voltage(DC)	IOL=2mA		0.4	V
IOZ	Off-state Output Current	Q floating VO=0 ~ Vdd	-20	20	uA
Ii	Input Current	VIH=0 ~ Vdd+0.3V	-80	80	uA



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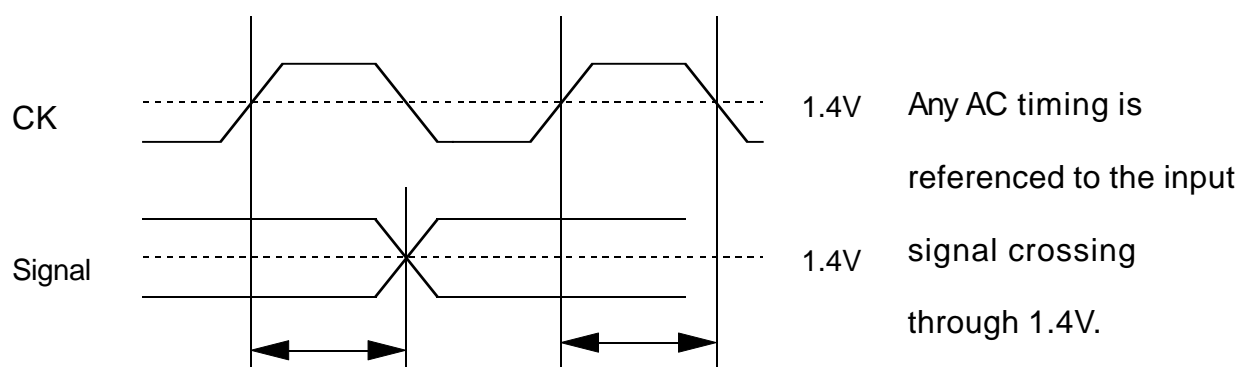
**AC TIMING REQUIREMENTS (SDRAM Component)**

(Ta=0 ~ 70°C, Vdd = 3.3 ± 0.3V, Vss = 0V, unless otherwise noted)

Input Pulse Levels: 0.8V to 2.0V

Input Timing Measurement Level: 1.4V

Symbol	Parameter		Limits				Unit
			-7		-8		
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
tCLK	CK cycle time	CL=2	10		13		ns
		CL=3	10		10		ns
tCH	CK High pulse width		3		3		ns
tCL	CK Low pilse width		3		3		ns
tT	Transition time of CK		1	10	1	10	ns
tIS	Input Setup time(all inputs)		2		2		ns
tIH	Input Hold time(all inputs)		1		1		ns
tRC	Row cycle time		70		70		ns
tRCD	Row to Column Delay		20		20		ns
tRAS	Row Active time		50	100K	50	100K	ns
tRP	Row Precharge time		20		20		ns
tWR	Write Recovery time		20		20		ns
tRRD	Act to Act Deley time		20		20		ns
tRSC	Mode Register Set Cycle time		20		20		ns
tSRX	Self Refresh Exit time		10		10		ns
tPDE	Power Down Exit time		10		10		ns
tREF	Refresh Interval time			64		64	ms



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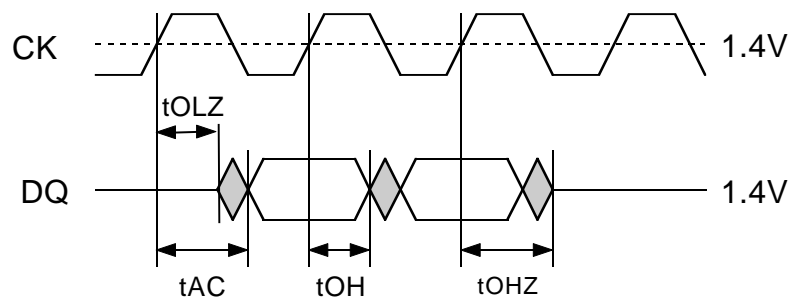
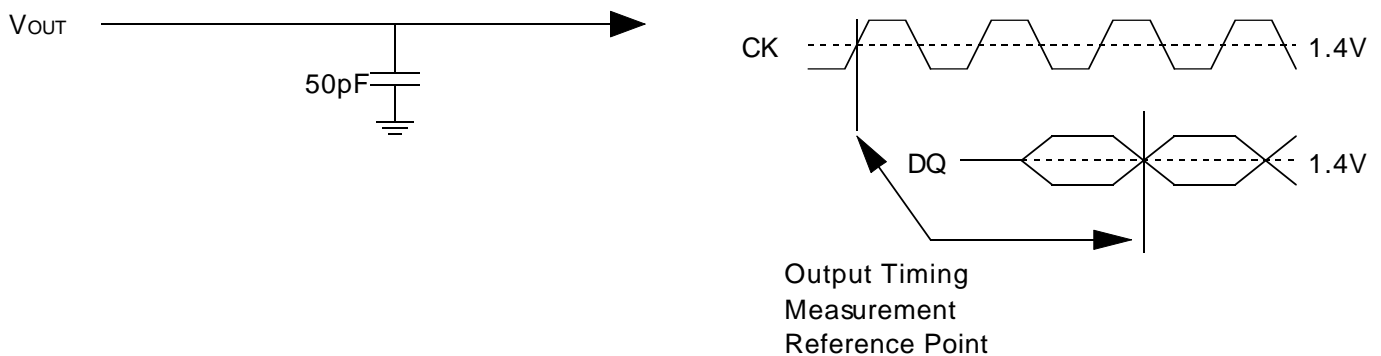
**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (SDRAM Component)**

(Ta=0 ~ 70°C, Vdd = 3.3 ± 0.3V, Vss = 0V, unless otherwise note3)

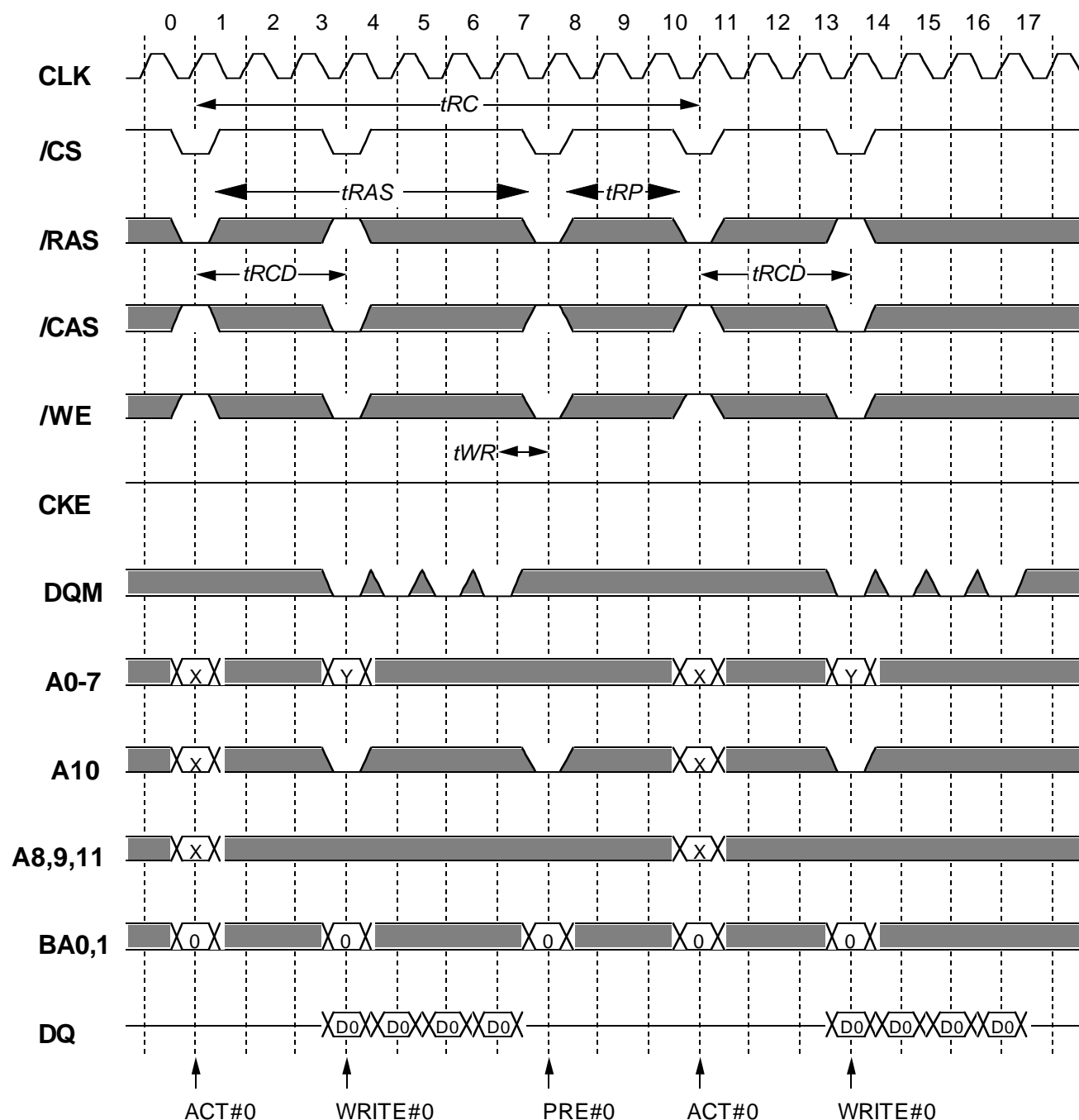
Symbol	Parameter		Limits				Unit
			-7		-8		
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
tAC	Access time from CK	CL=2		6		7	ns
		CL=3		6		6	ns
tOH	Output Hold time from CK	CL=2	3		3		ns
		CL=3	3		3		ns
tOLZ	Delay time, output low impedance from CK		0		0		ns
tOHZ	Delay time, output high impedance from CK		3	6	3	6	ns

Note)

