

4N29X, 4N30X, 4N31X, 4N32X, 4N33X
4N29, 4N30, 4N31, 4N32, 4N33



OPTICALLY COUPLED ISOLATOR PHOTODARLINGTON OUTPUT

'X' SPECIFICATION APPROVALS

- VDE 0884 in 3 available lead form : -
 - STD
 - G form
 - SMD approved to CECC 0080

DESCRIPTION

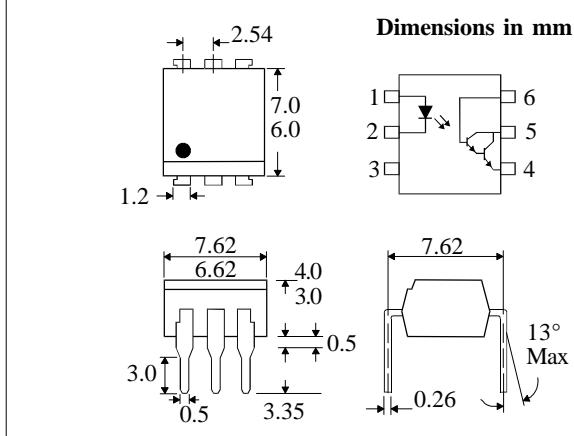
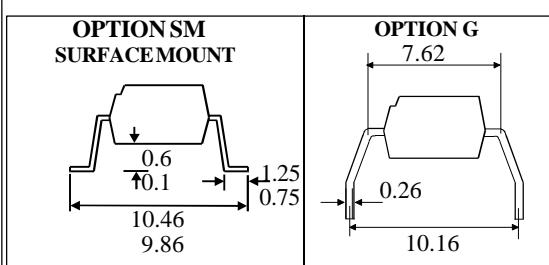
The 4N29, 4N30, 4N31, 4N32, 4N33 series of optically coupled isolators consist of an infrared light emitting diode and NPN silicon photodarlington in a space efficient dual in line plastic package.

FEATURES

- Options :-
 - 10mm lead spread - add G after part no.
 - Surface mount - add SM after part no.
 - Tape&reel - add SMT&R after part no.
- High Current Transfer Ratio
- High Isolation Voltage (5.3kV_{RMS}, 7.5kV_{PK})
- All electrical parameters 100% tested
- Custom electrical selections available

APPLICATIONS

- Computer terminals
- Industrial systems controllers
- Measuring instruments
- Signal transmission between systems of different potentials and impedances



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (25°C unless otherwise specified)

Storage Temperature	_____	-55°C to + 150°C
Operating Temperature	_____	-55°C to + 100°C
Lead Soldering Temperature (1/16 inch (1.6mm) from case for 10 secs)	_____	260°C

INPUT DIODE

Forward Current	_____	80mA
Reverse Voltage	_____	5V
Power Dissipation	_____	105mW

OUTPUT TRANSISTOR

Collector-emitter Voltage BV _{CEO}	_____	30V
Collector-base Voltage BV _{CBO}	_____	50V
Emitter-collector Voltage BV _{ECO}	_____	5V
Power Dissipation	_____	150mW

POWER DISSIPATION

Total Power Dissipation	_____	250mW
(derate linearly 3.3mW/°C above 25°C)		

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITION
Input	Forward Voltage (V_F) Reverse Voltage (V_R) Reverse Current (I_R)	3	1.2	1.5 10	V V μA	$I_F = 50\text{mA}$ $I_R = 10\mu\text{A}$ $V_R = 3\text{V}$
Output	Collector-emitter Breakdown (BV_{CEO}) Collector-base Breakdown (BV_{CBO}) Emitter-collector Breakdown (BV_{ECO}) Collector-emitter Dark Current (I_{CEO})	30 50 5		100	V V V nA	$I_c = 1\text{mA}$ (note 2) $I_c = 100\mu\text{A}$ $I_E = 100\mu\text{A}$ $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$
Coupled	Collector Output Current (I_C) (Note 2) 4N32, 4N33 4N29, 4N30 4N31 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage $V_{CE(SAT)}$ 4N29, 4N30, 4N32, 4N33 4N31 Input to Output Isolation Voltage V_{ISO} Input-output Isolation Resistance R_{ISO} Output Turn on Time t_{on} Output Turn off Time t_{off} 4N32, 4N33 4N29, 4N30, 4N31	50 10 5 1.0 1.2 5300 7500 5×10^{10} 5 100 40			mA mA mA V V V_{RMS} V_{PK} Ω μs μs μs	10mA I_F , 10V V_{CE} 10mA I_F , 10V V_{CE} 10mA I_F , 10V V_{CE} 8mA I_F , 2mA I_C 8mA I_F , 2mA I_C (note 1) (note 1) $V_{IO} = 500\text{V}$ (note 1) $V_{CC} = 10\text{V}$, $I_C = 50\text{mA}$, $I_F = 200\text{mA}$, Pulse Width = 1ms fig.1