1 If clock rising time is longer than 1ns, (tT/2-0.5)ns should be added to parameter.

**Output Load Condition**

# **Burst Write (single bank) @BL=4**

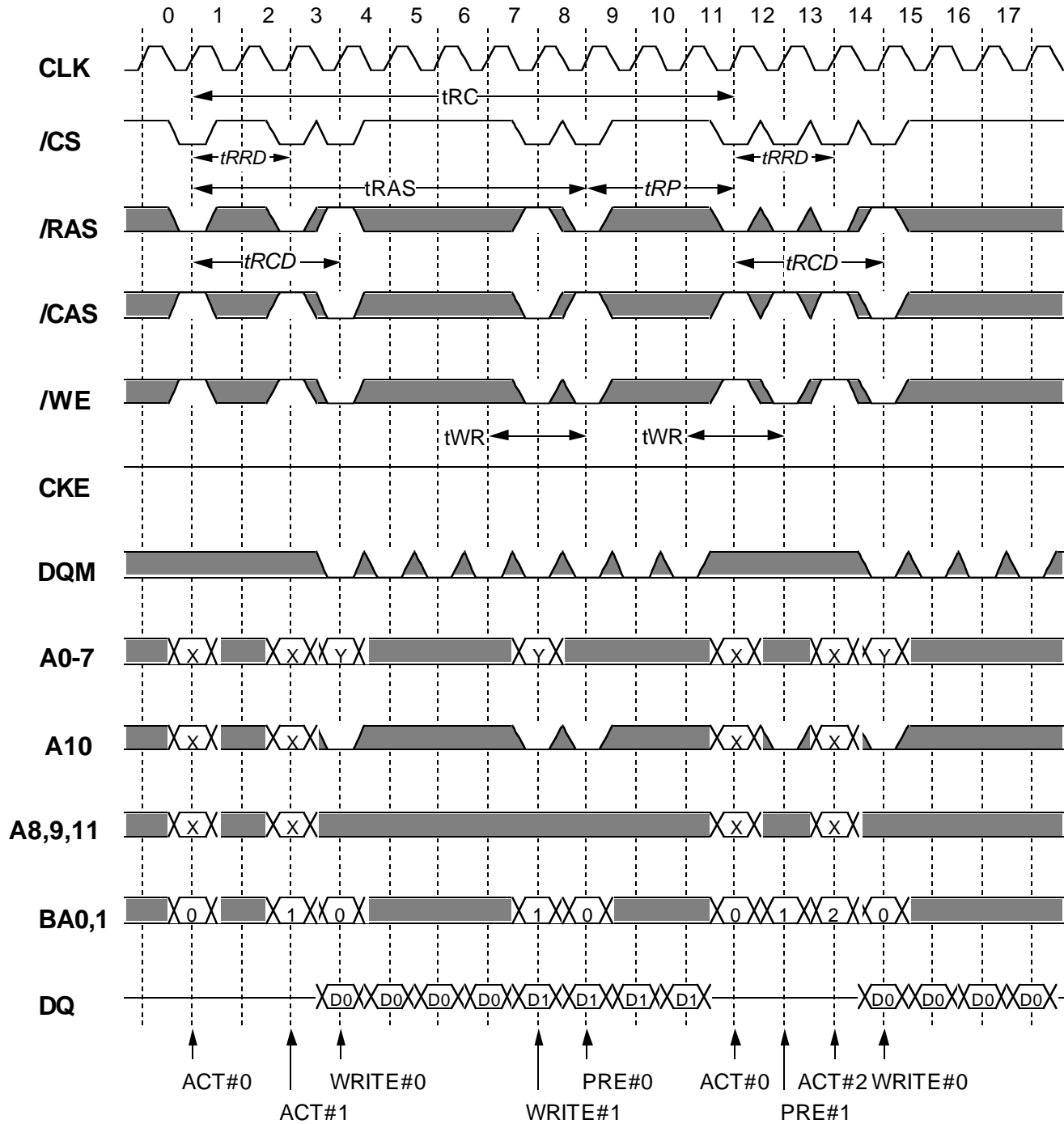


*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

## Burst Write (multi bank) @BL=4

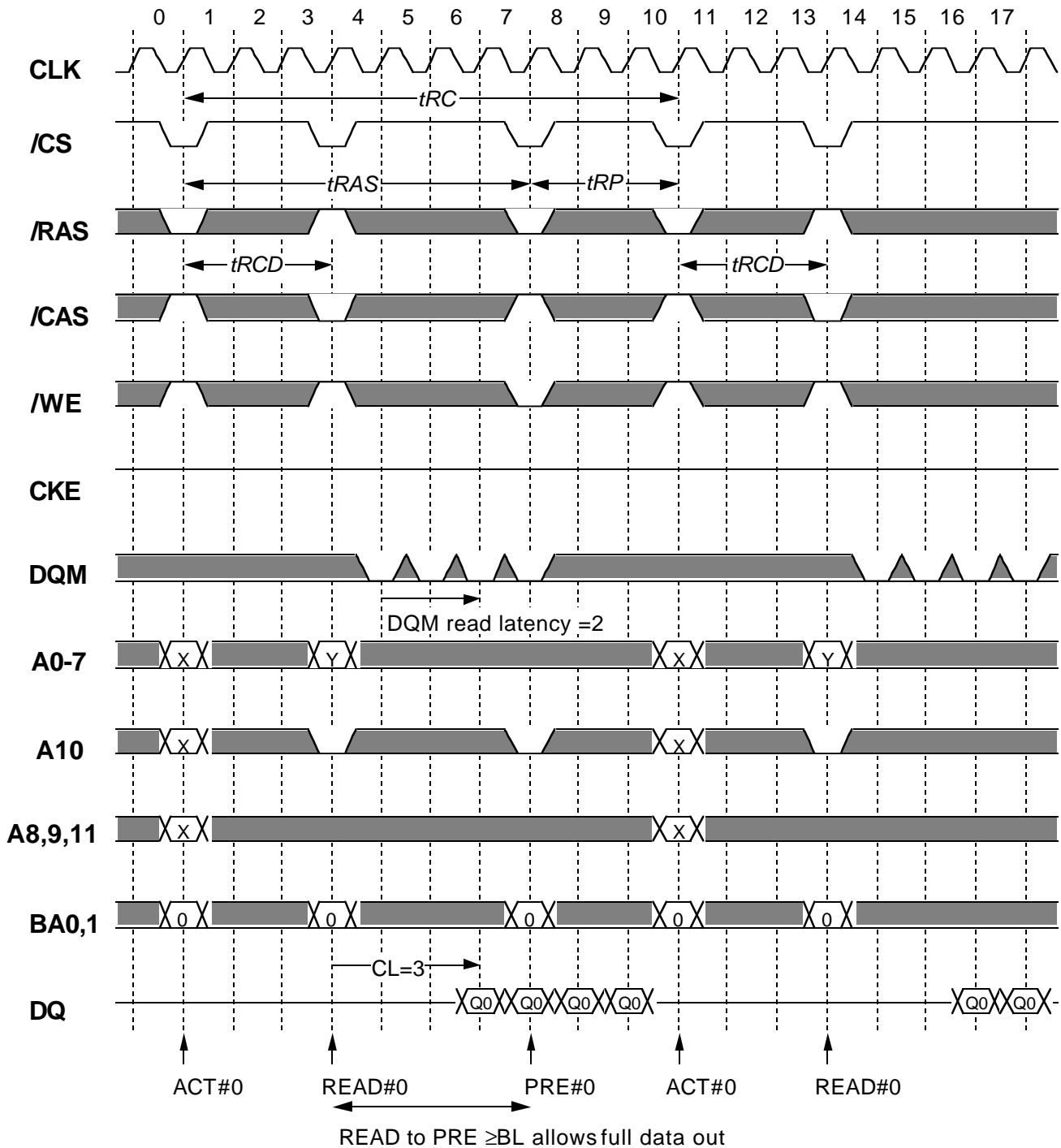


*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

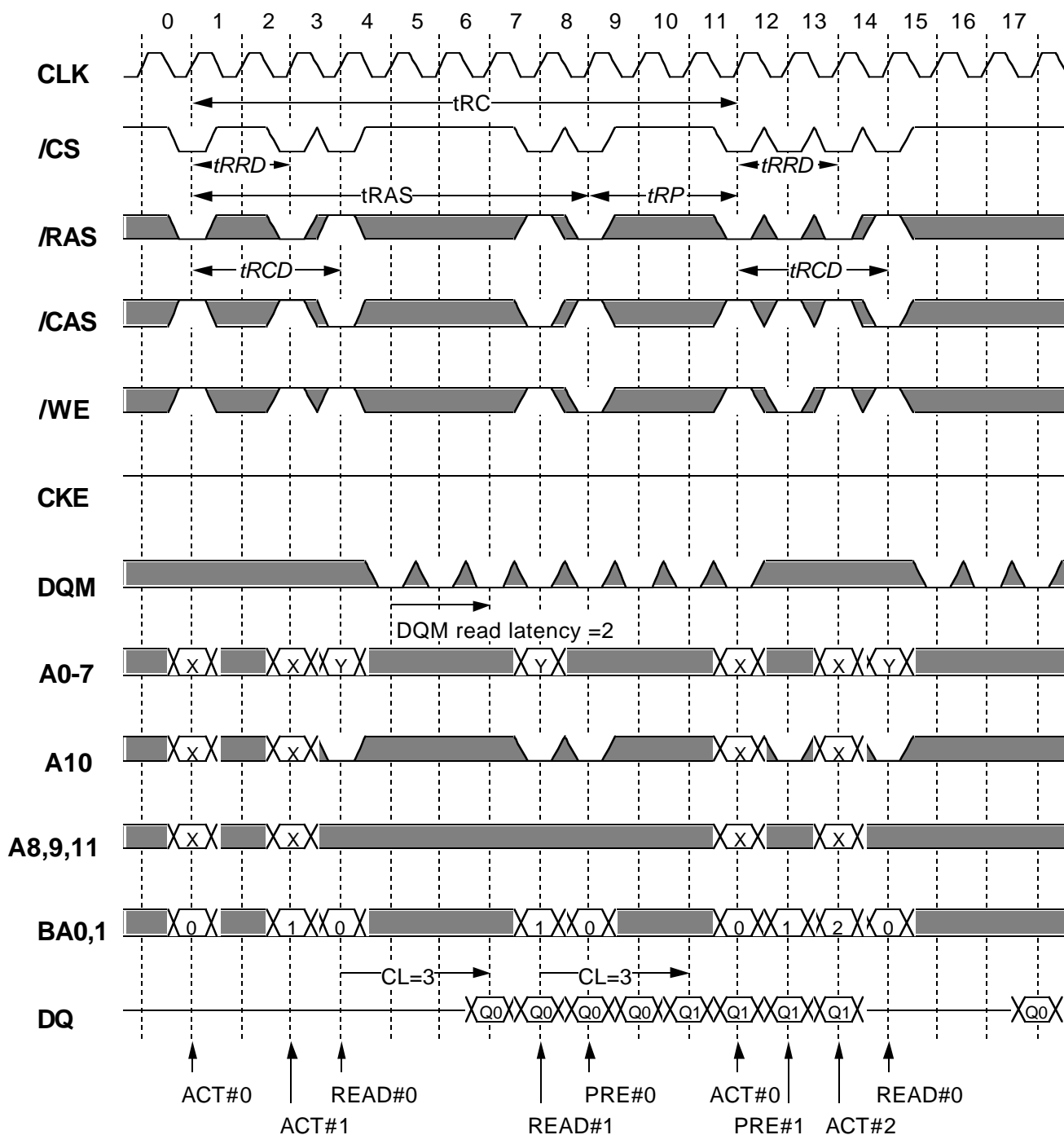
1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

## Burst Read (single bank) @BL=4 CL=3



*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

**Burst Read (multiple bank) @BL=4 CL=3**

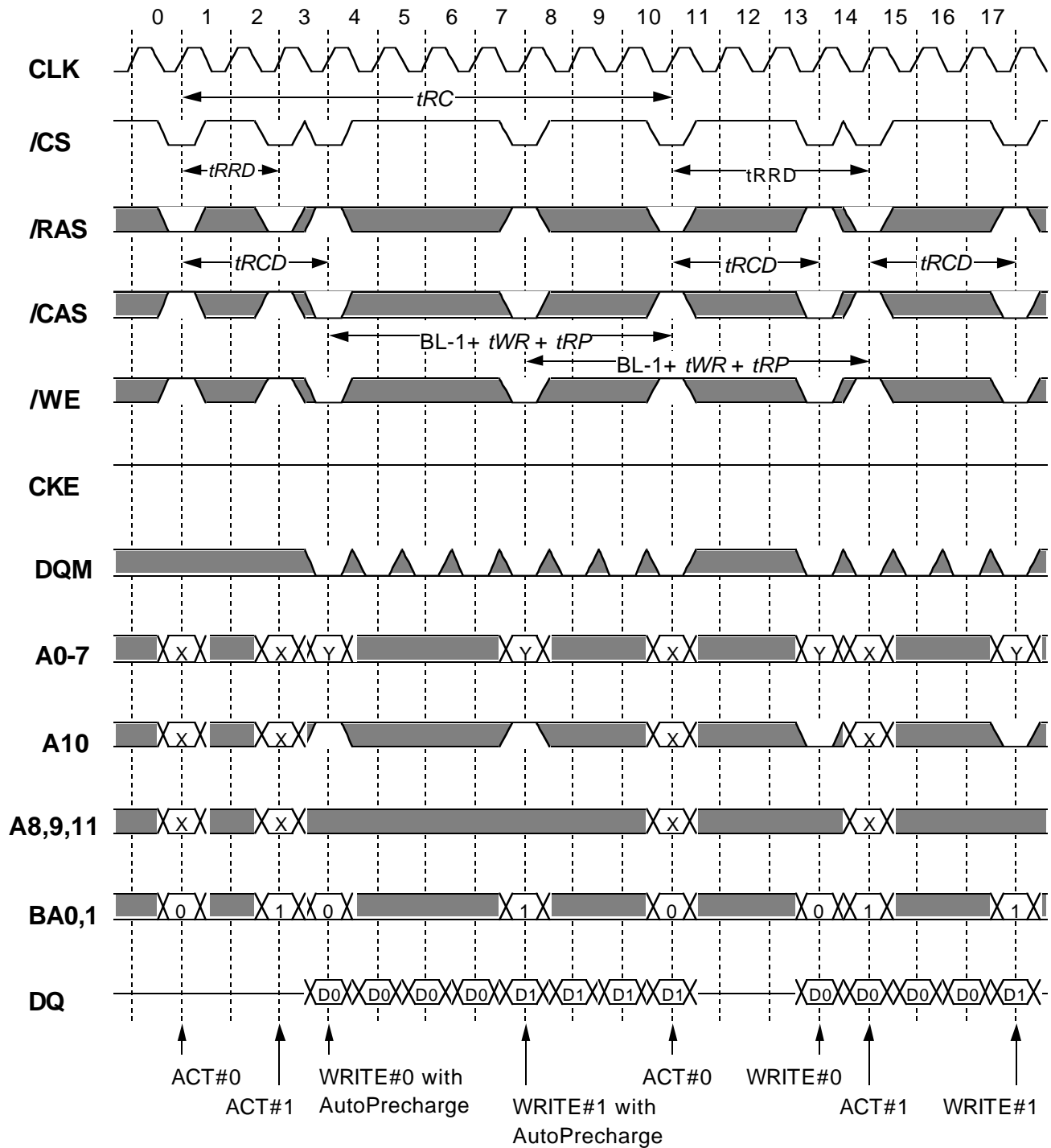


*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

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## Burst Write (multi bank) with Auto-Precharge @BL=4

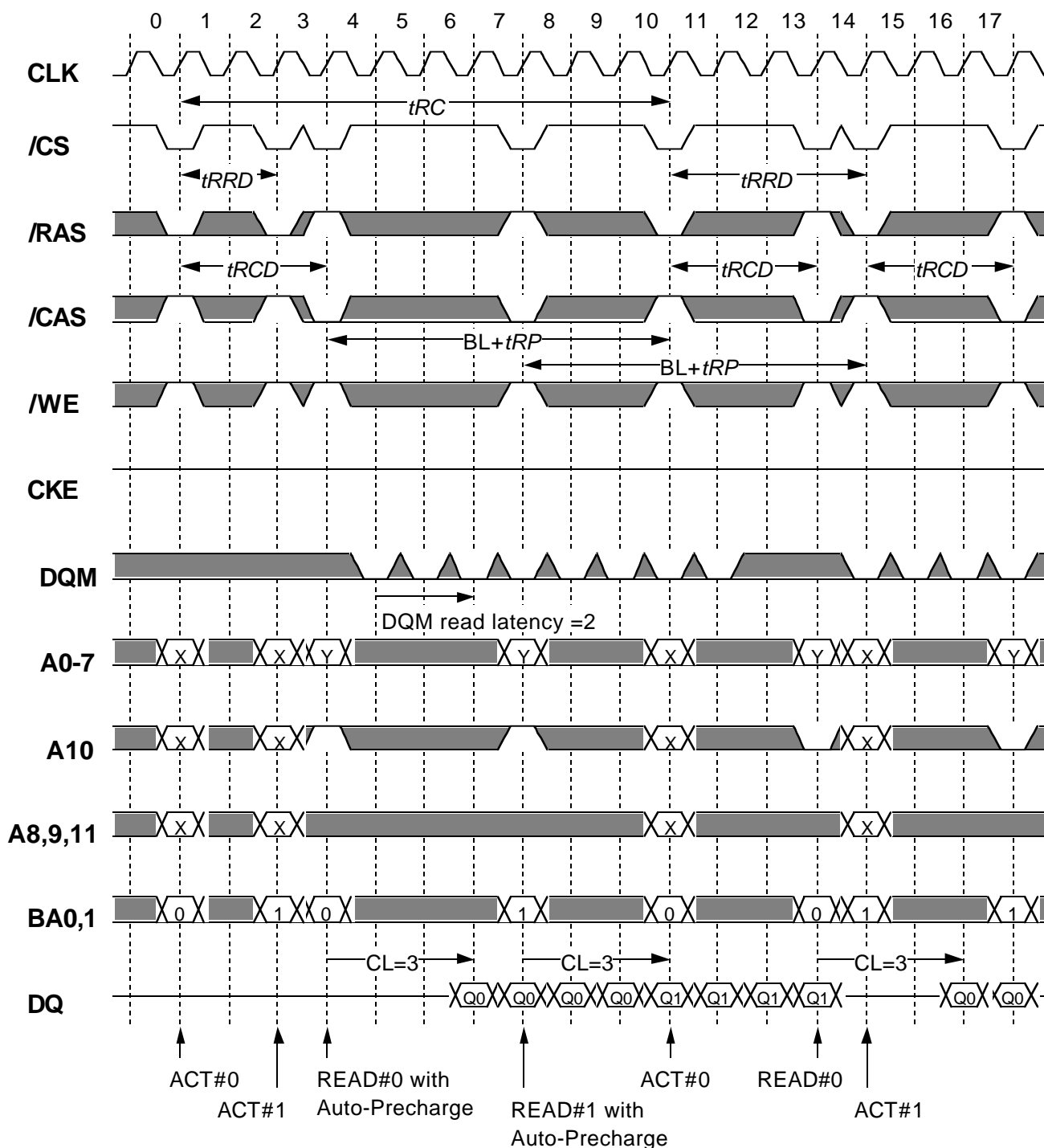


*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

## Burst Read (multiple bank) with Auto-Precharge @BL=4 CL=3



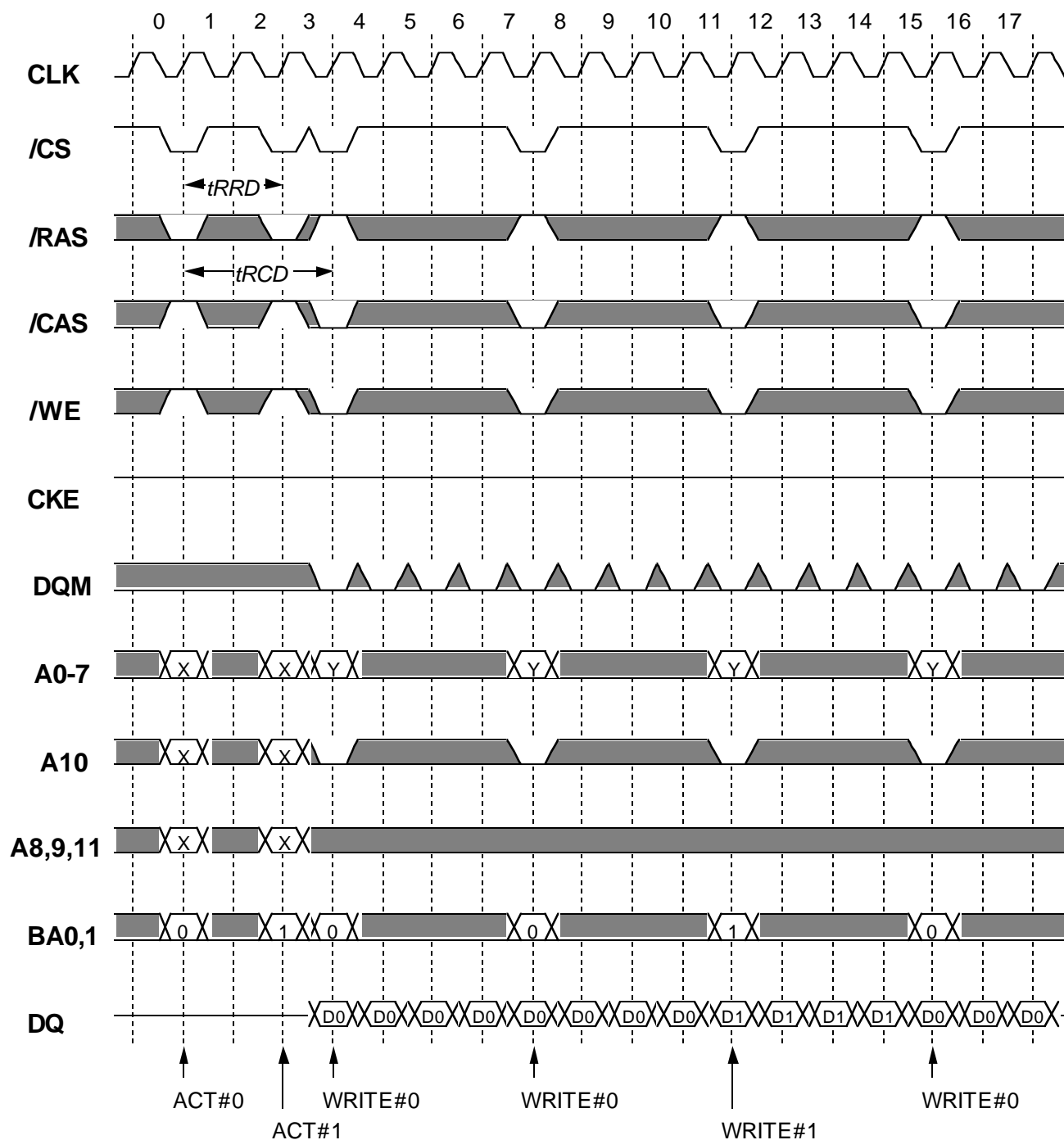
*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case



# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

## Page Mode Burst Write (multi bank) @BL=4

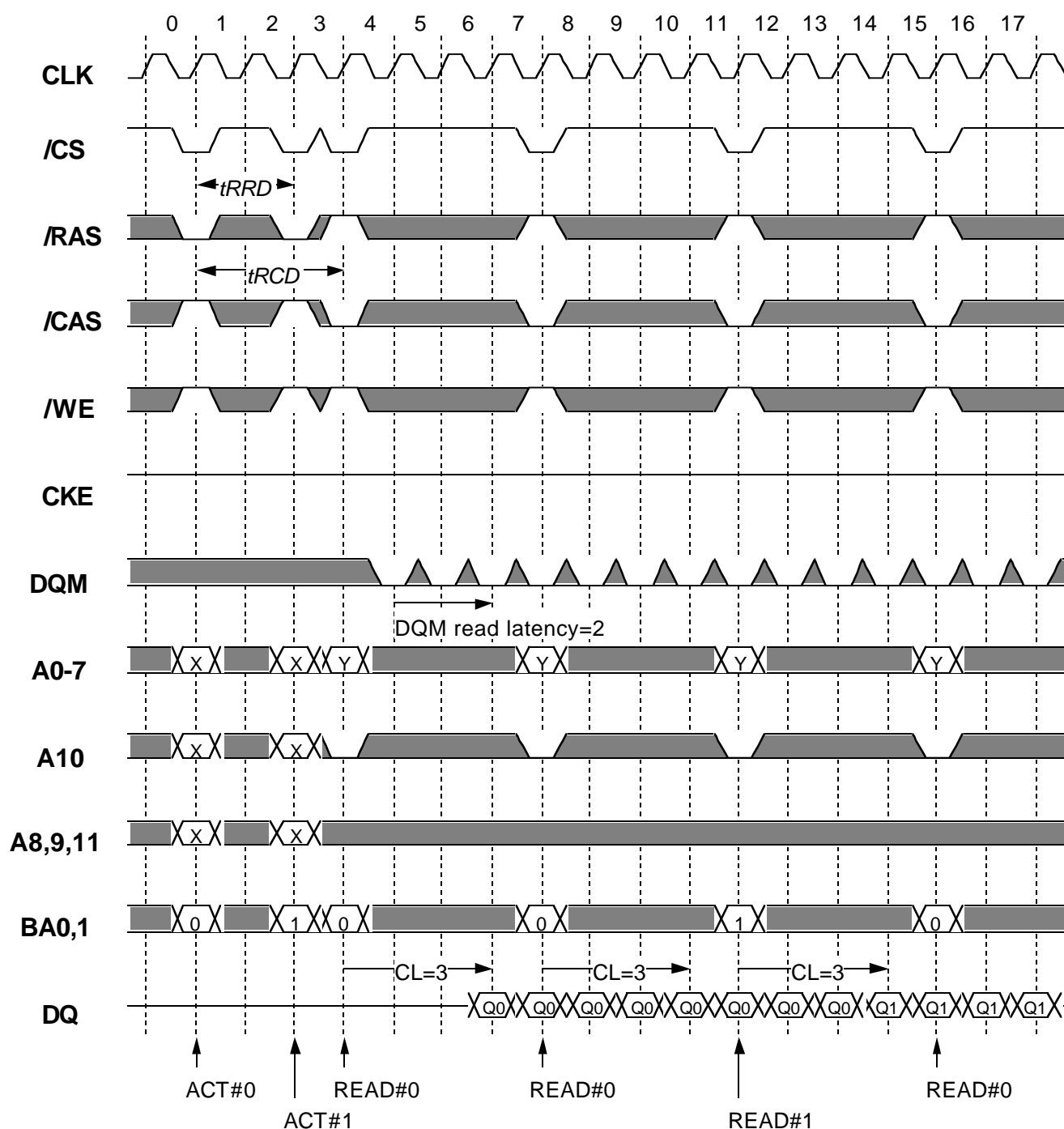


*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

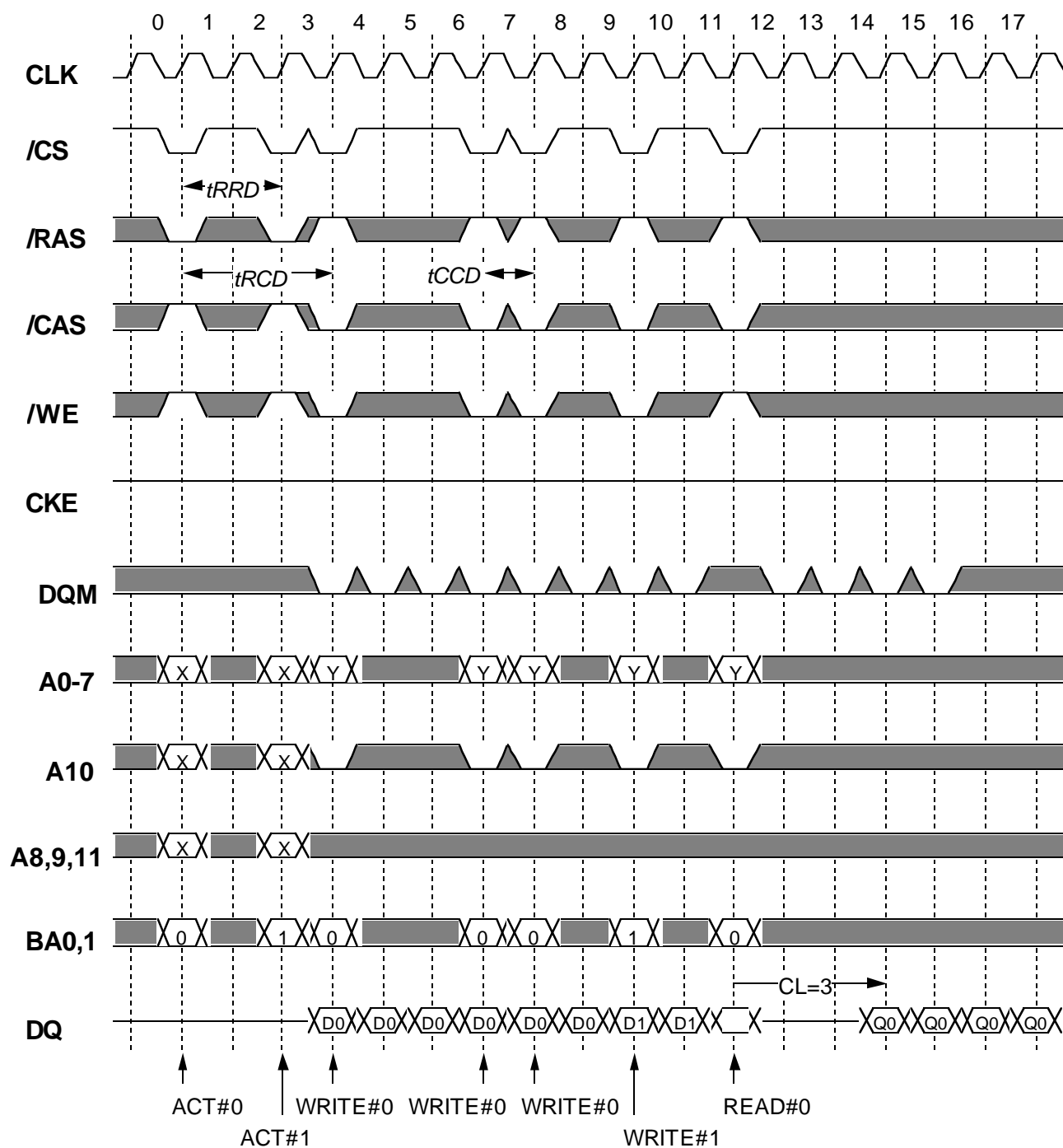
1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