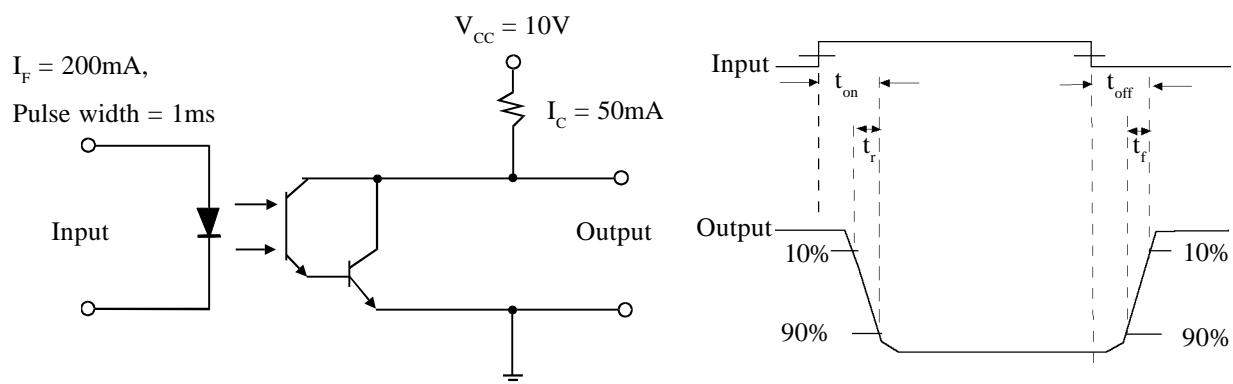
Note 1

Measured with input leads shorted together and output leads shorted together.

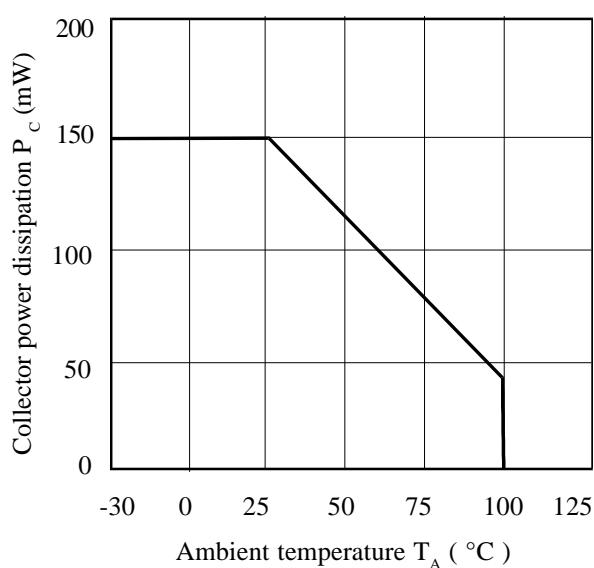
Note 2

Special Selections are available on request. Please consult the factory.