## Page Mode Burst Read (multi bank) @BL=4 CL=3



*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

**Write Interrupted by Write / Read @BL=4**



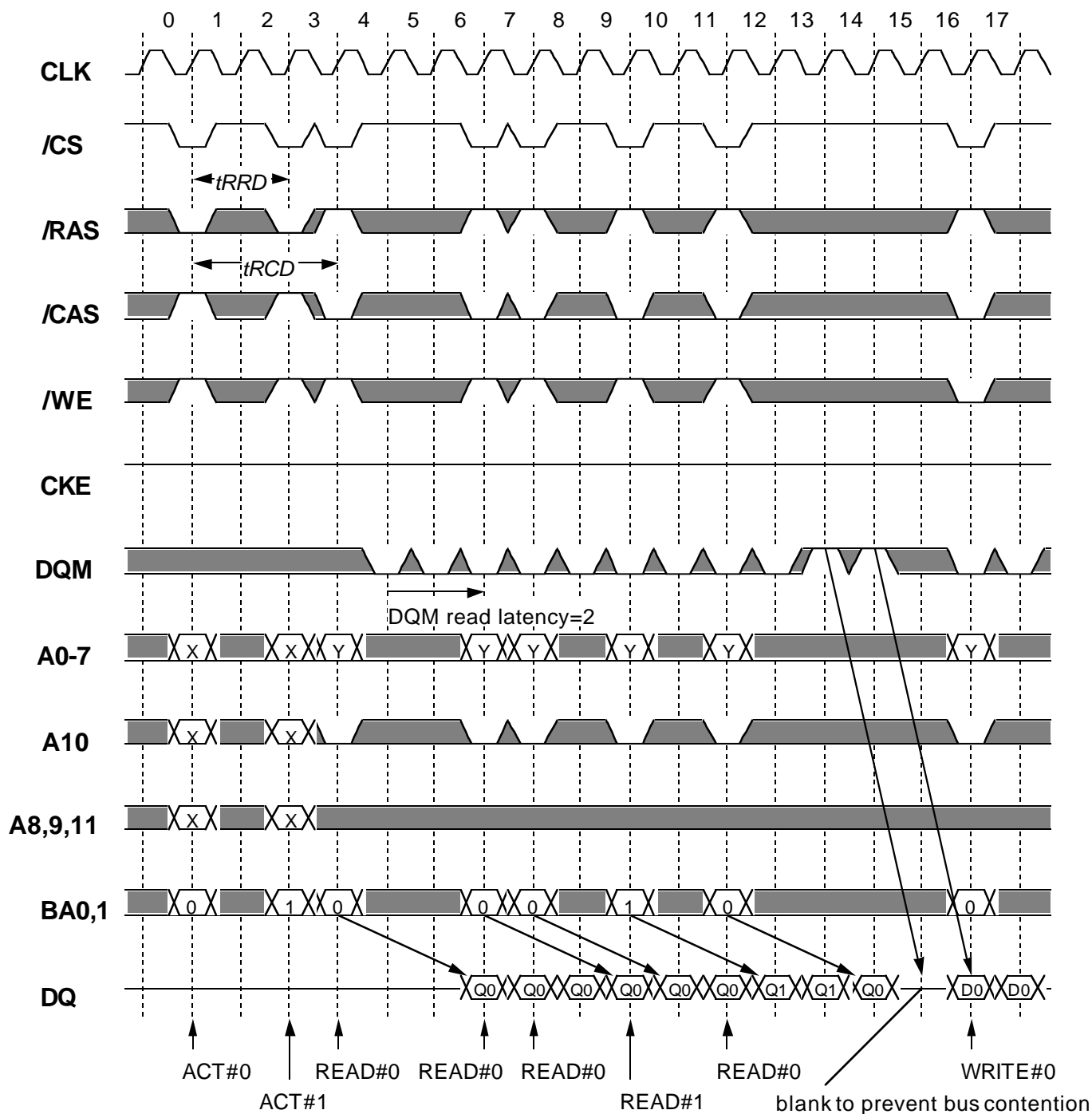
Burst Write can be interrupted by Write or Read of any active bank.

*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

## Read Interrupted by Read / Write @BL=4 CL=3



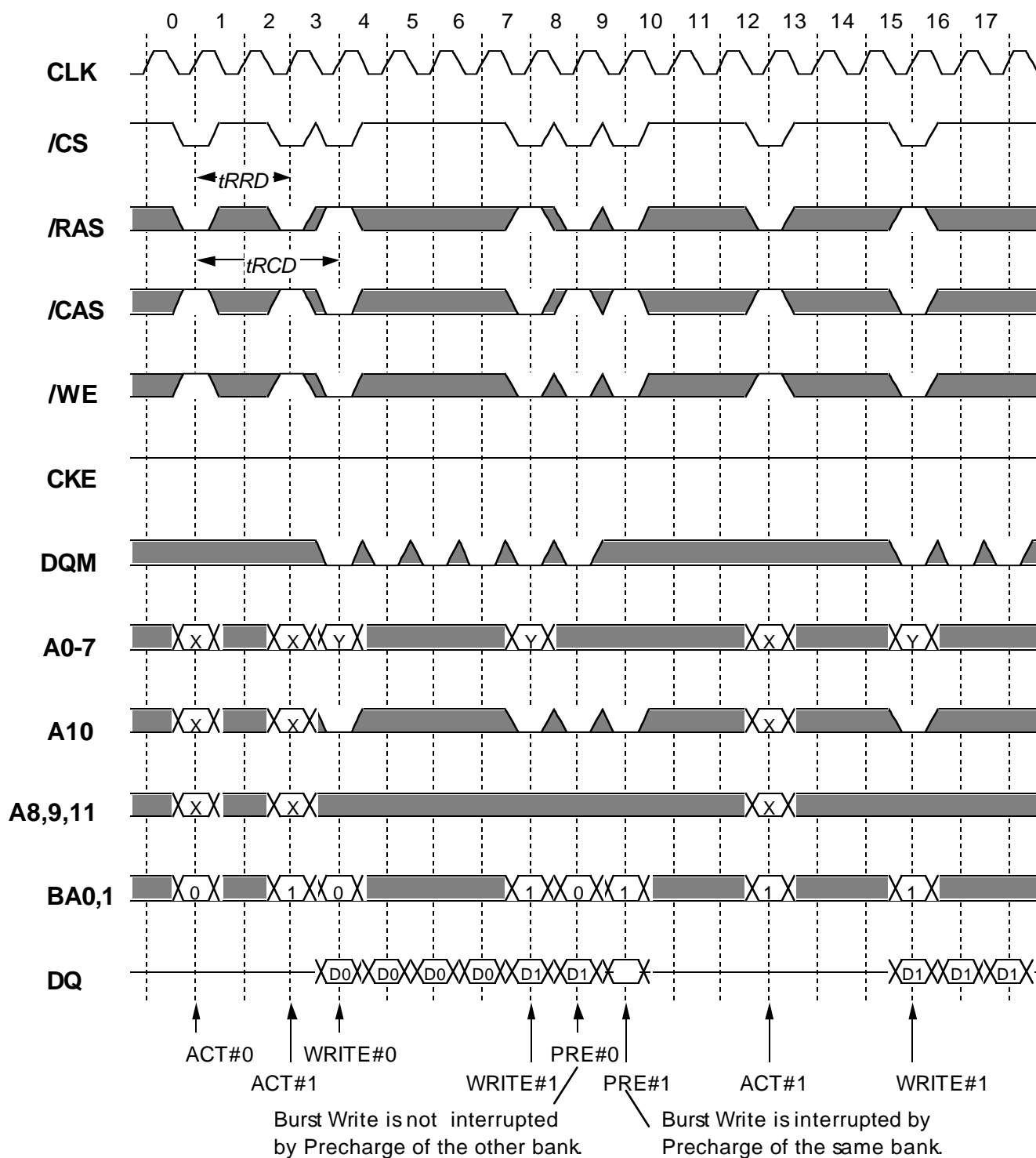
Burst Read can be interrupted by Read or Write of any active bank.

*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

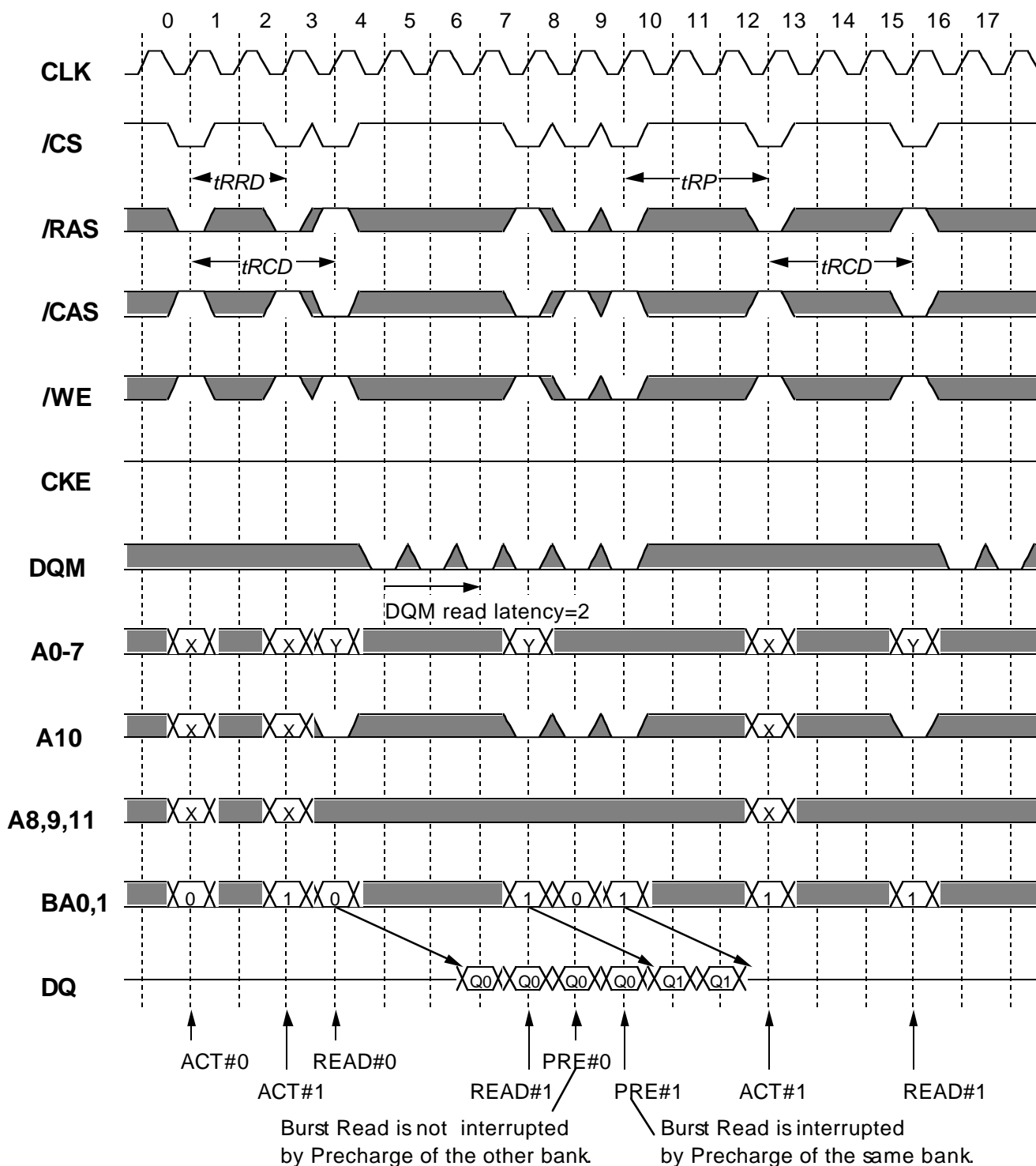
1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

## Write Interrupted by Precharge @BL=4



*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

**Read Interrupted by Precharge @BL=4 CL=3**

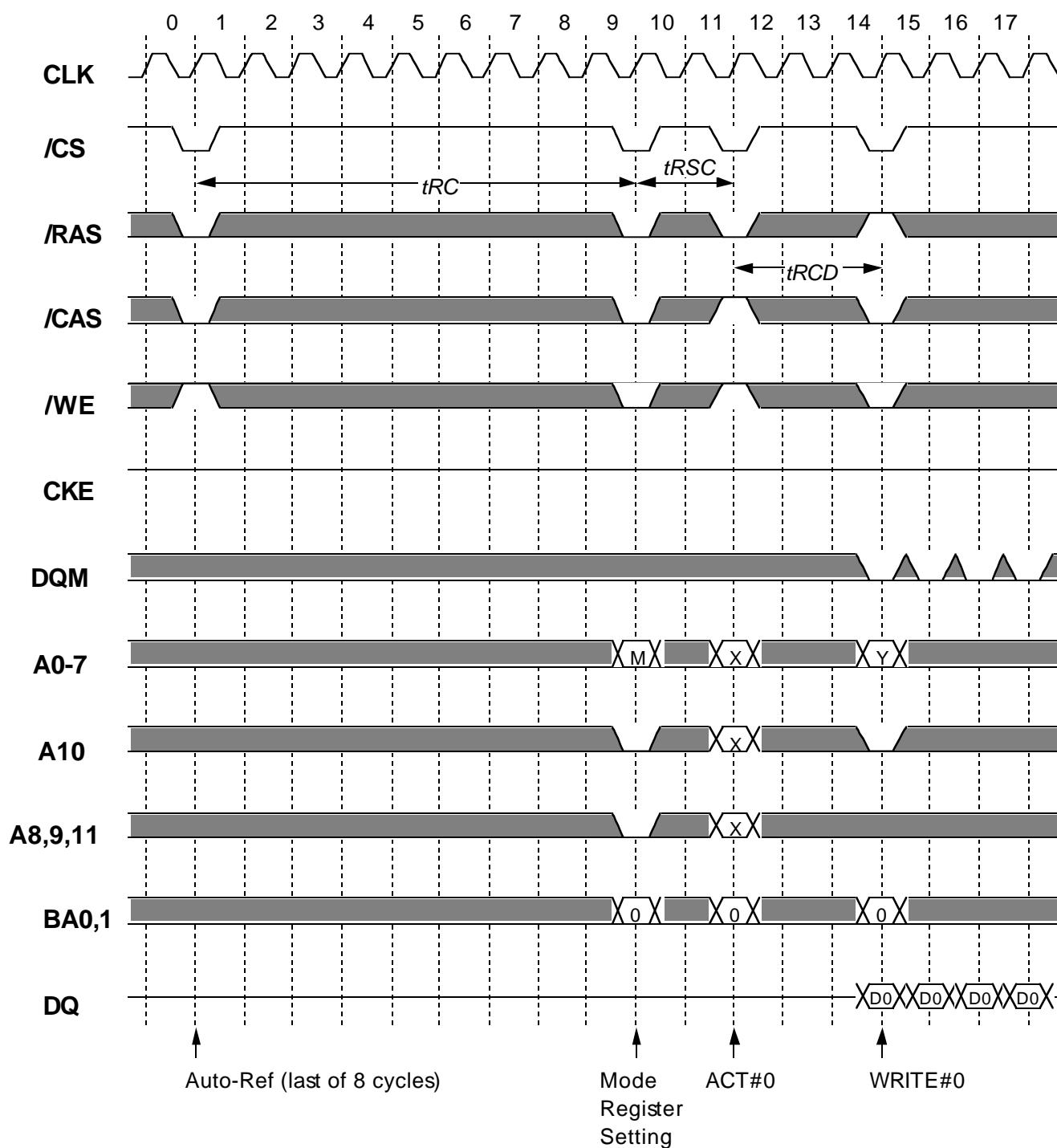


*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

## Mode Register Setting

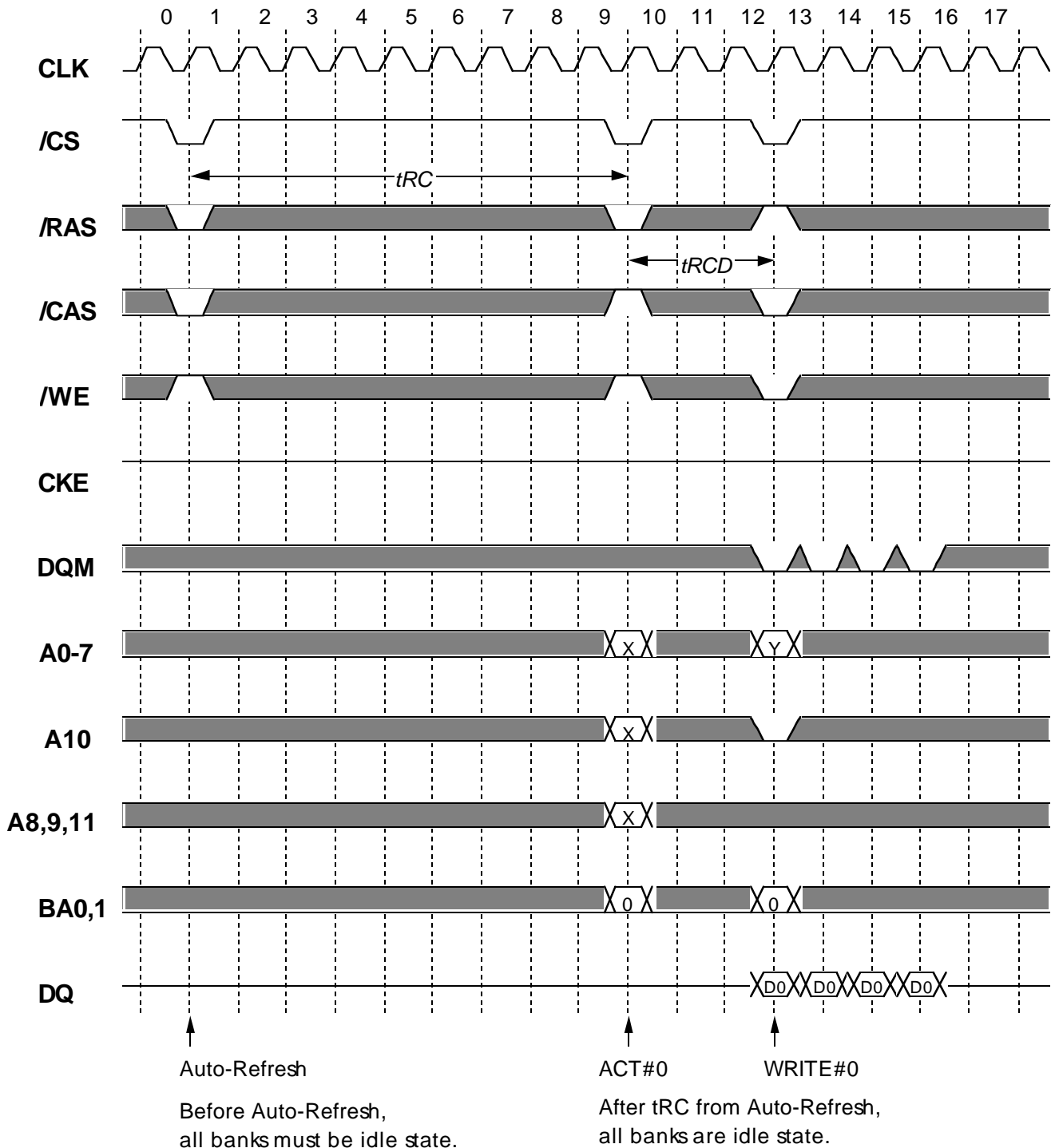


*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

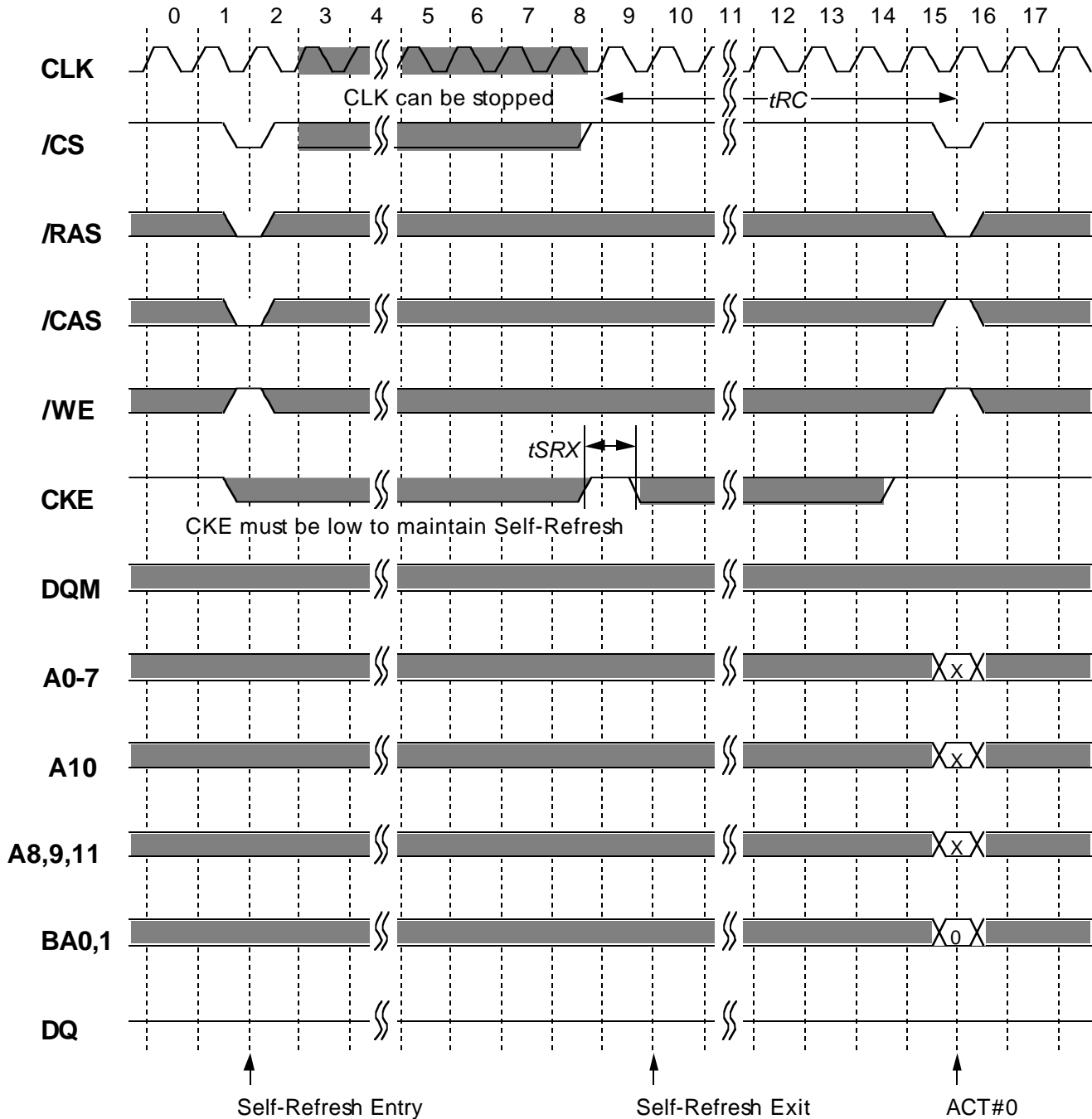
## Auto-Refresh @BL=4



*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case



## Self-Refresh



Before Self-Refresh Entry,  
all banks must be idle state.