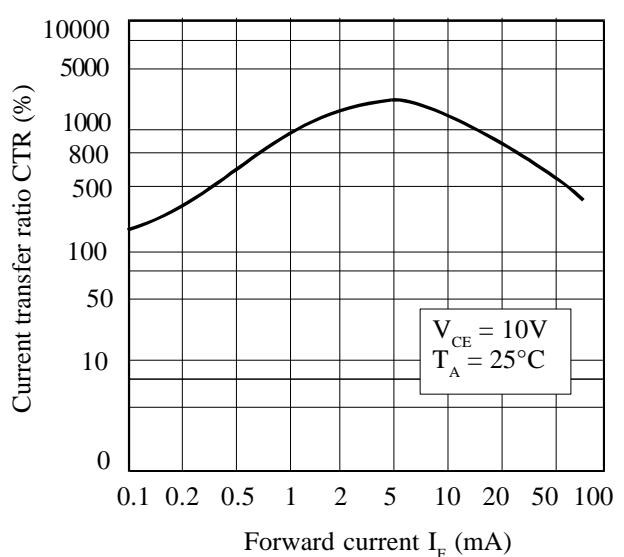
FIGURE 1



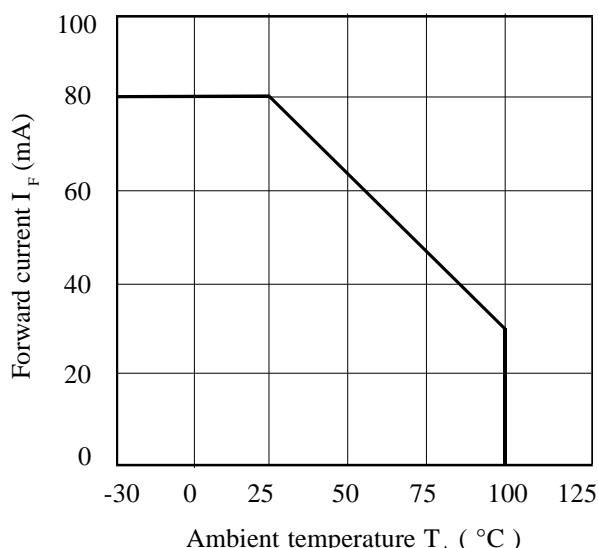
Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



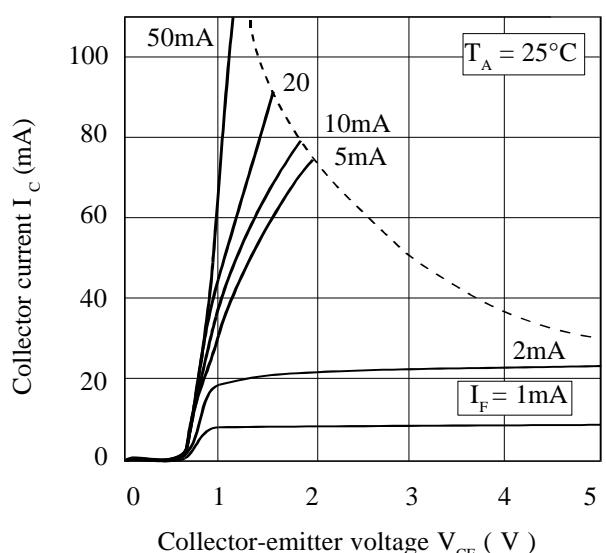
Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current



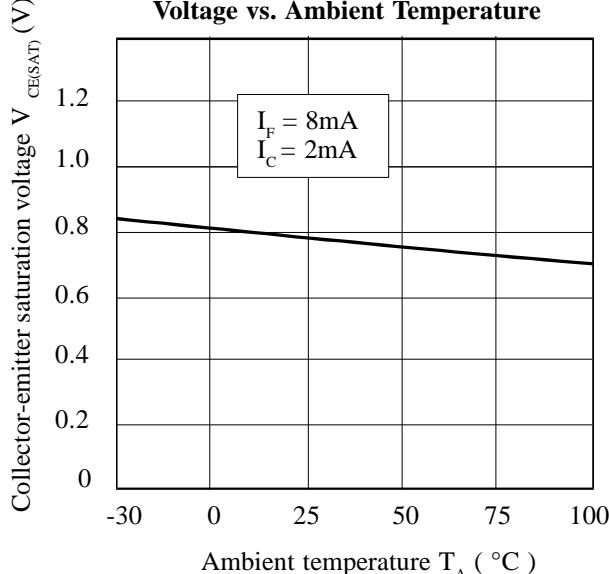
Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage



Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature



Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