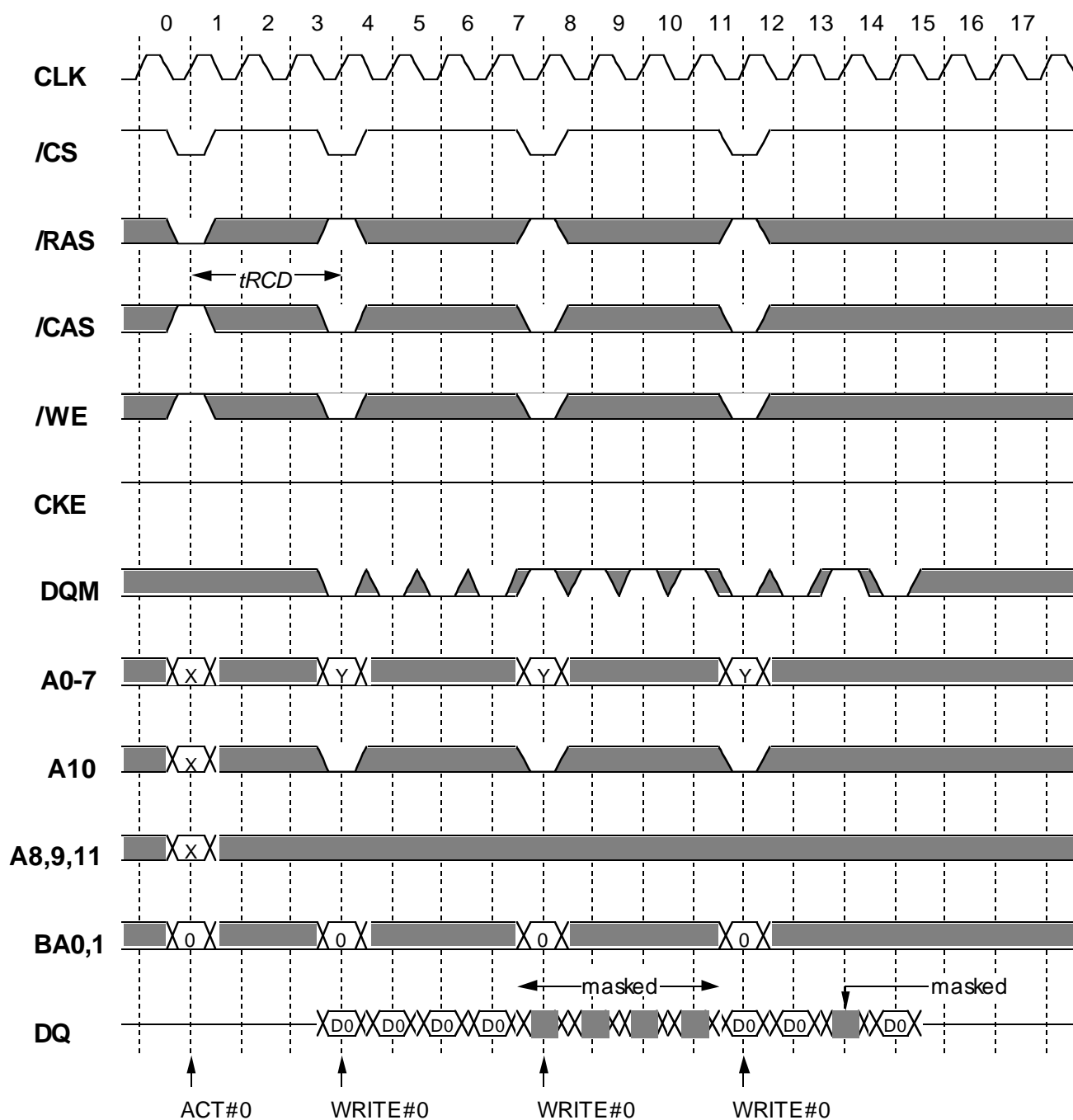
After  $t_{RC}$  from Self-Refresh Exit,  
all banks are idle state.

*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

## DQM Write Mask @BL=4

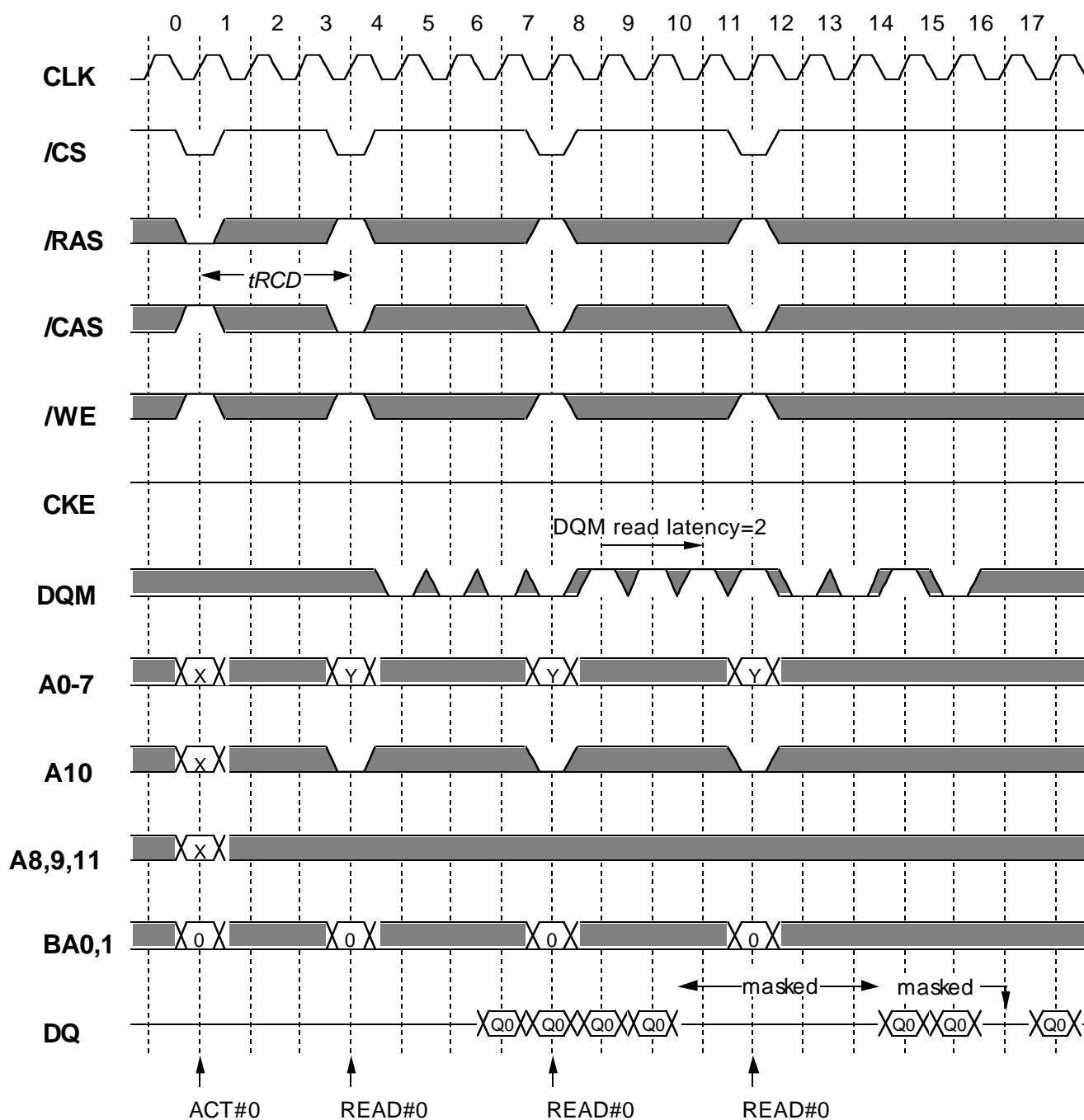


*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

## DQM Read Mask @BL=4 CL=3

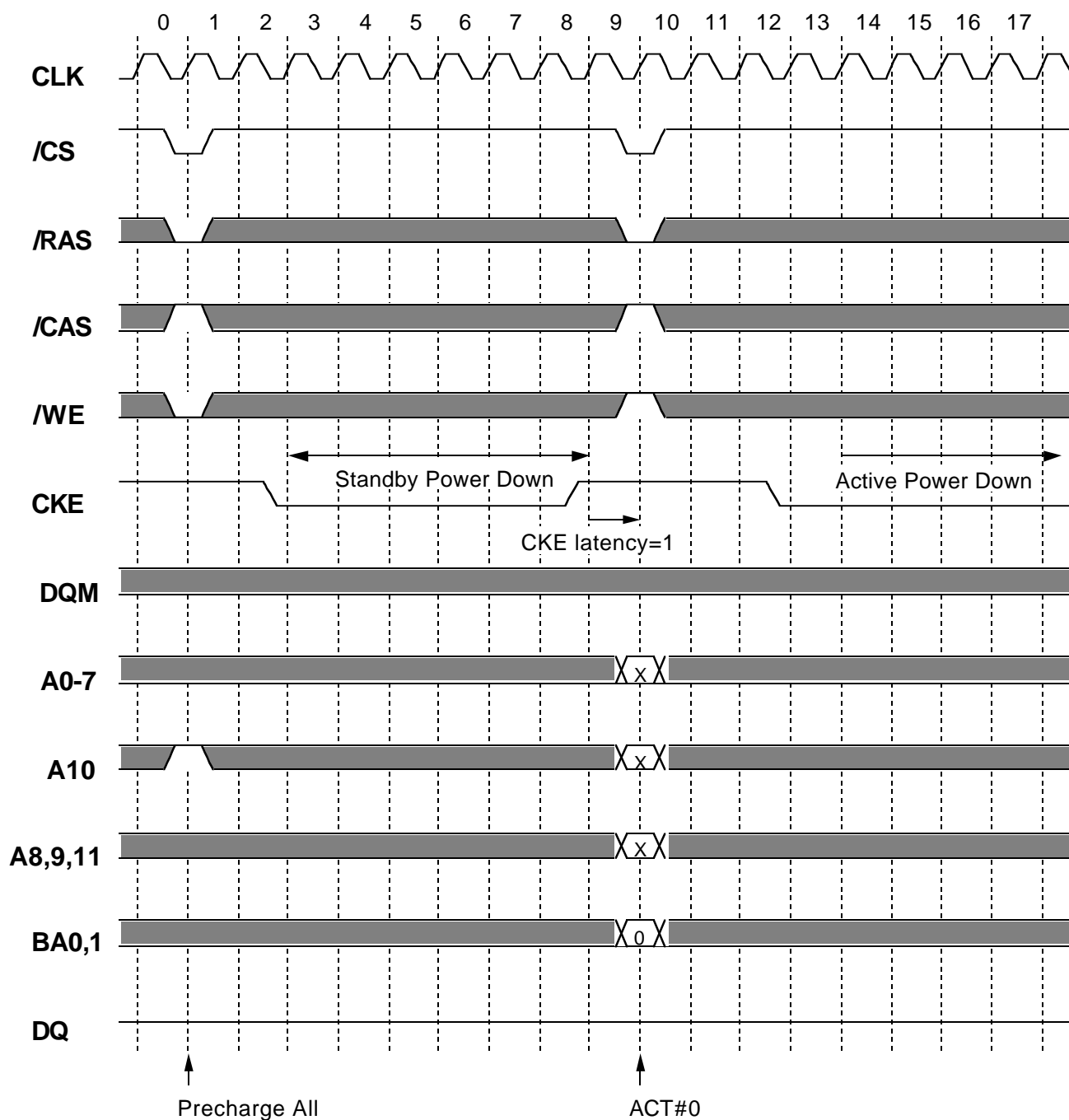


*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

## Power Down

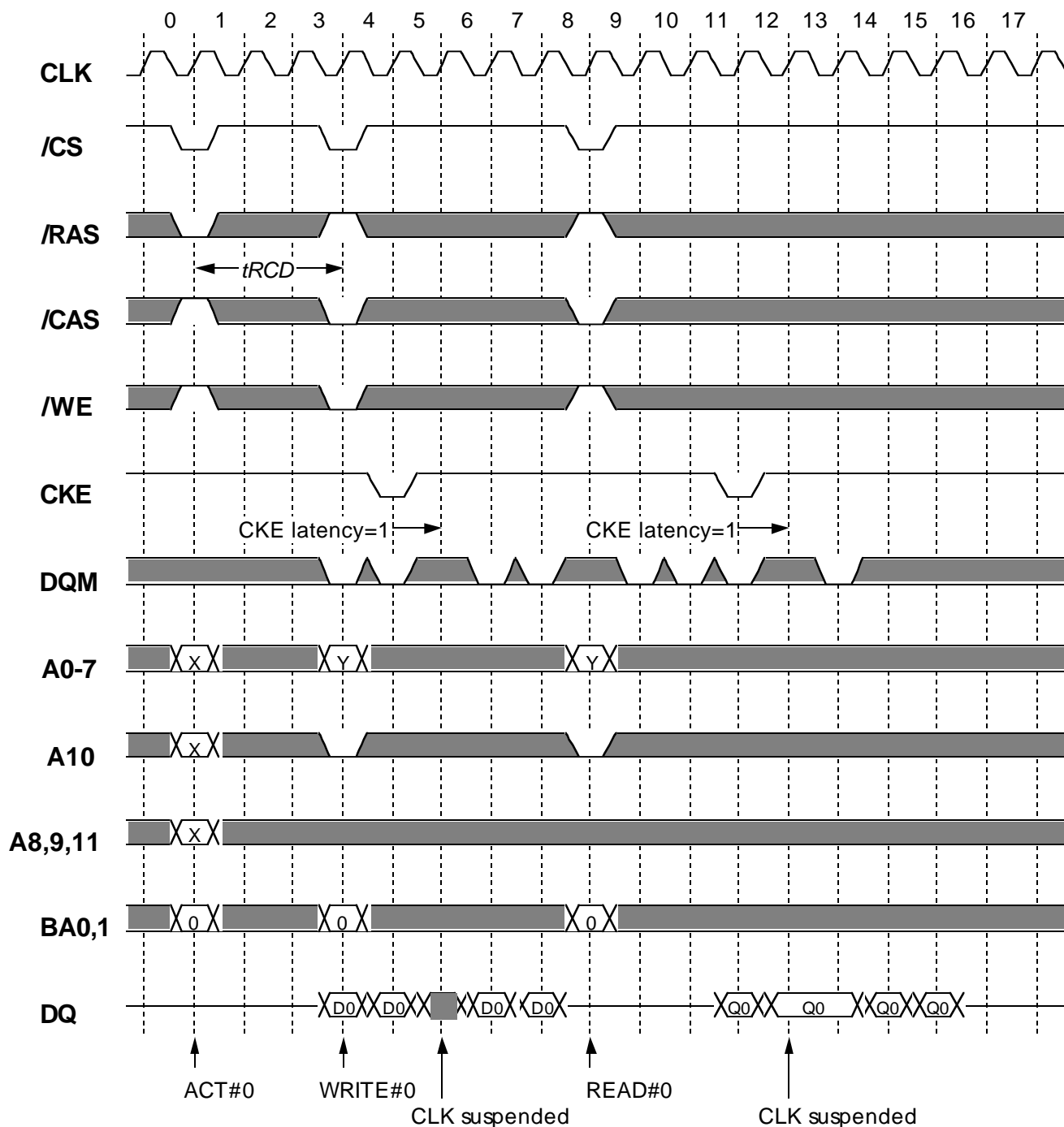


*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

# MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT) Synchronous DRAM

## CLK Suspend @BL=4 CL=3



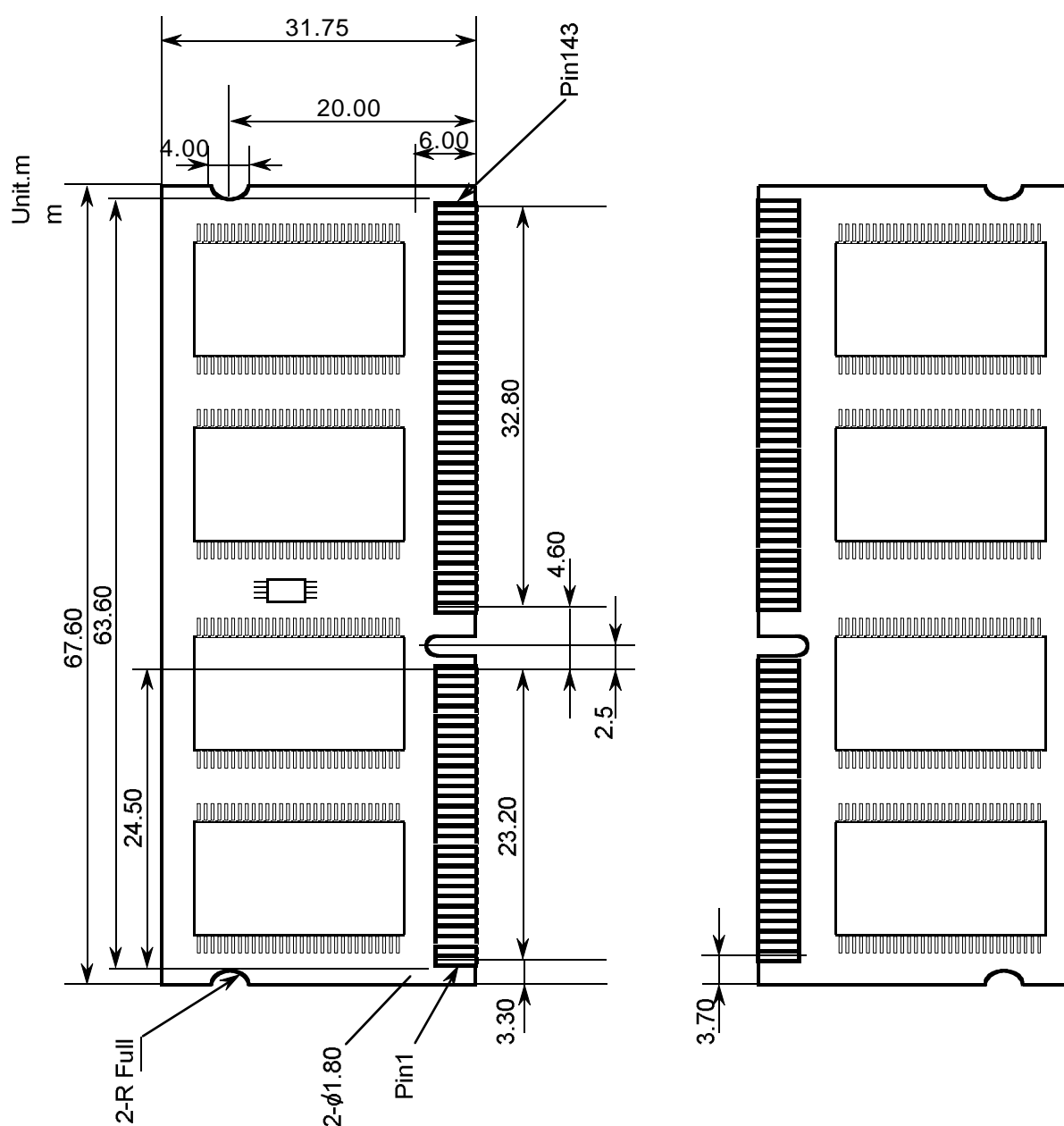
*Italic parameter* indicates minimum case

Some contents are subject to change without notice.

MH16S64APFC -7,-7L,-8,-8L

1,073,741,824-BIT (16,777,216 - WORD BY 64-BIT)SynchronousDRAM

Technical drawing of a shaft with two dimensions indicated by arrows. The first dimension, labeled **3.80Max**, spans the length of the shaft. The second dimension, labeled **1.00 +/- 0.10**, indicates a specific length or offset on the right side of the shaft.



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